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The Bombay Chronicle

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BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY OF THE BOMBAY

VOL. XXVI NO. 210 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA.

Hand-To-Hand Fight At Lahore Meeting

Army Bill Supporters Indulge In Rowdyism

KNIVES AND LATHIS FREELY USED

But Oppositionists Carry Day And Parade Streets

LAHORE, September 1.

Over a dozen persons were injured in a fight which occurred at a meeting convened by the Punjab Congress Socialist Party to-day to observe Anti-Recruitment Bill Day.

The meeting which commenced at 8 p. m. was presided over by Mr. B. P. L. Bedi, a prominent a Socialist leader of Lahore. Shortly after the meeting commenced, a section of the audience raised shouts of "Muslim League Zindabad" and "Congress Murdabad".

The organisers of the meeting tried to restore order, but of no avail. Thereupon brickbats were thrown at the dais and the gas lamps were broken resulting in total darkness.

HAND TO HAND FIGHT

A hand to hand fight then ensued in which hockey sticks, knives and lathis were freely used. Stones were also hurled. For over fifteen minutes there was a regular fight and about a dozen persons were injured, while two of the injured persons are stated to be lying in a precarious condition.

Among the injured persons were Mr. B. P. L. Bedi, the President of the meeting and Munshi Ahmad Din.

A police force headed by a Sub-Inspector of Police proceeded to the scene of the fight. Order was soon restored and the meeting was continued. Seven persons were taken into custody by the police.

Messrs. B. P. L. Bedi, Munshi Ahmed Din, Fazal Elahi Qurban and Fandah Santram addressed the meeting. A resolution protesting against the Anti-Recruitment Bill was carried amidst shouts of "Congress Zindabad."

The meeting which was continued in darkness concluded at 10 p.m. After the termination of the meeting a procession was formed which passed through principal bazars making 'siapas'. —A. P.

BHULABHAI-GRIGG WORDY SCUFFLE

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, September 1.

A sudden storm which burst over Assembly to-day afternoon has for the moment monopolised all attention—a veritable constitutional crisis in the history of the Assembly.

CAUSE OF STORM

The simple facts of the case were that at the time of division Mr. A. C. Dutt, Deputy President, who was in the Chair asked Mr. Satyamurthi to occupy the Chair and took part in the voting.

Zafrulla Wants Ruling

THIS INCIDENT WAS THE SUBJECT OF A LONG AND HEATED DISCUSSION, WHEN SIR ABDUR RAHIM RETURNED TO THE CHAMBER LATER, AND SIR M. ZAFRULLA KHAN, THE LEADER OF THE HOUSE, RAISED THE ISSUE BEFORE HIM—"FOR FUTURE GUIDANCE"—AS HE PUT IT.

Bhulabhai-Grigg Duel

THERE WAS CONSIDERABLE EXCITEMENT BOTH IN AND OUT OF THE HOUSE. SO HEATED WAS THE ATMOSPHERE THAT EVEN SIR JAMES GRIGG AND MR. BHULABHAI DESAI CAME TO A WORDY SCUFFLE: THE LATTER ANSWERING HIS INTERRUPTION WITH: "IT IS NOT A MATTER OF FINANCE"; WHILE THE FORMER RETORTED: "IT IS COMMONSENSE."

The Chair has taken time to give its ruling, but the questions arising from the incident are briefly as follows:—

CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES RAISED

Is it technically correct under the rules for the Deputy President to vacate the Chair during division and vote?

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai in a learned speech maintained, it was.

Then comes the question whether, after the ruling given by the Deputy President, confirming his own action as proper, it is now open for the President to set it aside, or review it.

Sir M. Zafrulla wanted the Chair to review the incident "for future guidance" but the Opposition speakers contended that there is no provision for it in the rules.

IS LOBBY PART OF HOUSE?

Thirdly there is the question raised by Mr. Aney whether the Lobby can be termed a part of the House. The rules say that only in the absence of the President or the Deputy President from the House a Member of the Panel of Chairman can preside but Mr. Aney contended: "Lobby is not a part of the House" and if, therefore, the Deputy President was only in the Lobby, he could not be said to be in the House.

Fourthly a point was raised by Sir M Ziauddin that the Deputy President could not vacate the Chair when a division was going but Mr. Satyamurthi retorted by pointing out that the President himself later entered House during the time of division and took the Chair, thereby relieving the Deputy President and enabling him to vote.

This unprecedented situation has created considerable stir in Assembly circles and all are anxiously awaiting the Chair's ruling

(Details on Page 8)

HIS MASTER'S VOICE:

A Belgian comment as Italy also declared herself Aryan.

Henlein Meets Hitler

Czech-Sudeten Dispute May Take Turn Towards Settlement

BERLIN, Sept. 1.

Herr Henlein arrived at Berchtes-Gaden this afternoon by motor car and drove straight to Herr Hitler's house where he attended a three hour conference with Herr Hitler, General Goering and Herr Rudolf Hess. Rooms have been booked at a hotel in Berchtes-Gaden, it is understood, for Herr Henlein.

The report of the meeting at Berchtes-Gaden has encouraged the hope that the dispute may be taking a turn towards a settlement.

It is understood that Sir Neville Henderson has not got any special message for the German Government. Therefore it is regarded improbable that any important conversations will be held between him and Herr von Ribbentrop or his deputy until it is possible to pronounce on the Czech proposals which will necessitate mature study before a considered opinion can be given thereon.

Meanwhile public opinion seems to be in a quieter and more receptive mood.—Reuter.

SUDETENS AND PRAGUE OFFER

PRAGUE, Sept. 1.

A communique issued after a two hour meeting of the Political Committee of the Sudeten German Party declared that the Committee had examined thoroughly the political situation and had "taken the necessary decision." It added that the Committee had approved unanimously of the attitude of the delegates in charge of the negotiations.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIA BACKS BRITISH POLICY

CANBERRA, Sept. 1.

After reviewing the European situation the Cabinet decided to express to Britain its complete confidence in the steps and methods adopted by the British Government for a peaceful settlement of the Czechoslovak dispute, Mr. Lyons announced at a press interview.—Reuter.

INDIRA NEHRU AT PRAGUE

PRAGUE, Sept. 1.

Miss Indira Nehru has arrived here by air.—Reuter.

REICHSTAG TO BE ABOLISHED?

Hitler's Remark About Nuremberg Rally Recalled

BERLIN, Sept. 1.

Herr Hitler returned to Berchtes-Gaden from a tour of inspection of Western Germany and is not likely to come to Berlin. He will probably proceed to Nuremberg on Monday.

It is believed, therefore, that Sir Nevie Henderson will either see Herr Von Ribbentrop or the State Secretary von Weizsaeker, after which he will go to Berchtes-Gaden to acquaint the Fuehrer with the information Sir N. Henderson has brought to Berlin.

Herr Hitler is at present busy giving finishing touches to the many speeches he is due to make at Nuremberg and will, probably, receive Herr Henlein in the course of the next few days.

Foreign reports state that Herr Hitler is convoking the Reichstag to coincide with the Nuremberg rally are discounted here.

It is recalled that Herr Hitler's remark last year that the Nuremberg rally was in fact a Reichstag of the entire nation provoked the rumour that he thinks of abolishing the Reichstag altogether.—Reuter.

HALIFAX TO LEAD DELEGATION

League Council And Assembly Sessions

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Lord Halifax will head the British Delegation at the League Council meeting on September 9 and the Assembly meeting beginning on September 12. He will be assisted by De la Warr, Captain Euan Wallace, Mr. R A. Butler and two others.

Nevertheless, at present it is impossible to say whether Lord Halifax will be able to remain for all the meetings. The chief item probably will be the report of the Committee of twentyeight on League reform.—Reuter.

BERLIN AIR DEFENCE EXERCISES

BERLIN, Sept. 1.

Air defence exercises are taking place in Berlin to-day and tomorrow. Anti-aircraft troops are visible working on many houses on the outskirts of the Capital. They are particularly conspicuous on the roofs surrounding the Wilhelmstrasse, and also Unterderlinden and the Air Ministry.—Reuter.

ITALIAN BAN ON FOREIGN JEWS

ROME, Sept. 1.

Under a decree announced by the Council of Ministers, foreign Jews are debarred from having fixed residence in Italy and Italian possessions.

The grant of Italian nationality made to foreign Jews since January 1, 1919 has been revoked.

These Jews must leave within six months or be expelled.—Reuter's Special.

SIND IMBROGLIO

WARDHA, Sept. 1.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Acharya Kripalani and Doctor Choithram arrived by the morning mail. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad is expected here this evening by the Calcutta mail They are probably seeing Gandhiji in the afternoon in connection with the Sind ministerial difficulties.—A. P.

Military Posted At Strategic Points

PARADE OF FORCE AT TRIVANDRUM

Four Die In Hospital: Sequel To Neyyatinkara Firing

TRIVANDRUM: September 1.

AS A RESULT OF THE POLICE FIRING YESTERDAY AT NEYYATINKARA, FOUR PERSONS HAVE SUCCUMBED TO THEIR INJURIES, WHILE ELEVEN MORE ARE LYING IN A PRECARIOUS CONDITION AT THE GENERAL HOSPITAL.

PARADE OF FORCE

A PARADE OF THE WHOLE MILITARY FORCE WAS HELD THIS MORNING AND THE MILITARY HAVE SINCE BEEN POSTED AT MANY STRATEGIC POINTS, INCLUDING VELLAYAMBALAM JUNCTION AND OTHER IMPORTANT CENTRES OF THE TOWN, WITH A VIEW, IT IS ALLEGED, TO COERCE THE PEOPLE BY SHOW OF FORCE.

DEFIANCE OF ORDER

It is understood that important meetings are being arranged to be held in various parts of the town to-day, in defiance of the prohibitory orders.—United Press.

FIVE SUCCUMB TO INJURIES

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 1.

Information regarding yesterday evening's firing at Neyyattinkara is now available, and shows that in addition to four injured, mentioned yesterday, six others also were injured. Five have succumbed to the injuries while others are progressing.—A. P.

Military Was Called Out Needlessly

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 1.

Three residents of Neyyatinkara, including Mr. R. Vasudevan Pillai, President, Taluk Co-operative Bank, in a statement says:—

"Though there was stoning and parading of the town by crowds and the C.I.D. Superintendent's car was set fire to, Mr. G. Ramachandran and local leaders pacified the crowds and by 4 p.m. yesterday there was complete peace. Troops appeared at 5 p. m. and this attracted the crowd and there was stone throwing. They state it was totally unnecessary to have brought the military to Neyyatinkara after the crowds had dispersed. It was the appearance of the military that created renewed excitement in the evening leading to unfortunate results.

They further state it is important to remember there was no Civil Disobedience going on at Neyyatinkara nor had the State Congress called any public meeting. In view of the violence that had taken place no public meeting would be called there for the next few days.—A. P.

RAMACHANDRAN AND THOMAS JAILED

Captain Of Volunteers Arrested In Court

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 1.

Mr. G. Ramachandran, Member of the A.I.C.C. and member of the Working Committee of the State Congress and Mr. K. T. Thomas, Joint Secretary, were arrested and charged under Section 4, Sub-Section 1 of the new Regulation. They were tried before the Divisional First Class Magistrate this afternoon and sentenced under Section 4 (1) and 4(2) to one year's simple imprisonment, and a fine of Rs. 1,000, in default a further term of three months in jail in both cases.

Both leaders made statements in the court without defending themselves.

ARRESTED IN COURT

Mr. G. Chandrasekhara Pillai, Captain of the Volunteers Corps of the State Congress was arrested in court as soon as Messrs. Thomas and Ramachandran were removed to prison.

Mr. A. K. Narayanan, Secretary of the Kerala Students Federation and a Youth Leaguer has also been arrested under the same Regulation. Both are in custody at Puthenchanthai Police Station. —United Press.

GREETINGS FROM BENARES STUDENTS

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 1.

The Travancore State Congress have received the following telegram from Benares:—

"Malayalis of Benares University strongly protest against Government high-handedness. Congratulate Congress workers for their sacrifices. Malayalee students of Benares University extend their brotherly sympathies to Travancore Students."—United Press.

Military To Escort Bus Service

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 1.

The State Transport Bus Service between Trivandrum and Nagercoil is being resumed immediately, though the idea earlier was to suspend it for two days. A small military detachment will escort each bus so as to prevent all mishap. It is pointed out that this also serve the purpose of patrolling the entire route.—A. P.

MEERUT CASE EXPERT FOR TRAVANCORE?

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 1.

It is understood that with a view to help the Travancore police in dealing with the situation following recent events in Travancore including Civil Disobedience and outbreaks of violence, the services of Khan Bahadur Abdul Kareem, M.B.E., formerly of the Criminal Intelligence Department, Government of India, will be utilised by the Travancore Government.

Mr. Abdul Kareem, it will be recalled, conducted the Meerut Conspiracy Case.—A.P.

TEXTILE CRISIS THREATENS FRANCE

LILLE, Sept. 1.

Grave unrest affecting 40,000 workers is sweeping the whole textile area in North France. As a result of employers in the Somme Department announcing nineteen per cent. reduction of wages, 14,000 men have decided to strike to-morrow. The workers of Lille threaten to strike unless their demand of twelve per cent. rise in wages is granted by September 9. Roubaix workers are expected to follow their example.

EVEN THE MONKEY!
—"Chicago Daily News."

Arrests Continue In Kashmir

SRINAGAR (Kashmir) September 1.

A press communique issued by the State Government to-day states that the situation in Srinagar is much calmer.

Yesterday evening a procession of about 500 men starting from Khanqah Mohalla marched towards Amirakadal at Dhanjibhoy's Adda. Some processionists started making speeches and when the assembly was ordered to disperse they refused to disperse. On this the police made a mild lathi charge and arrested eighteen men whereupon the mob dispersed. The night passed off calmly.

Reports from Baramula District state that two unlawful assemblies were dispersed by the Wazir of Baramula and the Superintendent of Police at Baramula and Sopor. Ten arrests were made. When the arrested persons were being taken away the mob attacked the party which included the Wazir and the Superintendent of Police who received injuries which were not serious.

At Anantnag to-day three persons have been arrested including Afzal Beg, a member of the Kashmir Assembly.

The Jammu province is quiet, but in the Jammu city some processions were taken out and speeches were made. The total number of arrests in Jammu city since the agitation started is seven.

The District Magistrate of Kashmir and the Senior Superintendent of Police went to Anantnag yesterday and to Baramula and Sopor this morning. They report that the situation all over the valley is well in hand.

The tonga strike has been called off to-day. The hartal has also been abandoned. Shops are open all over the city and also in the districts. —A. P.

EGYPTIAN TROOPS FOR PALESTINE FRONTIER

CAIRO, Sept. 1

Following reports that a small railway station was burned by Rebels on the Palestine side of the Frontier, the Egyptian Government have decided to send a military force to Palestine Frontier as a precautionary measure.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

AT REQUEST OF RUNCIMAN.

LONDON Sept. 1.

It is authoritativey learnt in London that Herr Henlein is visiting Herr Hitler at the request of Lord Runciman who, believing in Herr Henlein's genuine desire for peace, has asked him to deliver a message to Herr Hitler, hoping that he will approve of the continuance of the present negotiations.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word—

Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of **ONE ANNA** per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 % on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

26. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted—A suitable match for a young Bhatia lawyer. Apply with photo. Box No. 10722. "Bombay Chronicle."

Accomplished Goan youngman high family would welcome correspondence with beautiful Catholic young lady of average means. No communal or territorial restrictions. Box No. 10726. "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Capable Canvassers to secure orders for our high class Tennis and Badminton rackets, on attractive terms. Apply Agency Manager, Weston Sports, Sialkot. (10694)

Wanted by an Indian firm having branches throughout India experienced technical demonstrators for travelling to canvass business in well-known German and French dyes. Apply with copies of testimonials and lowest salary expected to Box No. 10714, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted. For the High Court of Judicature at Rangoon and other Courts in Rangoon a Gujarati and Hindustani Interpreter and Translator on a salary of Rs. 80-8-200, with an initial pay of 95|- for a Graduate to fill a temporary vacancy for 28 months. A good knowledge of Gujarati, Hindi, Marwari and Urdu with ability to read manuscript writings in these languages is essential. In addition a knowledge of Persian or Sanskrit is desirable. None but those who have passed the I. A. or I. Sc. examination of a recognized University or its equivalent need apply. Applications stating age and accompanied by copies of testimonials should be addressed to the undersigned by designation and not by name and must be received not later than 16th September, 1938. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to enlist support for his application from Government officials or other persons of influence will disqualify him for the appointment. The selected candidate will be required to join for duty on the 17th October, 1938. G. C. Bourne, Registrar, High Court of Judicature at Rangoon. Dated Rangoon, the **23rd August, 1938.** (9376)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Registered Office of J. C. Gammon Ltd., Concrete Engineers and Contractors, will be shifted to Hamilton House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, as from 1st September, 1938.

(9383)

NOTICE

CUMBALLA HILL PLOT NO. 1.

PROSPECTIVE LESSEES for the above plot should see the Collector on any day during office hours. Forms of Agreement for Lease with the form of lease and plan can be had at the office of the Collector on payment of annas four per copy.

T. E. STREATFIELD
Collector of Bombay.

Collector's Office,
Old Custom House, Fort,
Bombay, 27 August, 1938.
(9373)

THE NEW BERAR CO. LTD.
(In Liquidation).

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED proposes to give a lease or leases for working the following Ginning and Pressing Factories belonging to the abovenamed Company for the ensuing cotton season. Tenders are invited for the purpose, which should be submitted to the undersigned on or before the 15th September, 1938, at his Office, Maneckji Wadia Building, 125, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. All lessees will be required to pay half the rent in advance and the other half within three months from the commencement of the lease. Intending lessees will be required to give cash security for the due performance of the terms of the lease.—

(1) Akot—One Pressing Factory.
(2) Amraoti—One Ginning & One Pressing factory.
(3) Dondaiche—One Pressing Factory.
(4) Khamgaon—One Ginning & One Pressing Factory.
(5) Beawar—One Pressing Factory.
(6) Bijapur—One Ginning & One Pressing Factory.
(7) Umerkhed—One Pressing Factory.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Dated this 18th day of August, 1938.

B. K. DESAI,
Official Liquidator.
9293.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted—One Lady Doctor M.B. B.S. for Bilaspur State. (Punjab). Pay 200-10-250, free quarters. Apply stating experience to Secretary 49, Koregaon Park Poona. (10721)

Wanted an expert driver for Lanz tractor. Only those who have long experience with those tractors need apply. Salary Rs. 50-60 per mensem. Applications with certificates to be sent to Manager, Palhera Cane Farm, P. O. Dhaurala (Meerut.) (9389)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Wanted—1,000 pupils to practically learn Hypnotism, Mesmerism, Thought-Reading, Crystal Gazing, Auto-Suggestion, etc., by Post. For particulars send one anna stamp. Prof. Rudra, 1005, Surendra Banerjee Road, Calcutta. (10597)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Chitrakot asthma specific, asthma specific getting worlds fame last 100 years found by Shri 108 Sidhbaba Ambardos if one dose taken in the night of sarod purnima 8-10-38 kills asthma for ever. R. P. Sharma, P. O. Chitrakot, U. P. (10724)

Public Notices

WORLI ACCIDENT

MR. MATHURADAS VISSONJI KHIMJI thanks the European gentleman, who was so kind as to help the child which was injured in a Motor Accident at Worli on the 23rd August, 1938. The Coroner's Inquest, on the body of the servant, who died on the spot is postponed to the 7th September, 1938, at 10-30 A.M. and if the European gentleman knows any circumstances which in his opinion is likely to advance the cause of justice, will he be kind enough to attend the Coroner's Court on the 7th September at 10-30 A.M.?

(9394)

THE AHMEDABAD ELECTRICITY COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, 12th September to SATURDAY, 24th September, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Home Street, Fort,
Bombay, 1st September, 1938.
(9392)

BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Directors of the above Company have decided to pay an interim dividend of Rs. 1/8/0 per share free of income-tax to the Shareholders appearing on the Register as on the 30th September, 1938, and that such dividend will be paid by warrant payable on or after the 14th October, 1938. The Dividend Warrants will be posted to Shareholders on the 13th October 1938.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS and the Register of Members of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd September, 1938, to the 5th October 1938 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
P. V. R. IYER,
Joint Secretary.

Bombay, 31st August, 1938
9387.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore subsisting between Mr. SHRIKRISHNA NEVATIA and LALA GIRDHARILAL of Amritsar, carrying on business as dealers in furniture, tapestry etc., at Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, under the style or firm of "MODERNA" has been dissolved as from the 1st of September 1938, so far as concerns the said Lala Girdharilal.

All debts due and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid respectively by Mr. Shrikrishna Nevatia who will continue to carry on the said business on his own account under the style or firm of "MODERNA" at the same place.

Dated this 1st day of September, 1938.

S. K. NEVATIA,
(9397)

SECRETARY, PUNJAB AND N. W. F. P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE.

INVITES APPLICATIONS from British subjects or subjects of a State in India before the 26th September, 1938, on prescribed application form (obtainable free from him) accompanied by Treasury or Money Order receipt for Rs. 5 for permanent post (on five years contract in first instance) of Professor of Electrical Engineering in the Maclagan Engineering College, Moghalpura. Pay: Rs. 475-25-625/25-700/30-1,000 (plus £30 overseas pay, if of non-Asiatic domicile). Age limits: 30-45 years. Qualifications:—Honours degree in Electrical Engineering gained after at least three years' regular study and corporate membership of the Institution of Electrical Engineers (London); at least 3 years' teaching experience up to a University degree standard in Electrical Engineering subjects gained in Engineering Department of a university or Engineering College; practical experience in Electrical Engineering preferably with administrative experience in an Engineering College. Government servants eligible if permitted by authority. Further particulars on application.

9349.

Public Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certificate for Share No. 12471 of The Tapti Valley Railway Co., Ltd., standing in the name of MUKANDRAI KESHAVLAL DAVE has been lost or mislaid.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above certificate in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned

Name—DAVE ARVINDRAI MUKANDRAI

Address—Khijada Pole, Sankadi Sheri, Ahmedabad.

(10723)

THE SURAT ELECTRICITY COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND for the half year ended 30th June, 1938, on the Preference Shares at the prescribed rate of interest free of Income Tax and on the Ordinary Shares at Rs. 3 per share free of Income Tax has been made payable at the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Bombay, on and after the 27th September 1938 to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register on the 10th September 1938 to whom Dividend Warrants will be posted.

Intimation of any change of address should be given to the undersigned immediately.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 12th to MONDAY, the 26th September, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KILLICK NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Home Street, Fort,
Bombay, 31st August, 1938
9393.

NOTICE.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED

ISSUE OF 40,252 ADDITIONAL ORDINARY SHARES OF RS. 50 EACH.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Directors of the Company have decided to offer Ordinary Shares of Rs. 50 each at par pro rata to the Shareholders of the Company on the Register on the 30th September, 1938, in the proportion of one new Share for every five Shares held by each such Shareholder on that date.

The new Shares will rank pari passu with the existing Shares in all respects including right to all dividends payable after allotment has been made, but excluding the right to any interim dividend paid in respect of the year ending 31st December, 1938, before allotment.

A Circular Notice giving full particulars and enclosing

(a) a Certified Form of Provisional Allotment showing the number of Shares to which they are entitled and
(b) Coupons in respect of fraction of a Share, if any, will be forwarded to the Shareholders in due course.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS and Register of Members of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd September, 1938, to the 5th October, 1938, both days inclusive

By Order of the Board of Directors.
P. V. R. IYER,
Joint Secretary

Bombay, 31st August, 1938.
9388.

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT.

O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 1120 of 1938.

THE CANARA BANK, LTD. ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
V. V. NAYAK & Anr. ..... Defendants.

SALE OF CONFECTIONERY.

The undersigned has 581 cases of biscuits, peppermints and chocolates of "Meiji" manufacture to dispose of. Offers are invited for the purchase thereof in lots of ten cases each as may suit the purchaser. The cases will be kept open for inspection by the intending purchasers at the godown at 98-100, Clive Road, (Dana Bunder), Bombay, from 12 noon to 3 p.m, daily. Intending purchasers should send in their offers to the undersigned at his Office at 125, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. For further particulars apply to the undersigned

B. K. DESAI,
Court Receiver

9317.

Public Notices

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY

LOAN OF RS. 7,00,000 FOR ASPHALTING CITY ROADS AT 4 P.C. 1ST INSTALMENT OF RS. 3,00,000 RAISED IN MARCH, 1938, AND 2ND INSTALMENT OF RS. 4,00,000 TO BE RAISED IN OCTOBER, 1938.

With the sanction of the Government of Bombay, the Poona City Municipality invites tenders for the 2nd instalment of Rs. 4,00,000 only required for asphalting of the city roads. The loan is to be raised on the security of the General Revenues of the Poona City Municipality.

2. 4 p. c. interest on the debentures of the loan is payable half yearly on the 1st October and 1st April.

3. The loan is to be repaid as per following programme by yearly instalments with interest:—

Year.	Percentage to be returned during the year.	Amount to be returned.
1939-40 ..	6½ p.c.	26,000
1940-41 ..	9 „	36,000
1941-42 ..	9½ „	36,000
1942-43 ..	9½ „	36,000
1943-44 ..	10 „	40,000
1944-45 ..	10½ „	42,000
1945-46 ..	11 „	44,000
1946-47 ..	11 „	44,000
1947-48 ..	12 „	48,000
1948-49 ..	Balance	44,000
		4,00,000

Note:—No interest will be paid after the dates fixed for payment of principal.

4. The amount of the allotted loan will be payable at the Municipal Office as under:—

(a) 10 p.c. with application.
(b) The remaining balance within 15 days from the date of intimation to the applicant.

5. Interest will be paid from the date of full payment of the allotted loan.

6. Tenders for the whole or any portion of the loan of Rs. 4,00,000 in the accompanying form will be received upto 4 P.M. on the 10th September, 1938, by the Chief Officer at the Municipal Office, Poona City. Tenders must be for sums of Rs. 100 or multiples of Rs. 100. Each tender must be presented in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender for loan for asphalting of city roads." Tenders below par will not be accepted.

Vishrambag Wada,
Poona City.
Dated, 26th August, 1938.

S. N. KARPE,
President,
Poona City Municipality.

THE POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDER FORM OF LOAN.

I herewith submit tender for Rs.....of the Municipal loan of Rs. 4,00,000 (2nd instalment) for asphalting of city roads and I agree to pay for the same at the rate of Rupees .....and annas.....for every hundred rupees allotted to me.

I enclose a cheque | money order | cash for Rs..... .....and engage, if my offer is accepted in whole or in part, to pay the balance at the Municipal Office in Poona City within the period fixed for the same.

(Signature).....
Name of Applicant.....
Address.....
Dated.....
9377.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client MR. FAKIRMOHAMED ALIMOHAMED KADVANI has contracted to purchase from UMER MAHOMED LAKHTANI and AMABAI, widow of Mahomed Kassum Lakhtani and daughter of Abdul Kader the undermentioned land hereditaments and premises.

ALL persons having any claim against the said land hereditaments and premises by way of mortgage, charge, trust, sale, inheritance, gift, lease, lien, possession or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claims and the same, (if any) will be considered to have been waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece of Fazandari land, together with the dwelling house standing thereon situate at Ripon Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement about 26½ feet in breadth and about 100 feet in length and bearing Municipal E Ward No. 3991(2) and Street Nos. 153-153A-153B, Collector's New No. 13720, New Survey No. 2A.D/3540 part and Cadastral Survey No. 1749 of Byculla Division and bounded as follows: on or towards the North by the property of Mahomedali Tyeball bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1750, on or towards the South by a passage belonging to Essa Sumar, Hussein Essa Sumar and Gulam Mahomed Essa Sumar, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1744 on or towards the East by Masjid bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1744 and on or towards the West by Ripon Road aforesaid.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1938

SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

9391.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. AMERSEY BHAGWANDAS, DULLABHDAS BHAGWANDAS, MANEKLAL BHAGWANDAS and PURSHOTTAM HARIDAS have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land, situate at Dadyseth Agiary Lane, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 571 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Nos. 550 (part) and Laughton's Survey No. 243 (part) and Cadastral Survey No. 1950 of Bhuleshwar Division together with the dwelling house and all buildings and structures standing thereon and bounded, on the East by the property of Kasturbai, widow of Bana Jamnadas, on the West by the property of Vasantrao Mahadavrao Chhapwalla, on the North by Dadyseth Agiary Lane and on the South by a sweeper's passage and which premises are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under C Ward Nos. 3960 to 3962 and 3963 to 3964 Street Nos. 149 and 151.

Dated this 31st day of August, 1938

MULLA & MULLA,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
(9395)

SMUGGLING IN BOMBAY PORT

City Collector Of Customs' Statement

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Tariff Board concluded the present sitting in Bombay in connection with the Sericulture Industry, with the examination of Mr. P. N. Chandavarkar, the Collector of Customs, this morning.

Several questions which engaged the attention of the Board in respect of local customs were discussed by the Board with the Collector.

Questioned regarding smuggling in the port of Bombay, the Collector said that it was not so serious as was made out and that about five per cent of goods might be said to be smuggled.

A scheme of the Kashmir Government wherein certain specific duties were suggested over and above the 'ad valorem' duty of 25 per cent to protect the indigenous industry of raw-silk, was mentioned to the Collector. He was asked to submit his views on the scheme.

Subsequent to introduction of protection in April 1934, prices went below those of 1933 as a sequel to the lowering of prices and other measures adopted by the Foreign countries concerned. Thus protection which was meant to protect the indigenous industry failed. It was pointed out that the suggested Kashmir scheme would remedy this state of affairs.

'Most Serious Competitors'

Questioned regarding the complaint of the Japanese Chamber that Japanese silk goods were not being classified as the Chinese the Collector of Customs said that it was not so. All the lower-priced varieties of Japan had the 'ad valorem' duty on them. Japanese were the most serious competitors in the market.

Regarding the complaint that duties differed in various ports in India as the Port authorities were guided by the local market prices, the Collector admitted it but said, that the authorities were making efforts as far as possible to ascertain the real market value of the goods.

Mr. Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtoola, the Chairman, pointed out, where the goods had no market, the invoice value was taken into accounts and thus the difference in duties which was advantageous to merchants occurred.

For Uniform Duty

It was agreed that the tariff value was the only uniform method of laying duty as it was influenced neither by the invoice value or market value.

The members of the Tariff Board will be leaving for Simla on Friday where they will examine the representatives of the Kashmir and the Punjab Governments.

MUNICIPALITY TO ENCOURAGE UNION OF EMPLOYEES

WALTAIR, Sept. 1.

On a motion moved by Mr. Ayyagari Apparao, Municipal Councillor and Secretary of the B. N. Railway Indian Labour Union, Waltair, the Vizagapatam Municipal Council at its meeting held yesterday has resolved to encourage a trade union to be registered under the Indian Trade Union Act of 1926, in the interests of the employees and the Municipal administration.—United Press

H. E. the Governor of Orissa has assented to the Orissa Tenancy Bill—a measure brought by the Congress Government to give relief to the tenants.—United Press.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

BONA-FIDE SALE OF FURNITURE, SAFE, GRAMOPHONE, ETC.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as the Receiver in Suit No. 663 of 1938 (Grindlay and Co. Ltd. vs. Bhawanji Cursondas and others) MESSRS. BENNETT AND CO., will on FRIDAY, the 9th September 1938, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms.

Furniture such as cupboards, chairs, tables, safe, boxes, drums, clocks, copying press, etc.

Also on the same day at 3-20 P.M. (S.T.) under instructions from the Court Receiver Bombay as guardian of Minors G. B. Carvalho and ors:—

Furniture such as centre table, chairs, teapoys, sofas, cupboards, dressing and writing tables, dining table, dumbwaiter, chiffoniers, bedsteads, crockery and glassware, cycle, H. M. V. Gramophone, records, etc.

BENNETT & CO.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. RAILWAY

(ON FORCE FROM APRIL, 1938)
Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 40
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Fail (Nagpur	7 40	17 45
Calcutta Mail (Cheoki)	9 00	20 50
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 50
Nagpur Express	13 50	21 35
Poona Fast (Pass)	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr. H.M.
Frontier Mail (Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers	8 40

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY

Mails, Express and Passenger trains. Arrivals at Bombay Central.

	H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35
Delhi Express	6 0
Gujarat Mail	6 45
Kathiawar Mail	7 25
Frontier Mai.	8 15
The Flying Ranee (Mondays only) from Surat	*9 48
The Flying Ranee (Daily except Mondays) from Surat	10 58
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 0
Kathiawar Express	18 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33

*In Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesdays.

Departures from Bombay Central.

Kathiawar Express	8 45
Baroda Passenger	9 25
Ahmedabad Passenger	13 50
The Flying Ranee (Saturdays only) to Surat	15 10
The Flying Ranee (Daily except Saturdays) to Surat	18 5
Gujarat Mail	20 25
Frontier Mail	21 30
Kathiawar Mai.	21 50
Delhi Express	22 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	22 25

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward pas-	

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

LONDON—BOMBAY (via Poona.)
Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj and Ahmedabad.
Arrivals: Monday, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, at 7-24 p.m.
Delivery: Monday, Tuesday, Thursday at 8 a.m. and Sunday at 12-30 p.m.

BOMBAY—LONDON (via Poona.)
Karachi.
Latest hour of posting for mails at G. P. O.:—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY—COLOMBO (via Poona).
Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.
Latest hour of posting for mails at G. P. O.: Monday, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday at 7-15 a.m.

COLOMBO BOMBAY (via Poona.)
Delivery: Monday at 8 a.m. Tuesday.
Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Wednesday and Friday 6 p.m.

AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Thursday.

Dhakoo Babaji Kadam, a taxi-driver, was arrested by the Gamdevi police, this morning, on a charge of rash and negligent driving.

The accused was put up before the Magistrate today, at the Girgaum Police Court and remanded into police custody till September 8.

John Dick, a marine engineer, was fined Rs. 50 or, in default, to undergo six weeks' rigorous imprisonment by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on a charge of theft of a motor car.

The accused pleaded not guilty and stated that a friend of his had dropped him in a car near Opera House.

The Magistrate thought that this friend was a fictitious person, as his name was not disclosed either to the police or in Court. The friend, according to the Magistrate, existed only in the imagination of the accused.

Ghanla Amboo aged 35 years, a gangman in the G.I.P. Railway, while cutting grass on Down-through line was knocked down under a train and killed.

It appears that on Saturday last at about 8-15 A.M. when the down Poona Express was approaching Parel Railway Station the driver of the engine noticed a number of gangmen working on both sides of the track. He whistled to warn them to be off the track. The deceased was sitting very close to the rails, as he was trying to get up, the footboard of the engine struck him. He fell down and was killed.

Workman Dies In Hospital

While adjusting a belt on a stone-cutting machine, Yenkatgiri Hanmant aged 45 years, a labourer working on a stone-cutting machine of the Bombay Municipality at Worli, fell down from a height of about 15 feet with the result that he sustained severe injuries. He was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where he died.

Find Of Dead Body

The dead body of an unknown person was found on the 23th August near the Railway track, some distance from the south end of the Dadar Railway Station.

Fake Sadhus In Custody

Lamington Road police arrested yesterday evening 12 persons dressed like Sadhus. They were found marching in a crowd alon the Lamington Road shouting a the top of their voice 'Gorakh Aya'. Enquiries were made and it was found, that they had no fixed place of residence.

Dhakoo Balaji Kadam, a taxi driver was arrested by the Gamdevi Police yesterday for driving his car in a rash and negligent manner.

The accused was placed before the Presidency Magistrate at Girgaum Court to-day and ordered to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 100.

Kantilal C. Thakere, B.A., LL.B., Advocate, has been appointed Additional Magistrate, Dadar Court.

GROWING FAST

but not growing in strength

...the cause is one you can BANISH

When your children suddenly seem to stop growing in strength though they're growing in size, won't eat, get attacks of temper and naughtiness, you can be quite certain that it is a lack of certain vital minerals in their systems that is causing the trouble. Growing children rapidly use up their store of vital minerals and if that store is not replenished, weakness, irritability and a definite check in development occur. But mineral-deficiency is a condition that is quickly and easily banished if you give your children Kalzana.

When they get all the minerals they need from Kalzana, you'll see a wonderful difference. Vitality and appetite will return. Your children will keep strong while growing fast, with firm bones, strong teeth protected against decay, and a store of health to resist infection. Give them Kalzana without delay.

KALZANA

THE MINERAL FOOD FOR BETTER HEALTH

Of all Chemists and Bazars

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I Programme

V U B 244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
TRANSMISSION I
a. m.
8-0 Records 8-15 Records.
TRANSMISSION II
p. m.
1-0 Market Rates, Announcements 1-5 Recorded Dance Programme Bombay Radio Orchestra 2-5 Panditrao Nagarkar 2-30 Sa-Re-Ga music lesson in Hindustani By B. R. Deodhar 2-45 Jitubhai Mehta 3-0 Nabi ki Yad.
TRANSMISSION III
p. m.
5-30 Flying Rani of Music 5-50 Sorath on Sarangi 5-55 Jitubhai Mehta Kathiawari folk-songs 6-10 Bombay Orchestra 6-20 Ghulam Mustafa 6-35 Madhur Tantri 6-45 Recitations from Hindi Poems 6-50 Shahnai Solo 6-55 Shri Ganesh Stuti 7-0 To Bhumijan 7-45 news Commercial News 8-0 Bhuleshwar talk in Gujarati by Malati Indravadan Mehta 8-15 Panditrao Nagarkar 8-45 Take Your Choice 8-50 AIR Chorus 9-0 News (Hindustani) 9-15 Panditrao Nagarkar 9-30 News 9-45 Modern Music talk by Kaufmann 10-0 Modern Music 10-25 Hazel David: Soprano 10-35 Quest Hour (European Music) 11-0 Epilogue

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)
8-0 a. m. to 1-0 p. m. same as in Bombay I.
TRANSMISSIAN III
61 metres (4,905 kc/s)
p. m.
5-30 same as in Bombay I

Delhi—I Programme

V U D 338.6 metres (886 Kc/s)
a. m.
7-0 Recitation from Quran 7-15 Chughtai and Orchestra 7-25 Rashid Ahmed Qawwal 7-45 In Lighter Vein 8-15 Mehboob Jan 8-40 First news In English 8-50 In Hindustani
TRANSMISSION II
12-0 noon Devotional Songs
p. m.
1-0 Scrapbook for 1900 6-0 P. S. Mukerjee 6-10 Ghazals and Naats 6-50 Classical Interlude 7-10 More Ghazals 7-30 For Villagers Only 8-0 Haider Husain 8-15 The Montessori Movement talk in Hindustani by Sham Lall 8-30 Pia Bin Nahin Awat Chain 8-55 Night Melodies 9-15 News, Weather Report In Hindustani 9-30 In English 9-45 Rashid Ahmed 10-0 Food for Thought recorded version of B B C talk 10-15 Ghazals from Great Masters 10-55 Late News

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)
a. m.
7-0 a. m. to 9-0 a. m. & 12-0 noon to 2-0 p. m. Programme as in Delhi I.
TRANSMISSION III
60 metres (4.995 kc/s)
p. m
6-0 Classical Music 6-20 On Wings of Song 6-40 Light Music 7-0 Rashid Ahmed and Party 7-20 Popular Music 8-0 Two Ghazals 8-15 to 9-45 Programme as in Delhi I 9-45 Melody and Romance 10-0 to 10-15 Programme as in Delhi I 10-15 Melody and Romance (Contd.) 10-55 News

Calcutta—I Programme

V U C 270 metres (810 kc/s)
(Add 22 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)
p. m.
12-30 London Palladium Orchestra 1-15 Market Rates 1-17 London Palladium Orchestra 1-30 Weather for Ocean Islamic Programme 1-45 Bannu 2-0 Commercial News (Bengali) 2-5 Records. 5-0 Children's Corner 6-0 Programme for children. 6-40 When Sun Goes Down. 7-0 AIR Players. 8-0 Commercial News. 8-5 Here, There and Everywhere. 8-30 News, Weather (Bengali). 8-45 News. 9-0 Local News (Bengali). 9-5 Pianoforte Interlude. 9-20 Organ Recital. 9-50 Vocal Recital. 10-10 Dance to Music of.

Calcutta—II Programme

TRANSMISSION I.
31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s.)
p.m.
12-30 to 1-30 Programme as in Calcutta I.
TRANSMISSION II.
61.47 metres (4,880 kc/s.)
p.m.
6-0 to 7-0 Programme as in Calcutta I. 8-0 to 8-5 Programme as in Calcutta I. 8-45 to 9-0 Programme as in Calcutta I. 9-5 to 10-30 Programme as in Calcutta I.

Peshawar Programme

V U P 200 metres (1,500 kc/s.)
p.m.
5-30 Announcements in Hindustani. 5-40 Recitation from Quran. 5-55 Naat (Hindustani). 6-5 Bal Saraswatibai. 6-25 Nawabbai. 6-45 Programme for children. 7-45 Readings from Books. 8-0 Bai Saraswatibai 8-15 Hour with villagers. 9-15 News, Weather Report. In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Nawabbai. 10-0 Alap Behag on Sarangi. 10-5 Bai Saraswatibai of Bombay. 10-30 Caravan. 10-40 Nawabbai.

Lahore Programme

V U L 276 metres (1,086 kc/s.)
p.m
6-0 Ijaz Ali of Amritsar. 6-25 Badrunnisa Begam of Santokhgarh. 6-45 Violin Recital: Bhim. 6-50 Ijaz Ali. 7-10 Badrunnisa Begam. 7-30 For Countryside. 8-0 Ijaz Ali. 8-20 Badrunnisa Begam. 8-40 Sarangi Recital. 8-45 Ijaz Ali. 9-0 Badrunnisa. Begam. 9-15 News, Weather. In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Current Events, talk by F. W. Bustin. 10-0 Adventure of Dancing Princess. 10-50 Wine, Women, and Song: Waltz: Strauss.

Lucknow Programme

V U W 293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s.)
p.m.
6-30 Mohammad Rafique. 6-50 Anwar Jahan. 7-15 Buddhi Bhadra. 7-30 Savitri Malik. 7-45 Who should yield: husband or wife? Discussion in Hindustani between B. Narain and B. K. Mulla. 8-0 Anwar Jahan. 8-30 Readings from Hindi Literature. 8-40 Mohammad Rafique. 8-55 Savitri Malik. 9-15 News, Weather Report. In Hindustani. 9-30 In English 9-45 Buddhi Bhadra. 10-0 Savitri Malik. 10-20 Mohammad Rafique. 10-40 Anwar Jahan.

Madras—I Programme

V U M 211 metres (1,420 kc/s.)
p.m.
5-30 Shrimati R. Lakshmi Amma: Vocalist. 6-0 Carnatic Orchestra. 6-10 Damodarachari: Vocalist. 7-15 Power of Screen. Talk in tamil by N. Ramaratnam. 7-30 Damodarachari. 8-20 Mukhari on Flute. 8-30 This Maya World. 9-15 News, Weather Report. 9-30 News Ways in Stagecraft, Talk by A. Elmore. 9-45 Sheriff Ali Khan: Vocalist.

Madras—II Programme

60.6 metres (4,950 kc/s.)
p.m.
5-30 to 6-45 Programme as in Madras I. 6-45 Song Hits. 7-15 to 9-45 Programme as in Madras I 9-45 C. A. Knowles: Baritone. 10-0 Reginald Foort: Cinema Organ. 10-5 Dance Music.

B. B. C. Programme

GSJ 13.93 m. (21.53 Mc/s.)
GSH 13.97 m. (21.47 Mc/s.)
GSG 16.86 m. (17.79 Mc/s.)
GSG (to 9-30 p.m.), 16.86 m. (17.79 Mc/s.)
GSF 19.82 m. (15.14 Mc/s.)
p.m.
7-30 Herman Darewski and his Band. 8-15 Sing-Song. 9-15 Building the City. Edinburgh. By Ian Finlay. 9-30 News. 9-50 Next Week's Programmes. 10-0 County Cricket.
10-50 to 11-45 p.m. Arabic Programme.
GSP 19.60 metres (15.31 Mc/s.)

what's all this talk about H.V.M. vanaspati?

H. V. M. Vanaspati is marvellous for cooking—it is absolutely pure and it makes food far more delicious and extra nourishing.

That sounds interesting. What can I use it for?

You can use H.V.M. Vanaspati for frying, making sweetmeats, spreading on chappatis, flavouring rice and for every other kind of cooking.

You say it is absolutely pure. How do you know that?

Because it's made from the best refined Indian vegetable oils—a wonderfully nourishing form of food—and because the Government Analyst of Bombay has awarded it a Certificate of Purity.

Well I'll buy some to-day and give it a trial.

I'm sure you'll want to continue using it and one further point—H.V.M. Vanaspati contains vitamin and it will help to keep you and your family healthy and strong.

Use H.V.M. Vanaspati for frying, spreading on chappatis, making sweetmeats, flavouring rice and for every other kind of cooking.

H.V.M. VANASPATI GIVES EVERY MEAL EXTRA FLAVOUR EXTRA NOURISHMENT.

H.V.M. VANASPATI

for all cooking

The Certificate issued by the Bombay Government Analyst states that H.V.M. Vanaspati:
1. is absolutely pure.
2. contains no animal fat,
3. is manufactured under the latest and most hygienic conditions,
4. is untouched by hand throughout the entire process of manufacture.
5. CAN BE RECOMMENDED WITH CONFIDENCE AS A PURE WHOLESOME ARTICLE OF FOOD.

Made in India from pure Indian vegetable oils and sold in air-tight tins of 2 lbs., 5 lbs. and 10 lbs. to keep it pure and wholesome.

Bombay Distributors:
GALDA BRAND BUTTERFLY BRAND - Bhailal Raychand & Co., Bhat Bazar, Bombay 9, Abbasy Bhanji, Dongri Street, Bhimpura, Bombay 9,
LOTUS BRAND TIGER BRAND - A.M.R. Patel, 14, Ghuzar Street, Bhendi Bazar, Bombay 3, Abocbaker Ebrahim & Co., 164, Dongri Street, Bhimpura, Bombay 9,

H.V.M. VANASPATI IS ON SALE IN ALL SHOPS.

HVM 10-38A. THE HINDUSTAN VANASPATI MANUFACTURING CO. LTD., BOMBAY.

DANGER EXPOSED

Which do you want on your gums—rough, piercing edges or smooth Round-End bristles?

Note the amazing difference between the Round-End bristles—exclusive in Prophy-lac-tic Perma-Grip tooth brushes—and the split, scratchy bristles in all other tooth brushes. Give your gums the gentle, safe protection of this wonderful new bristle. Stop stabbing and jabbing them as you must with the bristle of all other brushes. Remember, too, that the Prophy-lac-tic Perma-Grip cleans better—reaches in and around *all* the teeth. The big end-tuft ensures this.

Insist upon genuine Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip Tooth Brushes. Always sold in the yellow box.

At Right—Photo-micrograph of ordinary bristle, magnified 16 times.

Below—Photo-micrograph of Round-End bristle, magnified 16 times.

Pro-phy-lac-tic TRADE Perma-Grip MARK

NO OTHER BRUSH HAS ROUND-END BRISTLE.

STERILIZED Pro-phy-lac-tic FLORENCE

U14

FOR PROSECUTION OF POLICE PATIL

Govt. Sanction Necessary, Rule High Court

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court quashed the proceedings against Shankar Dayalji Dalvi, Police Patil of Harkul Khurd village in Ratnagiri District, pending in the court of Sub-Divisional Magistrate.

The accused was charged with preparing false records in a case tried by him as Police Patil under the Village Police Act, at the instance of one Suriyaji Ladoji Ransom.

A preliminary point was raised by the accused that he could not be prosecuted without the sanction of the Government. As the point was rejected by the Magistrate, the case was taken to the Sessions Judge, who referred it to the High Court.

JUDGMENT.

Their Lordships in their judgment said that the case turned on the question whether a police patil trying a case under the Village Police Patil Act was a "judge" within the meaning of the Criminal Procedure Code. The relative section of the Code defined a "judge" as one who gave a definite judgment.

The question, therefore, was whether a police patil could give a definite judgment.

In their Lordships' opinion he could do so.

Under these circumstances their Lordships held that the Police Patil trying a case under the Village Police Patil Act was entitled to the protection which the law allowed to judges, and public servants in the discharge of their public duties.

Their Lordships held that a Police Patil was a judge within the meaning of section 197 of the Criminal Procedure Code and, therefore, previous sanction of Government was necessary before prosecuting him.

Their Lordships, however, gave permission to the complainant to file a fresh complaint after obtaining Government's sanction.

SIMLA.—An extra net profit of Rs. 6-10 per acre can be made by the cultivator by the use of ammonium sulphate or ammonium phosphate as manure in the rice field. This has been established by the results of experiments carried on by the Bihar Research station into the comparative effect of various nitrogenous and phosphatic manures of paddy.

Latest Gallops At Poona

Panna Prince, Ajid, Reformer And Nasser Work Well

FROM OUR TRACK CORRESPONDENT

The following gallops were noted through the week.

PANNA PRINCE strode out freely and well in a strong pace mile and a quarter gallop. Has made notable improvement.

TARSIS (Harding) gave satisfaction in a run over the ten. Slowly coming to hand.

THE PAUPER (Malone) gave a pleasing display when sent a brisk nine furlongs on the tan. Should run well on Saturday.

LOVE CALL (R. Boy) were well in the company of ASSAULT-AT-ARMS over a rattling mile. Keep an eye on the former.

HAREM (R. Boy) showed good speed for six furlongs. He is fit and well

TOBRALCO (R. Boy) and KING OF FRANCE (Rozario) covered a mile together. They can be made a lot fitter

ROYAL TASK (R. Boy) had JINKEE ROAD (R. Boy) beaten in a mile run. A fair display

NASU (Selby) shaped better than ROUGH SEA in a sharply run mile gallop. He is fit.

MISS POTIPHAR (Whiteside), LORD CHANCELLOR (Field) and RIGOLETTA (Evans) jumped off together for a run over the seven furlongs. All shaped well and are worth noting.

CORCY (R. Boy) was at an advantage from VANDYKE (Bell) at the end of a smart seven furlongs gallop. Back the former over a distance.

STAR OF PERSIA (Harding) and NATBAY (R. Boy) were well together at the finish of a run over the seven.

VANITY FAIR (Selby) traversed a fast seven furlongs in attractive fashion. She is in good trim.

EXACT (Harding) was fair in a dash over six furlongs.

LITTLE AUDREY (Maxwell) moved smartly in a mile gallop on the monsoon track none too reliable, this one.

NONE SO GAY (O'Neale) put in good work over a mile. This one is fast training on.

GHAZALAN (O'baid), MAJHOOL (Marrs) and BANI TAMIM (Britt) were sent six furlongs when they all pleased. Fit horses.

REFORMER (Simpson) showed plenty of speed for five furlongs. Back him again.

AJID (Britt) had the measure of YANOOS (Marrs) and NEW LUCK (Obaid) in a dash over the six. First named is worth a following.

AERIAL MAIL (Meekings) pleased in a smart run over six furlongs. He is very well just now.

TAJLEBANON (Harding) beat MUTLAG (R. Boy) in a six furlongs gallop.

SAPPHO (Selby) negotiated nine furlongs at a brisk pace and moved well.

MUJBIL HAMID (Netto) was fair when send five furlongs.

WARDAT SAAMARRA (R. Boy) was too speedy for TURKISH PRINCE in a five furlongs dash.

SILVER STAR (Simpson) covered a nice pace mile gallop in resolute fashion. He is very well just now.

SALIM AL IRAQ (R. Boy) gave satisfaction in a six furlongs gallop.

DESERT PRINCE (R. Boy) and SHIRLEY TEMPLE (R. Boy) were seen to advantage in a half mile dash.

MUNIR-AL-HAWA (Britt) had the beating of a stable mate in a six furlongs gallop. A speedy customer this one has come on appreciably in recent weeks.

Note:—IRAQ JEWEL, MAROC, TALL STORY

Second Big Meeting Of Poona Racing Season

Probables And Weights For Ten Events Of Saturday's Races

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

The following are the Probables and Weights for the Second Day of the Poona Big Meeting, to be run on Saturday, September 3:—

First Race: 1-30 p. m.

THE RAICHUR PLATE. Div. I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; second Rs. 400; third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. • W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties.—Winners after 31st October, 1937, of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 2,000 or over 7 lbs.; or of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,000 or over 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

To be ridden by licensed Riding Boys.

Three Diamonds 9-1, Mutlag 8-11, Turkish Prince 8-10, Tennyson 8-10, Nassar Allah 8-10, Khalil 8-10, Double Height 8-10, Mun Mohan 8-8, Hamrin Beg 8-8, Al Hujaz 8-8, Spes 8-4, Taj Lebanon 8-4, Sayid 8-4, Gallant Boy 8-4, Double Up 8-4, Mahi 8-4, Noor al Fajr 8-4 and All Honour 8-4.

★ ★

Second Race: 2 p. m.

THE RAICHUR PLATE Div. II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; second Rs 400; third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties.—Winners after 31st October, 1937, of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 2,000 or over 7 lbs.; or of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,000 or over 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Bon Jour 9-1, Red Cross 8-11, Wardat Saamarra 8-10, Al Mansoor II 8-10, Mulzoom 8-10, Watchmaker II 8-10, Al Rabi 8-8, Turkey 8-4, Arjun 8-8, Saad Nazam 8-8, Barki Beg 8-8, Haria 8-8, Aerial Mail 8-4, Sadoni 8-4, Glitter 8-4, Hampsted 8-4, Saif al Nusser 8-4, Madhuri 7-12 and Khalaf Nassaf 7-12.

★ ★

Third Race: 2-30 p.m.

THE BURWELL PLATE. Div. II.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000, second Rs. 700, third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Highland Truce 9-4, Cruiskeen Laun 9-4, Charward 9-1, Grecian Orb 9-0, Don Tancredo 8-12, Gordon 8-11, Monster 8-6, Exact 8-4, Go Ahead 8-10, School Quad 8-0 Galumph II 7-12, Spinnerule 7-9, Birthday Gift 7-7, Morganatique 7-7, Sushila 7-5 and Aristocratic 7-0.

★ ★

Fourth Race: 3 p.m.

THE MODERATE PLATE. Div II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,700, second Rs. 600, third Rs. 250. A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Blanche 9-4, Aziza 9-2, Full Moon 9-2, Ajid 8-13, Majhool 8-12, Shara'a al Jamil 8-7, Shirley Temple 8-2, Sarkhat 8-0, Green Lawn 8-0, Amir 8-0, Fahad Pasha 8-0, Mujbil Hamid 7-12, Salim al Iraq 7-11, Zoolum 7-10, Famous 7-10, Hakim Pasha 7-9, Dagastan 7-9 and Lucky Boy 7-7.

Fifth Race: 3-30 p. m.

THE MODERATE PLATE. Div. I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,700, second Rs. 600, third Rs. 250. A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Ghazalan 9-0, Bani Tamim 9-0, New Luck 8-8, Al Ghazi 9-0, Rajput 9-0, Tohalla 8-12, Thousand Dollars 8-12, Fair Play 8-12, Taj Nizam 8-10, Reformer 8-7, Desert Prince 8-6, Iraq Jewel 8-5, Her Highness 8-1 and Mahmood Beg 7-9.

★ ★

Sixth Race: 4 p. m.

THE SEPTEMBER PLATE.—Distance 1 1/4 miles.

Winner Rs. 5,000, second Rs. 1,500, third Rs. 750. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Panna Prince 9-4, Oceanus 8-13, Silver Plated 8-7, The Pauper 8-0 Tarsis 7-11 and Casino 7-11.

★ ★

Seventh Race: 4-30 p.m.

THE DARJEELING PLATE.—Distance 1 mile, 1 furlong.

Winner Rs. 2,500, second Rs. 750, third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class III and Starred Class.

Rose Marie 9-6, Maharaja's Choice 9-4, Philopena 8-0, True Man 9-0, Quicksilver 8-9, Vandyke 7-11, Peace Treaty 8-9, Rockaway 7-11, Sappho 7-11, Mazarin 7-9 and Vanity Fair 7-9.

★ ★

Eighth Race: 5 p.m.

THE BURWELL PLATE. Div. I.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000, second Rs. 700, third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Dick Tapper 9-0, Master Mint 7-4, Monte Carlo 9-0, Gold Crown 8-12, Dominic 8-10, Devonian 8-10, Knight's Adventure 8-10, Sea Battle 8-9, Curialistic 8-8, Southern Cross 8-4, Clock Work 8-4, The Right Man 8-3, Little Audrey 8-3, The Bahadur 7-8 and Devonshire Walk 7-4.

★ ★

Ninth Race: 5-30 p.m.

THE VISITORS' PLATE. Div. II.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 2,500, second Rs. 750, third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Harem 9-4, Manifold 7-9, King of France 9-2, Lord Chancellor 9-1, Star of Persia 8-9, Tressex 8-8, Bonnie Dundee 8-8, Garter Star 8-7, Remarque 8-4, Bellrue 8-4, Maelstrom 8-3, Skylight 8-0, Tiger Tim 8-0, Casanova 8-0, Omegan 7-12 and Rough Sea 7-9.

★ ★

Tenth Race: 6 p.m.

THE VISITORS' PLATE. Div. I.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 2,500, second Rs. 750, third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Cash 9-0, Assault-at-Arms 8-9, Tall Story 8-9, Rigoletta 8-9, Natbay 8-7, Flinty 8-7, Tipperary 8-6, Guiding Queen 8-5, Love Call 8-4, Bright Hope 8-3, Maroc 8-2, Tobralco 8-1, Mr. Pip 7-11, Mark You 7-7, Sly Wink 7-10, Sunnymorn 7-8 and What's What 7-8.

PHOSPHOCALCIUM Bisleri

PHOSPHOCALCIUM BISLERI PILLS

constitute a very effective and convenient way of administering Calcium and phosphates into the body cells. It is an excellent tonic for the heart and the nerves. Builds strong bones and healthy teeth.

Obtainable at leading chemists or direct from.—

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31-A, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

AMERICAN TENNIS TEAM TO VISIT INDIA

MADRAS, (By Mail).

It is almost certain that an American Team will tour India this coming cold weather. The All-India Lawn Tennis Association have given Calcutta South Club permission to organise the tour. The principal players who will be included in the tour are R. L. Riggs, Owen Anderson, William Robertson, Joe Hunt, Hall Surface, and Don McNeil.

This information was given by Mr. R. R. Hargraves in the course of his broadcast talk from the Madras Station.

"Although some of the names may be unfamiliar to a great many people here," said Mr. Hargraves, "they rank in America's first ten. If the tour materialises, the visitors will arrive in Bombay and will travel to Calcutta to practise for the Eastern India Championships. An international match between U. S. A. and India will probably be held, after which they will visit other centres such as Bombay, Madras, Lucknow, Baroda, Travancore and Hyderabad.

It is also possible that if sufficient interest is shown, they will visit other places as well."—United Press.

Rovers Cup Football

Fine Recovery By Sandemanians

South Staffs Beaten In Exciting Finish

BOMBAY, Thursday.

To lead by 1 goal for 55 minutes and then to go down by the odd goal in three, was how the South Staffordshire Regiment, from Cawnpore, fared in the Rovers Cup Football Tournament, on Thursday evening. They lost to the Sandemanians, from Quetta, who have to thank Habib, their inside-right, the latter being responsible for obtaining both the goals for his side in the concluding 4 minutes of play.

Considering the run of the game the losers gave a display, which was in no way inferior to that of their opponents and but for Habib's individual effort, there would have been a different story to tell. The way the Quetta side continued to fight back admirably, they deserved an early equaliser, for which they struggled almost throughout the match, but the winning goal, which came, rather, unexpectedly, showed a great smile on all the Sandemanian's faces.

The Sandemanians opened with a right wing move, which took them into their opponent's area but Parkes, the defending right back, intercepted and kicked the ball high up in the field. Following this, the South Staffs gained the upper hand, with their forwards moving up in a line. They opened the scoring in the 5th minute through Gutteridge, their inside-left, who headed in the ball correctly, off a rising pass by the right-winger.

With their excellent combination and understanding between the forwards, the military side continued to have the better of the exchanges without adding to their score, till a little after the middle of the first half of play, when the visitors from Quetta fought back desperately to come on terms. Martin, Staffs' custodian, saved a couple of shots, at this stage, from each of the Sandemanians' inside forwards and the Staffs crossed over with a lead of 1 goal.

The Cawnpore Regiment resumed strongly and in a short spell of attacking Dalley, their inside-right, hit the upright.

SANDEMANIANS RETALIATE

It was now for the Sandemanians to retaliate and they pressed their opponents for a few minutes. During this period, their forwards took several 'tries' but to no purpose. On one occasion, Habib, their inside-right, who got through nicely, was fouled by one of the military backs and the referee ordered a spot kick for Quetta, from just outside the Staffs' penalty-area. Sheikh Ibrahim, Sandemanians' pivot, who was entrusted with this task shot wide and lost a good chance. It was now high time for the Regiment to relieve pressure. This they did and the scene changed at the opposite end, where the Quetta goal-keeper saved from Flanagan, who had raced up to meet the ball, which was cleverly sent in by the outside-left.

QUETTA EQUALISE & WIN

A couple of minutes before the end, when victory seemed to be that of the South Staffs, Quetta got into their goal area, in a terrible raid, which culminated in their obtaining the equaliser.

HABIB'S QUICK GOALS

The Sandemanians have to thank Habib, their inside-right, who was not only responsible for this goal, but by netting another also, hardly a minute afterwards, carried his side into the quarter final round of the tournament, by beating the Cawnpore Regiment by 2 goals to 1.

RESULT:—

SANDEMANIANS	2 Goals.
SOUTH STAFFS	1 Goal

TEAMS:

SANDEMANIANS: Ismail; Nisar and A. Rehman; Sakhi, Sheikh Ibrahim and Hamid; Asghar, Habib, Matin, Ghulam Nabi and Hassan.

SOUTH STAFFS: Martin; Parkes and Penney; Janes, Plimmer and Wilton; Ray, Dalley, Flanagan, Gutteridge and Brookes.

REFEREE: Mr. L. Hibbert.

To-day's Match

Cooperage 5-40 p.m. All Blues vs. Hyderabad XI.

CHIRNER MEMORIAL DISPUTE SETTLEMENT

The Chirner Memorial dispute is amicably settled by the generous action of the Bombay Government. It will be recalled that Chirner Memorial is a milestone in Forest Satyagraha in the halcyon days of Civil Disobedience movement. Even after protracted litigation between the Memorial Committee and the Secretary of State for India, correspondence continued between the Bombay Government and Mr. T. N. Bedekar, Secretary of the Memorial Committee regarding costs awarded to the Government by Court.

The Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Home Department, has now informed Mr. Bedekar that the Government have issued orders waiving the recovery of costs awarded to Government by the courts of the first class sub-judge and the District Judge of Thana. Further the District Magistrate of Kolaba is also directed to return the stones of the Chirner Memorial, lying in the Mamlatdar's office at Panvel.

The Taluka Congress Committee has decided to take back those stones in a procession from Panvel to Chirner and has invited Mr. K. M. Munshi to lay the corner stone of the memorial on the 25th inst. and thus fittingly celebrate this historic event

CRICKET AT SHAHABAD

Century By Ebrahimkhan

A Two-day Cricket Match between the Osmania University of Hyderabad and the A. C. C. Shahabad Works XI played on the 28th and 29th instant, ended in a draw.

Dhansukh, Dayanand and Talukdar played well for the home side scoring 50, 59 and 95 respectively. Ibrahim scored a chanceless century saving his side for an innings defeat and remaining not out.

SCORES: 1ST INNINGS A. C. C. XI.

Krishna Rao 11; Mehtab 2; Dhansukh 50; A. Rasool 0; Naik 6; Talukdar 95; Arjun 0; Dayanand 59; Bapuji 1; Narayan 16 not out; Welsh 0; Extras 10; Total 250.

Bowling:—Ebrahim Khan 2 for 54; Alimohmad 1 for 32; Waheed 3 for 41; Shivpal 1 for 43; Jamad Hussain 2 for 28; Riasat 1 for 18; Gakanllah 0 for 18; Abbas Husain 0 for 6.

SCORES: 1ST INNINGS: OSMANIA UNIVERSITY.

Abbas Husain 0; Sikajudin 6; Aibara 27; Riasat 3; Sivpal 19; Waheed 0; Ebrahimkhan 7; Jamad Husain 29; Alimohmad 9 (not out); S. M. Hussain 20; Extras 4; Total 127.

Bowling:—Naik 4 for 18; Arjun 2 for 35; Talukdar 2 for 29; Dayanand 0 for 18; Narayan 0 for 8; Dhansukh 1 for 15.

SCORES: 2ND INNINGS: OSMANIA UNIVERSITY.

Abbas Hussain 10; Siraj 0; Shivpal 15; Aibara 7; Waheed 9; Riasat 0; Ebrahim Khan 106 (not out); S. M. Husain 4; Jamad Husain 22; Extras 8; Total 183 for 9 wickets declared.

Bowling:—Naik 1 for 57; Arjun 1 for 24; Talukdar 1 for 22; Dayanand 0 for 20; Mehtab 3 for 13; Dhansukh 2 for 26; Narayan 0 for 13.

SCORES: 2ND INNINGS OF SHAHABAD.

Naik 17; A. Rasool 0; Dayanand 3; Bapoojee 2; Dhansukh 2; Talukdar 13; Narayan 4 (not out); Arjun 1 (not out); Total 42 for 6.

Bowling:—Aibara 3 for 24; S. M. Hussain 2 for 18.

UNANIMOUS OPINION OF PACKED HOUSE ON OPENING NIGHT:—

"YOU CAN'T BEAT THE DRUM

For sheer excellence"

THE EXCELSIOR

THREE SHOWS DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

A picture that cannot be forgotten is

"THE DRUM" "THE DRUM"

Made by the great ALEXANDER KORDA

Filmed in Glorious Technicolour

Starring:

India's Pride

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and thousands of others

in

A THRILLING AND COLOURFUL EPISODE TORN FROM THE BOOK THAT IS INDIA WITH THE NORTH WESTERN FRONTIER AS A FITTING BACKGROUND FOR A MIGHTY SPECTACLE

A UNITED ARTISTS' SUPER RELEASE

SIMULTANEOUSLY with

NEW EMPIRE

from Saturday Sept. 3rd

3rd WEEK

BOMBAY TALKIES' SCREEN ROMANCE

Vachan

Starring:

DEVIKA RANI

and

ASHOK KUMAR

3 Shows: 5-15; 8; 10-30.

Matinee To-morrow 2-30.

ROXY TALKIES

SEE

BAGHBAN

PRODUCERS: GENERAL FILMS TO APPRECIATE INDIAN SCREEN-CRAFT AT ITS HIGHEST

IN 7TH GREAT WEEK

IMPERIAL CINEMA

5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m.

Matinee: To-morrow, Sun., Mon., Tues., 2-30 p.m.

Coming at

PLAZA: Talkies, Dadar

SHIRLEY TEMPLE and VICTOR MCLAGLEN in

WEE WILLIE WINKIE

From 3rd September, daily 2 shows, and Matinee at 3-30 on Saturday, Sunday and Holidays.

IN WEAKNESS DEBILITY

ANÆMIA

use Deschiens' Syrup

Already 30,000 Doctors throughout the world have agreed that this radical remedy ALWAYS CURES, and gives health and strength.

INSIST ON THE NAME OF DESCHIENS, PARIS (France)

LAUGH

. . . . and Grow Fat!

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Mr. Atre means to make you laugh....and fat.... with his story of

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WINAYAK, MINAKSHI, MALVANKAR

From TO-MORROW at

MAJESTIC

Sat., Sun., Mon., Tuesday, Daily: 2-30, 5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m.

WHAT TYPE OF WIFE is better?

FASHIONABLE or VIRTUOUS VISHNU'S

Universally appreciated Powerful picture

FASHIONABLE WIFE

Starring SUVARNA & ANIL KUMAR

Presents before you two kinds of wives

(1) A fashionable but faithless wife:— Who makes love to, not one, but three men.

(2) Simple but faithful wife:— Who devoutly loves her husband, even though forsaken by him.

See with your wife, to-night

Continued 2ND WEEK at

LAMINGTON TALKIES

Daily 5-15, 8-0, 10-45 P.M. Friday to Tuesday, Matinee 2-30 P.M.

Screen's Limit Of Achievement

NEW THEATRES'

"DHARTI-MATA"

Directed by: NITIN BOSE.

Daily at 5, 8, 11 p.m. Sat., Sun., Holi., 2 p.m.

MINERVA

THE BROADWAY

Kingsway, Dadar

TO-DAY at 4, 6-30 and 10 P. M.

The FURY of a Scorned Woman Sent Him BACK to HELL!

"I AM A FUGITIVE from a CHAIN GANG"

with

PAUL MUNI

TO-MORROW:— H. RIDER HAGGARD'S

"SHE"

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadarva Sud 8, 1994
Muslim: Rajjab 7, 1357
Parsi: Gatha 2, 1307
Hightide: 5-40; 16-52
Lowtide: 11-42; 23-41
Sunrise: 6h. 21m.
Sunset: 6h. 54m.

Saturday, September 3.

S. S. 'Naldera' sails with mails at 1 p.m.

Monday, September 5.

Parsi New Year (Ker Bank Holiday.

Tuesday, September 6.

Parsi New Year: Bank Holiday.

SOUTH INDIAN SANGEETHA SABHA

There will be a grand musical entertainment by Mr. G. N. Balasubramaniam B. A. (Hons) with splendid accompaniments at 4-25 p.m. on Sunday the 4th September at the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Hall, Matunga, G.I.P.

BHATIA FRIENDS UNION

"THE REBELS"

The Sixteenth Dinner of the Club will be held to-day, Friday, Sept. 2nd, at 8 P. M. (S.T.) sharp at Purohit's Restaurant, Bori Bunder. There will be no guest of honour—but a friendly meeting of members and their guests only

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"The Drum" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Chhote Sirkar". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-15 p.m.
SUPER—"Yangrila". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-15 p.m.
EROS—"Blockade." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Saint in New York", Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Vachan". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Mr. Moto's Gamble." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Jailor". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Battle of Broadway" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Marie Walewska" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Raja Gopichand". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Dharti-Mata". Daily at 5, 8 and 11 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Gopal Krishna". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Baghban". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Fashionable Wife" Daily at 5, 8 and 11 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Border Town". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"The Girl of the Golden West" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Life and Loves of Beethoven". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Dharma Veer." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m

SAMPURNANAND VISITS MARWARI VIDYALAYA

Mr. Sampurnanand, the Education Minister of the U.P. Government visited the Marwari Vidyalaya on Wednesday last and addressed the students of the school.

3 ARTS CIRCLE LUNCHEON

3 Arts Circle Luncheon will be held on Tuesday 6th instant at 12-30 noon at the Governor's Pavilion, C.C.I. in honour of Atiya Begum (founder). All welcome, apply Hon. Sec., I. H. Makani, 77 Nizam Street, Bombay 3. Speeches. Entertainment.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
BEGINNING TO-DAY
THRILL ROMANCE!
10 Stars! 10 Song Hits! 100 Thrills! Cast of 10,000!

Jeanette MacDONALD Nelson EDDY IN THE GIRL of the GOLDEN WEST
A ROBERT Z. LEONARD production with WALTER PIDGEON LEO CARRILLO BUDDY EBSEN
Directed by Robert Z. Leonard • Produced by Wm. Anthony McGuire
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE
EXTRA!
M-G-M'S NEW
AUDIOSCOPIKS
THIRD DIMENSIONAL MOVIES
Take a thrilling ride with the Fire Brigade!.....Get popped in the nose with a base ball!.....Catch flying objects from the screen in your lap..... It's a riot of fun!

CAPITOL
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
AT 4 o'clock only CINEMA SHOW
PETER LORRE MR. MOTO'S GAMBLE
KEYE LUKE - DICK BALDWIN - LYNN BARI
EXTRA—
The Great Baritone
JOHN VALENTINE
in SONGS on the STAGE!
From TO-MORROW
COME ALONG TO GLEE-FILLED SPREE-FILLED PAREE
GOLD DIGGERS IN PARIS
RUDY VALLEE ROSEMARY LANE • HUGH HERBERT • ALLEN JENKINS
GLORIA DICKSON • MELVILLE COOPER • MARIEL TODD • FRITZ FELD and
THE SCHNICKELFRITZ BAND
A WARNER BROS. Picture • Directed by RAY ENRIGHT
Musical Numbers Created and Directed by Busby Berkeley
(Insert balance of credits here)

REGAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
A MODERN ROBIN HOOD IS HERE!
Recent fiction's most audacious hero!
The SAINT IN NEW YORK
With LOUIS HAYWARD Kay Sutton, Sig Rumann Jonathan Hale
RKO-RADIO Picture
Also the Latest
"MARCH OF TIME"
From TO-MORROW
The "One In A Million" sweethearts radiantly re-united!
Sonja HENIE Don AMECHE in happy landing
20th CENTURY FOX

Dr. Moksh Madan Desai, M.B., B.S., D.A. (Re. P. & S.) England, Lecturer in Anaesthetics, G. S. Medical College, and Hon. Anaesthetist, K. E. M. Hospital, sailed yesterday for London 'en route' to New York to attend the Congress of Anaesthetists, to be held at New York in October.

GANAPATI FESTIVAL

To-day's Functions In City

ANDHRA ASSOCIATION, KALYAN
Haldi Kunku for woman 4 to 6 p.m.; Harikatha in Telugu by Mr. C. M. Jeevanrao 9 to 11 p.m.

HINDU SABHA, MATUNGA
At Nappu Hall Haldi Kunku 4 p.m Lecture on Sikhism by Sardar Kashmin Singh at 9 p.m.

PARLE LAKAMYA SANGHA
Mr. G. V. Kelkar will speak on Maharastra Party at 9 p.m.

DHARMAIKYA SAMRAKSHAK SANSTHA
At Jagannath's Chawl Featsby Shiraji Vyayam Shala at 9-30 p.m.

S. I. ASSOCIATION, KALYAN
Mimicry by Mr. V. K. Dadarkar 8-30 p.m.

"TRAVANCORE DAY"

Sunday, the 4th of September, is sacred to the memory of Shree Manishanker Trivedi, the devoted servant of the People of the States, who laid down his life for the People's Cause. There will be a public meeting to pay tribute to the memory of the late Manishankar Trivedi, On Sunday at 8 p.m. at Hirabaug Hall (C.P. Tank). The meeting will also celebrate 'The Travancore Day'. It will also accord its support to the people of Kashmir in their struggle for freedom. Proposals for the establishment of the Kathiawar Prajamandal will also be considered at the meeting. Dr. S. K. Vaidya will preside.

"SWAMI VIVEKANANDA"

Swami Gunateetananda of Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will deliver a public lecture on "The Life and Teachings of Swami Vivekananda" at C. K. P. Hall, to-day at 9 p.m. (S.T.); under the auspices of Ganeshotsav.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Prof. P. M. Trivedi will continue his class on "Human Geography" and will lecture on "Man and his Environment" to-day (Friday), at 6-30 p.m. at the University, South Wing; The other classes for the day will be held as usual.

A special course in "Photography" by Mr. M. Desai will commence from Wednesday the 7th inst., at the University, South Wing at 6-30 p.m. It is intended for those who know nothing of the subject and should prove helpful to beginners. An advanced course will be arranged next term for those who join now.

SHANKARRAO DEO'S LECTURES

There will be a public lecture to-day (Friday), at 10 p.m. when Sjt. Shankarrao Deo, member will address the meeting at Madhavdas Premji's Chawl Mugbhat, Bombay, 4.

Under the auspices of the Lamington Road Sarvajanik Ganeshotsava Mandal, Mr. Shankar Rao Deo a member of the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress, will deliver a lecture on "Congress and Federation" in Chunam Lane at 8-30 p.m. to-day (Friday).

APPEAL TO BOMBAY MUSLIMS

Proprietors of Shahjehan Palace Hotel writes:—

The Anjuman-i-Islamic Punjab Lahore which looks after the upkeep of the local mosques and is also responsible for the management of the famous Badshahi Masjid of Lahore has sent Malvi Abdur Rabigh to Bombay to collect funds for the re-construction of the remaining part of the Masjid-i-Shahid of Shahalami gate of Lahore. Muslims of Bombay are requested to contribute to this cause

BANK EMPLOYEE RETIRES

A gathering was present in the National Bank of India, Ltd., at a farewell function on Tuesday evening when Mr. S. S. Pagnis retired from the Bank after 32 years' of service. Mr. D. Shankar Rau presided.

Speeches were made referring to the exceptional qualities of Mr. Pagnis. Official favours or frowns never deterred him from the post of his work and duty. Uniformity of attention, devotion to religion and singleness of purpose were the key-notes of the success of Mr. Pagnis.

As a token of fraternity, Mr. Pagnis was presented with a silver cup and saucer and a dictionary for his past time leisure. Mr. Pagnis made a suitable reply.

Domestic Occurrence

UTHAMANA CEREMONY
DEATH

BAI KESARVAHU wife of Sheth Karsandas Thakersey Rowjee died on Thursday 1-9-1938, Uthamana ceremony to-morrow (Saturday), 3-9-1938 at 3 p.m. at No. 1 Mint Road Fort. Opposite General Post Office.

PALLONJEE EDULJEE PLUMBER died 31st August, 1938 at 4-30 a.m. at Pallonjee House, New Charni Road. Uthamana Ceremony to-day at 4 p.m. at residence.

CONGRESS WAY TO INDEPENDENCE

Deo's Exhortation To Present United Front Under Mahatma's Lead

The fundamental unity and cosmopolitan character of the Indian National Congress was stressed by Sjt. Sankerrao Deo at a lecture he delivered on Thursday night at the Mahajanwadi in connection with the Ganesotsav celebrations.

He said that for some time past the Congress had come in for a good deal of criticism. He was not going to maintain that the Congress was entirely free from all faults. He welcomed all criticism that was actuated by good intentions and thanked those well meaning critics.

"FORGIVE THEM"

As for the malevolent critics who indulged in indiscriminate criticism of the Congress, he would pray to God to forgive them for they knew not what they were doing

Explaining the nature of the Congress organisation Mr. Deo said that Congress gave no quarter to Provincialism or communalism.

They were all in the Congress because they knew that Congress was fighting for freedom for all classes and all communities. The Congress was like the mighty Ganges which absorbed. The waters of several tributaries.

FOR GLORY OF UNITED INDIA.

They were not concerned with the past glory of individual provinces. They were only concerned with the future glory of United India. To that objective he exhorted the audience, to march united under the leadership of the Congress and Mahatma Gandhi

U. P. EDUCATION MINISTER VISITS KHALSA COLLEGE

Technical Institute

The honourable Mr. Sampurnanand, Minister for Education, paid a flying visit to Khalsa College Bombay Technical Institute on Wednesday. After seeing the Science Laboratories and the newly amalgamated Bombay Technical Institute, he addressed the students for a few minutes. "While those who come after you" said the Minister, "will read history, you are making one. This is a rare privilege which comes to individuals as well as nations once in a long while. Therefore, while you build, build it well so that posterity may be proud of you."

He appreciated the spirit and farsightedness of the Akali Nationalists who launched this great educational venture in Bombay and expressed the hope that the students will imbibe the spirit of self-sacrifice and service that inspired the Founders of this great community.

U. S. P. UNION

A meeting of the University Students' Parsi Union will be held on Sunday the 4th September 1938 at 10-30 a.m. at the Tutorial High School (Grant Road) when Mr. M. P. T. Acharya will deliver a lecture on women's condition under Soviet.

M. R. FREE DISPENSARY

The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week ending 27th August 1938 was 328; of these, 233 were males and 95 females.

'C' WARD MUSLIM LEAGUE

The monthly meeting of the Managing Committee of the 'C' Ward District Muslim League will be held today (Friday), at 9-30 p.m. in the office of the above League.

INDIAN CIGARETTE MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION

The Association of the Indian Cigarette Manufacturers is formed with its registered head-office at Bombay, 59, Apollo Street, Fort. The first general meeting of the Association was held lately, wherein it was decided to form the above-mentioned association to protect the interests of the Indian cigarettes Manufacturers from the foreign encroachment.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class (Advanced) on 'Urban Co-operation" will meet to-day (Friday), at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, when Prof. H. L. Kaji, M.A., I.E.S., J.P., will deliver a lecture on "Distributive Co-operation Earlier Stages" from 6-30 to 7-30 p.m. (S.T.).

RIGVEDA IN TELUGU

Kavyathirtha, Puranavachaspati, Andhradayananda, Vivahatatwa Sagara, Pandit Baukhpalle Malleyya Sastry is now translating Rigveda into Telugu. He has finished two volumes.

FIRST POLITICAL SCIENCE CONFERENCE

An All-India Political Science Association has been projected and, on the invitation of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, the First Indian Political Science Conference will meet at the Benares Hindu University on the 29th, 30th and 31st December, 1938. Subjects selected for discussion include "Problems before the Provincial Governments" and "Problems connected with the projected Indian Federation" besides problems of political theory and those of Indians Overseas and questions of International Affairs. Papers should be sent before November 15, 1938, to Professor Gurmukh Nihal Singh, Secretary, Reception Committee, P. O. Benares Hindu University, to whom all communications should be addressed and who shall be glad to supply further information and particulars.

Dr. V. N. Krishna Iyer of Trichur (Cochin State), who returned from England recently after qualifying himself for L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S. and T.D.D. He specialised in the study of Tuberculosis while in England.

STATUS OF INDIAN LAW DEGREES

The Bombay Advocates Association at a meeting held in the Bar room of the Small Causes Court on Thursday passed unanimously a resolution according its wholehearted support to the resolution proposed to be moved by Mr. B. J. Patel, M. L. A. in the Bombay Legislative Assembly recommending to the Provincial Government to move the Bombay High Court to equalize the status of the Law graduates of Indian Universities and Barristers in Bombay, considering the same as very essential in removing the anomalous divisions in the ranks of the Bombay Bar. Mr. A. S. Davar, President of the Advocates' Association, presided. The meeting was well attended.

Mr. S. B. Dadyburjor who moved the above resolution stressed on the necessity of removing an obvious anomaly by conferring a status on Law graduates equal to that of Barristers.

Mr. C. T. Madnani, Advocate seconded the resolution.

Mr. H. Bahadurji supporting the resolution referred to the necessity of agitation so that their grievance might be attended to by the authorities.

Mr. N. C. N. Acharya further supporting the resolution referred to the artificial caste ridden nature of the bar which assigned a lower status to law graduates of India. "If the Provincial Government backs up our cause" added Mr. Acharya "the High Court would not be a party to resist our demand." The resolution on being put to vote was unanimously passed.

CITY TO HAVE TWO NEW MAGISTRATES

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Specially to deal with gambling cases, the Government of Bombay have appointed Mr. K. C. Thakore, B.A., LL.B., Advocate, and Mr. J. M. Barot, Advocate (O.S.), as Additional Presidency Magistrates with effect from to-day.

Mr. Thakore has been long practising in the Police Courts, and by his abilities and genial manners has made himself very popular among litigants and legal circles.

Mr. Barot has been practising on the Original Side of the High Court.

G. I. P. Hindu Pilgrim Train

BOMBAY, Sept. 1.

The G. I. P. Hindu Pilgrimage Special train will leave Victoria Terminus, Bombay, on Saturday, September 3, at 10-30 p. m. The train leaves from an open platform, admission to which is free.

Matunga Football

The S. I. E. S. High School XI played a football match on the 29th inst. in the High School grounds against the Mysore Association XI. The S. I. E. S High School XI won by 2 goals to 1. Ranganathan and Mr. B. M. Rao played well and Ambrani, Krishnan and Mr. Kesaviah Shared in scoring the goals. The match was attended by a big crowd.

Rajkot Conference Dates

RAJKOT, Aug. 31.

From Rajkot Peoples' Conference Office:—

The date of the State People's Conference has been changed from 3rd to 5th owing to Sardar Patel's inability to come on 3rd due to pressing work elsewhere. He will, however, be present at Session on the 5th

Babu Subhas Chandra Bose has provisionally decided to leave for Madras in connection with his forthcoming South Indian tour on September 4. It is understood that he will spend a fortnight visiting various places in South India so as to reach Delhi on September 21 in connection with the Working Committee meeting and the A. I. C. C. meeting.—United Press.

Kisan Day In City

Delay In Legislating Relief Measures Criticised

"Kisan Day" meetings were held on Thursday at Jacob Circle Garden and DeLisle Road maidan, where a call for the peasants' and workers' united rally against Imperialism was made by the speakers.

AT DELISLE ROAD

Presiding over the meeting at De Lisle Road, held under the auspices of the Congress Socialist Party, Mr. Purushottamdas Tricumdas observed that the whole of India was observing the "Kisan Day" on that day. That was an indication that the people in the country were realising the importance of the Kisans in the country's struggle for Swaraj.

In India, being predominantly a country of the peasants, nobody could hope to bring about a revolution, unless the peasants were organised and consciously brought into the arena of the struggle.

The Indian National Congress, at its Faizpur session, had realised the importance of organising the Kisans and had laid out an agrarian programme of a fairly far-reaching nature. Therefore, when the Congress Governments came into power in seven Provinces of the country, it was generally assumed that the peasants and those organising the peasants would get a fillip in their activities and hoped that their programme would be immediately implemented.

Whatever the reasons for delay or procrastination in the matter of legislation, it could be certainly said that such of the legislation as were on the anvil to redress the grievances of the peasantry and meet its reasonable demands had neither been quick nor far-reaching.

After Mr. Deshpande and others had spoken, the meeting terminated.

At Jacob Circle

The meeting held at Jacob Circle was held under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Trade Union Congress and was presided over by Mr. Bhise.

A resolution supporting the demands of the peasants was adumbrated by the Kisan Sangh and pledging support in their struggle for achieving their demands, was passed at the meeting.

Mr. S.S. Mirajkar appealed to the Bombay Government to reconsider their decision about the abolition of the "khoti" system and generally supported the provisions enunciated in Dr. Ambedkar's Bill about the same.

Mr. J. Bokhari observed that peasants and workers all over India took stock of their activities and chalked out programmes for the future. In that task, it was natural that they criticised those who came in their way and pondered over such difficulties which demanded immediate solution. But it could not be denied at the present moment that the workers of the country had developed a consciousness which showed an upward trend towards their acme of power.

After Mr. S. G. Patkar and others had spoken the meeting concluded with working class slogans and songs.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1938

FLOGGING IN JAIL

The report of the Committee of Inquiry into the flogging of Gangaram Chavan, a prisoner in Bijapur Jail, has just been published and it raises certain important issues which need to be considered at some length. It will be remembered that Gangaram, who had been convicted for taking part in a procession at Sholapur on the Political Prisoners' Release Day in February last, was flogged by the Superintendent of the Bijapur Jail in May for serious breach of jail discipline. Shortly after, Government appointed a Committee consisting of Sir G. D. Madgaokar (Chairman), Mr. M. G. Bhandari, Inspector-General of Prisons, Bombay, and Mr. N. S. Lokur, District Judge of Poona, to report (1) "whether the flogging order was proper and justifiable; and (2) whether flogging as a jail punishment should be retained; and, if so, under what circumstances and subject to what safeguards." As regards the first point for inquiry the Committee holds that "in view of Chavan's conduct, which seriously affected the discipline of the jail and of his incitement of the nine prisoners of the Criminal Tribes and the possible spread of his defiant spirit and his conduct to others in the jail, the order of nine stripes was justifiable and under the circumstances not improper." The Committee also states: "We are unable ourselves to suggest any other punishment which the Superintendent could have imposed at the time with equal effect." We shall accept the finding, so far as it goes, endorsed, as it is, by an eminent ex-High Court Judge. But that only means that after matters were driven to a crisis flogging was probably justifiable and possibly inevitable. But we are not convinced that even with a different kind of earlier treatment of such prisoners the flogging could not have been averted. We can imagine many sensitive men being goaded by a vicious jail treatment into doing things which ordinarily they would never do and for which flogging may be justifiable under the rules.

Committee's Recommendation

As regards the general issue whether flogging should remain at all as a jail punishment, the Committee recommends as follows:

"(a) Whipping as a jail punishment cannot be entirely abolished and should be retained but should be restricted to the folowing offences (1) mutiny and incitement to mutiny, and (2) serious assaults on any public servant or visitor.

(b) Except in a case of emergency when there is no time to assemble a Board, whipping shall not be ordered by the Superintendent alone but by a Board of three members. One of them shall be the District Magistrate or the Sessions Judge, if either officer is in the station, and in their absence a Magistrate of the first class. Another shall be one of the visitors of Prisons appointed under Chapter XVI of the Bombay Jail Manual, Part I. . . . .

(c) Before carrying out the sentence, the sanction of Government must be obtained except where the sentencing authority is, for reasons to be stated in writing, clearly of opinion that the sentence should be carried out immediately." We should much prefer the complete abolition of flogging as early as possible. But till the normal jail discipline is so far improved as to dispense with such punishment altogether, it may be necessary to keep it in reserve to be resorted to in grave cases and under suitable safeguards on the lines suggested by the Committee.

Wanted Radical Reform

We have suggested above that flogging, even where it is permitted may be found unenecessary if the general treatment of prisoners is considerably improved. But how is that to be done? The Chairman of the Committee considers the issue in very general terms in a separate minute. He rightly urges that the whole atmosphere in jails should be radically reformed, that the ideal for jail discipline should be "the maximum of the reformatory and the minimum of the deterrent element in prison life" He does not lay down specific rules to achieve this ideal, as it is too big a question to be dealt with without special investigation. But he pertinently suggests that the personal element is at least as important as rules and adds: "If prevention is better than cure, if the occasions when it is necessary to consider the question of infliction of whipping are to be as few and far between as possible, then the personality and the spirit of the Jailor from whom warders take their cue and Superintendents receive their reports, are elements as important as the laws and rules which government frame in this regard. He accordingly recommends that when occasions arise such a solution of Jailors should be made "as will increase the reformatory spirit in jails and minimise the occasions when the question of the necessity of whipping will at all arise." We would suggest that Government should immediately appoint a Committee to consider the whole question of reforming jail administration.

A Poet "Patriot"

Material greed and lust for power brutalize men and a whole nation. How deep that double poison has eaten into the soul of Japan is revealed by the otherwise amazing letters which have been addressed to Mahatma Gandhi and Doctor Tagore by Japan's famous poet, Yone Noguchi. We have read his outburst with feelings less of anger than of sorrow. The spectacle of a poet turning an Imperialist "patriot" is tragic, all the more so because the artistic temperament revels in thoroughness. No imperialist statesman even of Japan or Italy speaking with his tongue in his cheek could be more audacious and blatant. The intentions of the Japanese towards the Chinese are on record. They are consolidated in the 21 demands formulated by Japan years ago. They constitute an open desire to annex China politically as well as economically to the Empire of Japan as the colony of the latter. They do not mean freedom of China from the "influence of the West" but her transfer as a vassal from the vague control of the west to the imperialism of China. The hypocrisy of the claim as urged by M. Nogouchi is too obvious to deceive any one. The Japanese, says M. Nogouchi, want to save China; they are inspired only by the noble object of helping her along material and even cultural progress. And they are pursuing that object with bombs, aeroplanes and, now, poison gas also! At the best one can only pity M. Nogouchi.

A Gesture And A Message

Measured by the material necessity of the Chinese the Indian Ambulance Unit, which has left for China under the leadership of Dr. Atal, is but a humble, almost negligible, contribution from this country. But it is the sincere and whole-hearted gesture by the Indian Nation, of admiration for the heroic manner in which the people of China are fighting brutal aggression in spite of bombs and poison gas. It is a gesture of solidarity with China in the common struggle against what the Congress President describes as "forces of Imperialism, autocracy and spiritual wickedness." It is, as Mrs. Naidu said, the message of India "that wherever Independence was, East or West, they were there in the spirit, because they were fighters, fighting not for the selfish economic and political independence of their country, but fighting for the right of humanity to be free." The gallant band of which Dr. Atal is the leader carry this message as the representatives of India's solidarity with China. And we have no doubt that they will acquit with honour to themselves and to their country.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Gleanings From The World Press

(By Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Aug. 25.

A good example of the type of mind that governed the British army during the last war is given in a letter to the "Times".

Sir Douglas Haig, as he was then, was addressing some staff officers, as Commander-in-Chief at Aldershot, on July 22, 1914. "I hope that none of you gentlemen, he said, "are so foolish as to think that aeroplanes will be able to be usefully employed for reconnaissance purposes in war. There is only one way for a commander to get information by reconnaissance, and that is the old method employed by Napoleon. . .that is to say, by the use of cavalry".

And no doubt they most of them agreed with him.

No Time Limit For Test Matches.

The "no time limit" Test matches may be a strain on the players, but they are a source of rejoicing to the Cricket Board of Control.

The takings on the first three days of the last Test Match at the Oval have been about £16,000. On the fourth (and the last day of the match), however, the crowd was much smaller. Four years ago this final Test realised £18,000. It was finished in four days.

The division of Test Match receipts is complicated. The Australians get half the outer gate less entertainment tax—the "outer gate" being all takings other than those for reserved seats accommodation. In 1934 the Australian went back after receiving £22,564 as their share of the Test receipts This year it promises to be somewhat larger.

The English share is administered by the Board of Control. After expenses have been paid the remainder is allocated among the English Cricket Clubs. The five clubs whose grounds are used for the matches divide the 40 per cent of the spoils. The thirteen first-class counties whose grounds have not been used receive 50 per cent as their share. The minor counties and Oxford and Cambridge Universities get the remaining 10 per cent. Already £750 has been paid out to each first-class county "on account".

The players are not so fortunate. The professionals are paid only £50, plus expenses, for each match. But they are not paid a penny for "overtime", not even Leonard Hutton.

Wireless and Poultry.

That the wireles was responsible for killing her poultry was solemnly declared by an elderly woman at Tipperary District Court when she used two neighbours for 5s. 6d. damages for loss of the birds.

It was her firm belief, she said, that the neighbours' wireless had killed two hens which were in an outhouse. The neighbours had some kind of switch by means of which they destroyed her fowl. Amid laughter she said she had several times gone to the police and asked them to stop this killing of birds by wireless, but they had done nothing.

One of the neighbours' accused, said the complainant was always "chewing the rag" with him about the wireless and her poultry, but he took no notice of her, believing her to be suffering from illusions. The prosecution was dismissed with costs against the complainant.

Anti-Czech Propaganda.

Few of us realise the intensity with which Dr. Goebbels uses his propaganda machine. He has turned his stream of hate on full flood against Czechoslovakia. During the last thirty days the following radio attacks have been delivered.

Against the Government: 194 times.

Against officials and law courts: 172 times.

Against the Army: 106 times.

Propaganda on behalf of Sudeten Germans: 336 times.

Pro-Polish and Slovak propaganda suggesting internal revolt: 34 times.

Anti-Czechoslovakia propaganda suggesting that the country is going Communist: 31 times.

Eight hundred and seventy-three hymns of hate in one month!

Dr. Schuschnigg.

Dr. Schuschnigg has written the priest of the small Slovenian village of Kamnik asking for the birth certificate of his grandfather and great grandfather, who were both born at Kamnik—now part of Jugoslavia.

Dr. Schuschnigg is obliged apparently to prove his Aryanism so that his 12-year-old son, Kurt, may be allowed to sit among the

(Continued on Page 8, Col. 6).

OUR LONDON LETTER

Will Chamberlain Go?

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, Aug. 25.

The Prime Minister, who came down from his holidays in Scotland to consult London specialists, would seem to be in much poorer health than is generally believed His catarrh is said to have improved under treatment but his general health is such as to raise speculation about his successor. Some time before Mr. Baldwin's retirement, it will be remembered, rumours about his failing health gathered strength and similarly Mr. Eden's retirement from the Foreign Secretaryship was heralded by a crop of rumours stating that he had been over-exerting himself in his endeavours to secure peace and a long period of rest was necessary to restore him to complete health. This seems to be a normal British method of preparing for the exit of a statesman

Carlton Club Meeting

Mr. Chamberlain's future is sufficiently uncertain as to justify a meeting of Conservatives at the Carlton Club. This was, of course, a secret affair, but I understand, on reliable authority that many leading figures in the Conservative Party were present and that the subject of discussion was Mr. Chamberlain's likely successor. Mr. Chamberlain has by no means acquitted himself with credit. That is undoubtedly the conviction of a large part even of the British public. But he appears to be giving satisfaction to the majority of the Tories. There is, however, a section among his own supporters who have been growing restless and alarmed at the impotent complacency with which Mr. Chamberlain is surrendering one position after another to Fascist bluff. The meeting, at the Carlton Club, was mainly concerned with British Foreign policy and the best person to be in charge of the Government in case Mr. Chamberlain should be forced to resign. The main themes of discussion, I am told, were the health of the Prime Minister, the possibility of his present policy reaching a deadlock which might combine with his health to render it difficult for him to carry on, and, thirdly, the possibility of war and the position of the Conservative Party in that eventuality.

Simon's Prospects

The most surprising feature of the meeting was the emergence of Sir John Simon as the most probable successor to the Prime Ministership. In fact, I gather that at the meeting it was virtually decided that Sir John Simon would be the best man for the job. Who has been pushing Sir John's claims is not known. But obviously it must be someone of considerable authority. Sir John of course, would not find it easy to get himself accepted as Prime Minister by the Conservatives, for he was for many years a member of the Liberal Party. But Sir John has atoned for whatever Liberal leanings he may have had in the past by the subserviency with which he has been toeing the Conservative line in the Chamberlain Government and before that under Mr. Baldwin's Premiership. Any candidate for the Prime Ministership who seeks Conservative support must obtain the backing of the Tory veterans of the Carlton Club. Although these represent only a section, and a small section at that, of Conservative opinion in the country, they have in the past played a decisive role and the first step in securing Sir John Simon's promotion to the Premiership had, therefore, to be the capture of the Carlton Club. That presumably, is what was accomplished at this meeting on Tuesday. I gather that it was felt generally that in the present crisis of Conservative policy, which was bound to become more acute if war breaks out, Sir John Simon could be relied upon—perhaps the only leading Cabinet Minister, apart from Mr. Chamberlain who could be—to pursue obediently the lines of the Chamberlain policy under even more humiliating circumstances. In other words, a situation was envisaged in which the retreats and defeats and abandonments of vital positions necessitated by the Chamberlain policy of refusal to oppose the aggressor Powers in Spain or elsewhere, would become still more open and alarming, for instance, in the event of war, or on the actual eve of the war. It can hardly be doubted that there would then be a profound split in the Conservative Party. The Carlton Club meeting, it is further reported, represented the extreme right, favoured avoidance of opposition to the aggressors at all cost, and looked upon Sir John Simon as the most obedient and useful leader for that faction

Anti-Semitism In Italy

The truth about the outbreak of anti-Semitism in Rome has not yet been revealed To nearly all observers it has come as a great surprise Political commentators everywhere have been at a loss to account for it. The usual explanation put forward is that the economic condition in Italy has deteriorated to such an extent that Mussolini has thought it expedient to divert public attention and give Italians a scapegoat. I am in a position to give the true background of the campaign launched against the Jews in Italy during the last month or so

Italo-German Pact

My information is that the real origin of anti-Semitism in Italy must be traced back, strange as it may seem, to the military conversations between Germany and Italy which took place some time ago. As a result of those conversations, a document was produced embodying expert German opinion on the state of the Italian armed forces. Known as the Blomberg report, the document attracted some attention at the time. Its general purport was to the effect that the armament industry in Italy as well as the internal raw material situation was such that the Italian army had reached its peak of mechanised efficiency and that unless some scheme of reconstruction were adopted, the Italian army would soon begin to deteriorate. It is implicit in the Rome-Berlin Axis that German and Italian forces should be

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 3.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

WORSE THAN BESTIAL

The Chinese have been protesting for some time against the use by the Japanese of poison gas which according to their allegation had wiped out whole battalions of troops. The Chinese reports have now been confirmed by foreign observers who have toured the fronts south of the Yangtse. "These observers", says "Reuter". "declared that the Japanese are not using gas on a large scale but resorting to it at critical moments on strategic points, where they are unable to break through the strong defences otherwise." In other words they are winning their important victories with poison gas. The resort to this means of horrible killing marks the culmination of brutality which is infinitely worse than that associated with beasts and brutes of the jungle. Japanese Imperialism has, of course, gone mad—the diabolical disease has possessed even Yone Noguchi, the famous poet. But do the World Powers not owe it to humanity to stop this frightfulness of poison gas?

UNFAIR

The Bombay Municipal Commissioner opposes the extension of leave rules to the Municipal employees in the "inferior service" on the plea that it will cost something. But surely it also costs something to apply the leave rules to the superior service. Human considerations are not to be totally ignored in calculating costs. All those who work hard need some days' leave. And the Commissioner cannot say that the employees in the "inferior service" have too light a work to need leave. Nor can these poor men without any bank balance be expected to go on leave without pay. It is irrelevant to plead that these employees' pay has recently been increased and that they enjoy the advantages of a provident fund. The increased pay is certainly not more than their work is worth. And the provident fund is intended to induce them to stick on to their jobs. In any case these usual rights of employees should not deprive them of their other rights

SCANDALOUS PROPOSAL

Dr. Lohia has done well to draw the attention of the public the dangers of the Evian Scheme for the settlement of Jews in Kenya. As he points out, the best and most fertile parts of the land are already reserved for Europeans. This is scandalous enough. Now it is intended to dump Jewish refugees on the country for which the Africans and Indians will be robbed of the little that they hold. A grave outrage is about to be committed and we, therefore, hope that Congress M.L.A.'s in the Central Assembly will immediately take up the question. Incidentally it is worthy of the note that the very altruistic Powers which were represented at Evian showered their sympathies in ample measure but designed relief at the expense of others.

MILITARY TRAINING.

Replying to a question in the Bombay Legislative Assembly, the Premier stated that the question of introducing military training in schools and colleges is under the consideration of the Government. We wish we were given more particulars about Government's plans. The military training given in the Shri Shivaji Preparatory Military School at Poona and the Bhonsle Military School at Nasik is of a very rudimentary character and such training may well be provided in several other schools without any great difficulty. It may at least create a military bias among those who are unfairly stigmatised by the Government of India as non-martial communities and as such denied entry into the Army. For any advanced military training co-operation of the Government of India is necessary. And if that co-operation is not forthcoming Congress should take serious notice of such an attitude.

ROYAL INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE

The Third Report of the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, for the years 1934-37 shows that the Institute is doing very good work. Its results at the University examinations are creditable and more so are the theses and papers by senior students published in recognised journals. But we fear that the annual cost of maintaining the Institute is very heavy, even making allowance for the fact that science institutions are costly. Attempts must be made to reduce the cost.

TRAINING OF ENGINEERS.

The Bombay Port Trust, which has long preserved the higher engineering posts under it as a virtual monopoly for Europeans, has now so far yielded to public agitation for rapid Indianisation as to undertake a scheme of training as marine engineers men possessing suitable engineering qualifications. Though the present scheme will only provide for the future requirements of the Port Trust Service, another scheme for training pupils in the same line immediately after graduating at Indian Engineering Colleges is proposed to be undertaken at an early date. We trust men with the necessary engineering qualification will fully avail themselves of both these schemes, whether or not they are guaranteed any posts after their training.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

A bird in the bush is worth two in the cat's mouth.

What children need is more models and fewer critics.

The average girl would rather have freckles than a low instep.

If money didn't make the mare go, doubtless it would get the horse laugh.

It is the man at the little end of the horn who is either hooted or applauded by the crowd.

Paradoxical though it may seem, contractors are frequently engaged in widening streets and alleys.

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Professors Zherve and Patrov, Naval Academy Directors, were shot on a charge of teaching the futility of the Soviet's building a big navy and favouring a defensive rather than an offensive navy. It is announced now that these schools of theory, extirpated the Soviet's will to pursue an ambitious naval construction programme."—Moscow Message.

* * * *

The visit which the present Under-Secretary of State for India threatens promises to pay to this country "is not in any way concerned with the question of Federation."

Then he will lose a valuable opportunity for self-instruction.

* * * *

Foreign observers in China have confirmed the report that the Japanese use poison gas.

Mr. Yone Noguchi should address another series of letters to Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. Tagore explaining in his—thank heavens—inimitable poetic way, how the gas is given to the Chinese only in judicious doses and exclusively for the good of their cultural and physical health.

* * * *

By the way we do hope Dr. Atal and his colleagues have been supplied with gas-masks for the Japanese, at critical moments, are quite likely to feel inclined to give them a dose of their gaseous culture.

* * * *

"Simla, August 31.—An earthquake shock was felt here at 8-59 p.m. to-night."—A.P.I.

Has it anything to do with the confirmation of Mr. R. M. Maxwell as Home Member which was announced earlier in the day?

* * * *

The President of the Central Jamiat-ul-Ulema-i-Hind, says a Delhi report, has been invited to attend the World Muslim Conference at Cairo on the Palestine question.

Mr. Jinnah must, therefore, refuse to attend unless the organisers recognise the Muslim League as the sole representative of Muslims and unless they promise not to invite anyone else.

* * * *

A supporter of the Panchayats Bill quoted in the Bombay Assembly a remark made by Dr. Ambedkar in 1933 to the effect that "village Benches should not be thought of till a National Government came into power and till autonomy was established."

* * * *

But, there is nothing really contradictory in the famous Doctor's opposition to the present Bill, too.

A "National Government" is a government functioning under the autonomy of Dr. Ambedkar.

* * * *

For the fourth time in three weeks the British Government's representative called on Count Ciano in connection with Italian intervention in Spain.

We hope the Fascist Foreign Minister was not bored.

* * * *

"India's" delegate to the League of Nations, Sir Sultan Ahmad, will impress upon the Aga Khan the need for His Highness visiting India in connection with prevailing political situation here, says a report.

Why, why? There is nothing to worry about the situation. It's well in hand, thanks to the Leader of the Muslim League.

* * * *

A TEA-TIME THOUGHT:—

"It was a wise man that recommended men for their souls' good to do each day two things they disliked. And it is a precept that I have followed scrupulously for every day I have got up and I have gone to bed."

—SOMERSET MAUGHAM.

* * * *

Magistrate: As regards the ownership of this eight-day clock, my decision is that the plaintiff gets the clock.

Defendant: And what about me, your Worship?

Magistrate: You get the eight days.

Panchayats Bill

No Dissenting Voice In First Reading

Select Committee To Submit Report Before End Of November

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE).

POONA: September 1.

EXACTLY A WEEK AFTER IT WAS FIRST INTRODUCED, THE BILL TO AMEND THE VILLAGE PANCHAYATS ACT, WAS REFERRED TO THE SELECT COMMITTEE DURING THE SECOND READING BY THE BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO-DAY.

THERE WAS NOT A SINGLE DISSENTING VOICE RAISED, WHEN THE MOTION FOR THE FIRST READING OF THE BILL WAS PUT TO VOTE.

The Select Committee has been instructed to submit its report to the Assembly before the end of November this year.

Back-benchers To Fore

Back-benchers came to the fore to-day during the discussion of the motion for the first reading. Charges that Congress members were mere dumb people and did not know how to speak, were disproved when half a dozen of them spoke and spoke effectively on the absolute necessity of legislation in the matter. Some of them were repeatedly cheered when they gave effective replies to the Leader of the Opposition and the members of the Independent Labour Party.

WOMEN'S CLAIM.

For the first time during this session two women members spoke, one from the Congress Benches and the other from the Opposition Benches. Both of them agreed on one demand, namely, that Government should give adequate representation for women on village panchayats.

It appears Government are likely to accept two or three vital amendments in the Select Committee. They will accept that there should be panchayats in all villages with a population of a thousand and over, they would be prepared to provide that village benches should be elected once a year instead of once in three years as provided so that minorities also might get adequate representation and they might accept the provision that the secretary of the panchayat should be selected by government from the panel of two or three persons recommended by the District Local Board.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, will introduce and move the first reading of the Trade Disputes Bill on Friday after the question hour. There are no less than 84 clauses, to which more than 400 amendments have been tabled. Most of them are from representatives of Labour and Capital.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

When the Bombay Legislative Assembly reassembled in the Council Hall to-day, Khan Bahadur Yusuf Abdulla, Muslim Leaguer from Satara was sworn in.

The new member read out the oath of allegiance in Marathi to the amusement of the entire House.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, drew attention of the Leader of the Opposition to this fact while the Khan Bahadur was reading out the oath.

PANCHAYATS BILL

After question hour, discussion on the First Reading of the Village Panchayats Bill was resumed.

Mr. Morarji Patel (Muslim League) was opposed to the measure and advanced almost the same arguments advanced by his leader. He felt that the secretary who is to be appointed by the Government was bound to show leanings towards one or other party in view of the meagre salary that he would be receiving. As it is, there was very little litigation in rural areas. If village benches with judicial powers were established, he felt confident that litigation was bound to increase. He vehemently opposed the imposition of house tax.

Mrs. Faiz Tyabji offered a few remarks and urged that women should get proper representation on these village panchayats. Her claim was that women should get at least 50 per cent representation.

Mr. G. H. Deshpande (Congress) was surprised at the arguments advanced by Mr. B. K. Gaikwad who expressed unnecessary fears. Mr. Gaikwad himself had been elected to positions of honour and power by the bulk of caste Hindu votes. He assured the House that this kind of trouble would slowly disappear.

VILLAGE BENCHES

Sardar Vinchurkar approved of the appointment of secretaries by Government in the initial stages, but villagers should not be allowed to elect members of village benches as had been provided. That would mean giving too much power in the hands of villagers. Government should appoint these benches.

Mr. R. N. Mandlik supported the measure. He felt confident that though there might be differences of opinion, none would deny that the present Government was not national and not popular (hear hear). But that would not mean that none can criticise the actions of the Congress Government. He disagreed with Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi who stated that these Panchayats would be made use for carrying on party propaganda. He knew that Government had brought forward measure with best of motives.

WOMEN'S DEMANDS

Mrs. Nagamma Patil who was cheered by all sections of the House supported the measure and urged Congress Government to give representation to women on village panchayats. She wanted representation for women on village benches also. The Congress Government had given representation to women on municipalities and local boards. Why should they not provide for women representatives in village panchayats also, she asked. She was for 50 per cent representation for women on the panchayats. Congress stood for equality of sexes. They had already taken steps to justify their claim. For example, in the United Provinces, Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit was included in the cabinet and she asked why the Bombay Government should not follow that example. It was not unknown to them with what enthusiasm women worked. They had votes and cast their votes intelligently.

PANCHAYATS AND HARIJANS

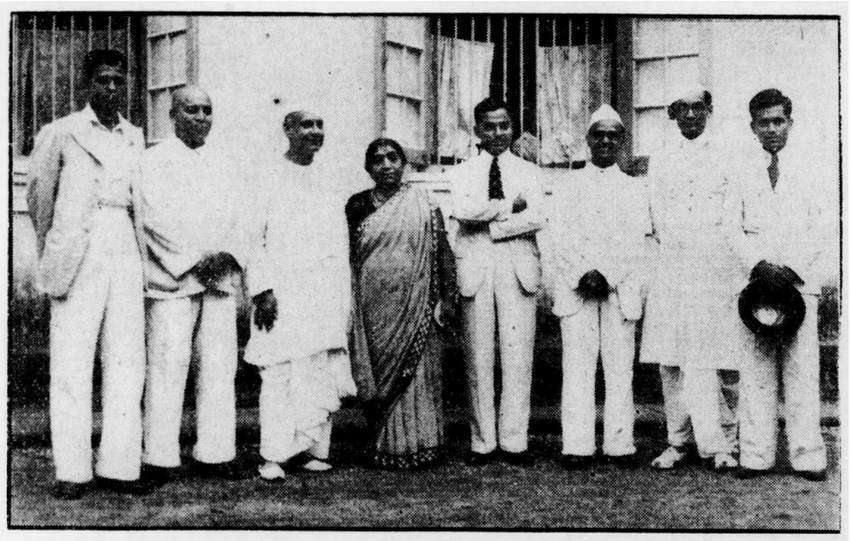
Mr. F. B. Dhabi (Congress) stated that within two or three years, all troubles that 'untouchables' have been bearing will vanish by the introduction of the Village Panchayats of the type contemplated. There has already been awakening among the people. Even in the remote villages people have begun to feel that it was not right to treat their brothers as 'untouchables'. When panchayats are established" he felt confident that villagers will become self-confident and begin to manage their affairs more effectively.

Mr. K. R. Talkar (Congress Scheduled Caste) said that since Congress came into power, there had been a change in the administration and Government officials were treating people better than they used to do in the past. Members of the Independent Labour Party had stated that member of Scheduled Castes were not being given justice. He asked why should they not get united and organised instead of making complaints. No charge against Congress can lay with justification as that was the best friend of Harijans. After all, Congress Government could not immediately look only to the inconvenience of Scheduled Castes. After all, they had to take into consideration all others that live in the province.

"GOOD PROTECTION BILL"

Mr. P. J. Roham (Independent Labour Party) averred that the Bill was a good protection bill if it retained judicial powers to Panchayats. He gave instances of how caste Hindus ill-treated members of Scheduled Castes. The condition in rural areas was different from what was obtaining in the urban area. They were not opposed to judicial powers being conferred on village benches if that was done after untouchability was wiped out of the country. He had no objection if benches, instead of being elected, were appointed by Government. He, however, suggested that members of Scheduled Castes on these benches should be appointed in

(Continued on page 8, col. 4)



A public meeting was held at Jinnah Hall, Congress House, on Wednesday evening to give a hearty send off to the Congress Chinese Ambulance Unit. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu (centre) presided on the occasion.

Indian Ambulance Unit Leaves For China

DELEGATION WILL REPORT THEMSELVES TO HONGKONG RED CROSS SOCIETY

"We have got an incomparable leader in Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. If we follow him victory will be ours."

This was the message given by Dr. M. Atal leader of the Indian Ambulance Unit to China, which left Bombay at midnight on Thursday by S.S. "Rajputana."

The ambulance unit consists of Drs. M. Atal, M. R. Cholkar, D. Kotnis, D. Mukherjee and A. K. Basu. They are carrying with them 54 cases of medicine as also 32,000 c.c. of cholera vaccine donated by the Government of Bombay They also carry the surgical instruments of the late Dr. M. A. Ansari, which were given to them by Begum Ansari.

AT THE MOLE

A large number of citizens and a contingent of the Chinese residents of Bombay were present at the Mole station to give them a hearty send off.

Prominent among those present were, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mr. and Mrs. Hutheesingh, Col. Sokhey and Mrs. Sokhey Mr. Y. S. Chen, Vice-Consul for China in Bombay, and Mrs. Chen.

The members of the delegation were garlanded by Mrs. Chen and a group of Chinese school-children sang a Chinese national song Col. Sokhey presented Dr. Atal with a box of vaccines for the personal use of the members of the brigade.

The Brigade will report themselves to the Chinese Red Cross Society at Hongkong. They hope to return home in about a year.

World Achievement.

Wireless Light

A few months ago 400 market gardeners in Germany were lighting their houses with stolen wireless waves. An astonishing story it is.

One of the gardeners, it seems, had the notion of lighting a lamp by using the electric energy passing through his house whenever programmes were being broadcast from Hamburg. After experimenting he found he could light a pocket lamp. Then he arranged to tap sufficient energy to light a table-lamp. As he was getting light free of charge he told his neighbours how it was done, and the secret was handed on till 400 market gardeners were poaching on the preserves of the Hamburg station. At first the authorities were amused at the idea, but after a time they discovered that five per cent. of the energy they were broadcasting was taken, and they prosecuted the thieves.

The case gave the court some trouble. The evidence for the prosecution was not convincing. Had the electric current been supplied by wire the market gardeners could have been accused of stealing electricity, but the bye-laws of broadcasting had nothing to say about people using wireless waves for domestic illumination. The three market gardeners who represented the colony in what was regarded as a test case were fined trifling sums; but they were warned that the offence would become more serious and costly if repeated.

For most of us this new form of poaching is interesting because it is the beginning of a new form of illumination, although the B.B.C. has known of lamps being lighted by wireless waves in the Droitwich area. The German market gardeners have been playing with a scheme for lighting their houses by wireless, and the time cannot be far distant when this method of illuminating houses and streets will be seriously considered.

JAPANESE REPLY TO AMERICA

LONDON, August 31.

The Japanese reply to the United States protest regarding the forcing down of an airliner on August. 24 regrets that the life of an American pilot was endangered, but as the aircraft belonged to Chinese line it does not consider that the incident involves Japan with a third power.

The reply disagrees with the American account of the incident and gives the Japanese version asserting that the airliner attempted to hide in clouds convincing the Japanese pilots that it was an enemy machine. It says that the Japanese pilots saw the pilot and a few passengers near the entrance of the passenger compartment but as the spot was close to the river bank they thought that they could swim ashore.—Reuter.

HANKOW. Sept. 1.

The Chinese claim the biggest success since the battle of Taierchwang in a victory to the west of Juichang. Japanese forces were driven back four miles suffering four thousand casualties. Chinese claim the capture of seven hundred rifles and scores of machineguns.—Reuter.

5 Govt. 'Planes Shot Down

SALAMANCA, Sept. 1.

Terrific losses have been sustained by Government forces who attacked vainly on the Estremadura front and were pursued by the Nationalists, states a communique. It adds that five Republican war 'planes were shot down in air battle on the front.—Reuter.

REBEL AIR RAID ON PALAMOS

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Ten were killed and forty injured and thirty houses destroyed in a nationalist air-raid on Palamos and the coastal township of Gerona, according to a Republican news agency report from Barcelona.—Reuter.

Australians Win By 10 Wickets

England XI Dismissed For Paltry 99 In Second Innings

LONDON, Sept. 1.

In their match against an England XI, at Blackpool the Australians dismissed the home team for a paltry 99 in the second innings and made the necessary 58 runs for no loss to win the match by 10 wickets on Thursday.

The Australians obtained their 58 in 40 minutes' play. Badcock off-boundaried Howorth in 4 balls in succession, which showed there was little wrong with the wicket despite the two days' play.

The weather was fine after early rain lasting for 2 hours.

Wicket was very wet and play in the match between the Australians and an England Eleven was resumed at 12-30 p.m. to-day, after a couple of inspections.

Howorth was caught by Hassett at square-leg off O'Reilly for 8 (33/2).

Worthington joined Smith and 50 of the innings was reached in 45 minutes. Smith was caught by Hassett off White for 26 (60/3).

Townsend joined Worthington, but had added only 1 run when he was given leg before wicket to O'Reilly for 1 (61/4).

Croom was caught by Badcock off O'Reilly for 4 (67/5). At the same score Worthington was out to a catch by Brown off Ward for 7.

This brought Warburton and Amarsingh together but the latter was out for no score of a catch by Brown at mid-off off Ward (67/7). Warburton and Pope were batting with 5 and 4 respectively, with the score at 76 for 7 wicket at lunch.

The wicket was tricky under the influence of sunshine.

WARD'S 2 WICKETS.

On resumption after lunch Ward captured 2 wickets in succession for 2 runs. He had conceded only 20 runs for the 4 wickets he took. Pope was caught by Badcock off Ward for 6 (78/8), and Eckersley was caught by Brown off the same bowler for a "duck." (78/9).

When O'Reilly clean bowled Duckworth for 15, the England Eleven's second innings came to a close for 99 with Warburton not out with 11.

Badcock and Brown opened the Australian's second innings confidently. Runs came rapidly and in a very short time they had made the necessary 58 runs, Badcock and Brown remaining not out with 29 and 15 respectively.

Scores:—

ENGLAND XI (2nd Innings.)	
Edrich, l.-b.-w. O'Reilly	9
Smith, c Hassett, b White	26
Howorth, c Hassett, b O'Reilly.	8
Worthington, c Brown, b Ward.	7
Townsend, l.-b.-w. O'Reilly	1
Croom, c Badcock, b O'Reilly.	4
Warburton, (not out)	11
Amarsingh, c Brown, b Ward.	0
Pope, c Badcock, b Ward	6
Eckersley, c Brown, b Ward.	0
Duckworth, b O'Reilly	15
Extras	12
Total	99

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
McCormick	2	1	4	0
Waite	2	1	6	0
O'Reilly	16	6	44	5
Ward	8	1	20	4
White	7	4	13	1

AUSTRALIANS (2nd Innings.)

Badcock (not out)	29
Brown (not out)	15
Extras	14
Total (for no loss)	58

Czech Dispute Taking Strong Turn For Better

Sudetens Voting For Resumption Of Talks?

PRAGUE, August 31.

HERE IS A GENERAL FEELING OF OPTIMISM THIS EVENING AS IT IS FELT THAT THE SITUATION WILL TAKE A STRONG TURN FOR THE BETTER.

DR. BENES' PROCLAMATION TO-MORROW WILL URGE THAT THE PROBLEM SHOULD BE ATTACKED IN TWO STAGES, NAMELY, IMMEDIATE AND LATER PROGRAMMES.

The immediate programme comprises seven points:

Firstly, national groups will be given specified proportions of their share of administration;

Secondly, Germans will have a proportion of thirty per cent;

Thirdly, nationals will be employed as far as possible in Government posts of their own districts with the exception of defence organisations;

Fourthly, the number of Czech police in Non-Czech districts will be gradually reduced;

Fifthly, the law relating to languages will be modified;

Sixthly, a loan will be floated for public works, a part of which will be used to modernise industrial undertakings in the Sudeten region;

Seventhly, each District will enjoy cultural autonomy.

CZECH CABINET AGREES TO PROPOSALS

The inter-political cabinet meeting this afternoon agreed to the details of the proposals after they were explained by Dr. Hodza, whose report on the general situation they also fully approved.

These developments, together with Lord Runciman's mission talks, and yesterday's meeting between Dr. Benes and Dr. Kundt all point to the same direction, namely, towards an agreement on the question of principle underlying Herr Henlein's Carlsbad speech with its demand for "Recognition and equality" for Sudetens.

SUDETEN PARTY MEETING

The meeting of the Political Committee of the Sudeten Party called for to-morrow will decide as to whether or not Dr. Benes' proposals satisfy the conditions enunciated by Herr Kundt for the resumption of negotiations. The general belief is that the party will reply in the affirmative.

BENES' PLAN TO SETTLE DISPUTE

"Situation Has Taken Strong Turn For The Better"

PRAGUE, Sept. 1.

Dr. Benes, in a proclamation to be made to-day, is expected to outline his plan to settle the Sudeten dispute. He hopes to tackle the Nationalities' problem in two stages, namely immediate and later programmes.

The Political Committee of the Suteden Party, which will meet to-day, it is believed, will vote for continuation of the negotiations as most of their demands, as contained in Herr Henlein's Carlsbad speech, have been conceded.

The situation, it is felt in Prague, has taken a strong turn for the better.

Japan Hit With Terrible Typhoon

LONDON, Aug. 31.

THE WORST TYPHOON SINCE 1905 STRUCK TOKIO, YOKOHAMA AND OTHER PARTS OF EASTERN JAPAN EARLY THIS MORNING WITH A WIND VELOCITY OF SEVENTY MILES PER HOUR.

Extensive damage to crops, possibly reaching the proportions of a national disaster is feared.

Yokohama and other towns were plunged into total darkness and all street lights in Tokio were out of action. Many houses collapsed and the roofs of others were ripped off. Railway and other traffic services are threatened as the rivers are steadily rising.

"CHITRAL" AGROUND

TOKIO.—The P. and O. Liner "Chitral" ran aground in Yokohama harbour as a result of a gale after snapping her mooring cables and drifting helplessly in the harbour. The vessel is now on reclaimed land.

According to one report "Chitral" swept against a Japanese vessel "Kumikawa Maru", which also snapped her mooring cables was blown out towards the sea and sent out an S. O. S.

The harbour is stated to be filled with capsized motor boats, fishing smacks and other wreckage.—Reuter.

Leaving a trial of havoc in Tokio district in which 30,000 houses were flooded, the typhoon passed seawards and struck the Yamagata prefecture.—Reuter

LANDSLIDES FOLLOW TYPHOON

TOKIO, Sept. 1.

Landslides following the typhoon increased the death-roll in many parts of the country. Thirteen were killed in the village Saitama Prefecture and eleven deaths are reported from Gumma Prefecture.

Three are known to be dead in Tokio, where twelve thousand persons are taking refuge in concentration camps. Seven hundred and thirty houses collapsed and over four thousand were damaged.

Three were killed in Yokohama and hundreds of houses demolished, also three sailing boats and two dredgers sank and two steamers were stranded.

The total shipping loss in Yokohama is estimated at five million yen. Reuter.

UNDER-SECRETARY OF STATE TO VISIT INDIA

LONDON, Aug. 31.

It is understood that Colonel A. J. Muirhead, Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for India and Burma will pay a short visit to India and Burma in the near future.

According to the present arrangements, he will leave England about the middle of September and will return towards the end of December. Colonel Muirhead, who succeeded Lord Stanley at the India and Burma offices in May 1938, has not previously been to India or Burma and is taking the opportunity afforded by the Parliamentary recess to carry out a project which he has had in mind since he first took up these appointments to make a brief study of conditions on the spot.

It is emphasised in official circles in London that Colonel Muirhead's visit has no special significance and is not in any way concerned with the question of Federation. His itinerary is at the moment tentative, but it is understood that in addition to visits to Delhi and various industrial and agricultural centres, it will probably include a visit to the North-West Frontier. Colonel Muirhead will be accompanied by Mr. H. H. Keeling, M.P., his Parliamentary Private secretary.—Reuter.

C.-In-C. Of "The Nore"

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Vice Admiral Sir H. J. Brownrigg has been appointed Commander-in-Chief, the "Nore," in succession to Sir E. R. Evans from Jan. 6. 1939. Reuter.

BURMA INDIAN LEADERS AT SIMLA

SIMLA, Sept. 1.

Mr. S. A. S. Tyabji and Mr. B. K. Dadachanji from Burma arrived in Simla this morning. They are here in connection with recent riots in Burma.—A. P.

Will Congress M.L.A.'s Resign?

If Central Assembly's Life Is Extended

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Sept. 1.

I understand authoritatively that the new Secretariat for Governor-General will come into existence soon after Lord Linlithgow's return sometime before the end of November. It is now definitely settled that Mr. J. A. Thorne will be Secretary of the Governor-General's Office, while his place as Home Secretary will be taken by Mr. F. H. Puckle at present Private Secretary to the Viceroy.

Mr. E. Conran Smith will be the Joint Secretary in the Governor-General's Office. It is not likely that the Joint Secretaryship of the Home Department will be filled. On the other hand there is also the feeling that as no definite indications are forthcoming regarding the Government's plans for Federation the time has come for the Congress Members to review this position in the Central Legislature. If the Government is ready with its plans for Federation let it come forward with them and announce the date. If it considers the delay is inevitable let there be at least some interim arrangement for Central Government which will satisfy popular demands and remove the present anomaly. Let there be a conference of leaders called by the Viceroy. It is in this direction that the minds of members are moving.

There is already evidence of opinion that if Government does not end this prolonged uncertainty and means to go on with continued extensions of the present Assembly, it would be better for the Congress members to vacate their seats and leave the Assembly to itself.

Much depends on what happens after Lord Linlithgow's return but this question is expected to assume considerable importance at the time of the next Congress session.

Interesting developments are foreshadowed if Government decides to give another extension to Assembly.

CAN PRESIDING OFFICER APPOINT SUBSTITUTE AND VOTE

An apparently trifling incident during a division in the Assembly to-day led to some excitement and finally raised an important constitutional issue, which is likely to have further repercussions both in the House and outside

The division was called on Prof. Ranga's amendment to exclude political offences from the category of disqualifications for obtaining a licence

Mr. A. C. Dutta, Deputy President, was in the chair as the voting was in progress. Mr. Satyamurti, who was among the first to record his vote, came out of the lobby and, as one of the panel of Chairmen of the Assembly, temporarily occupied the Chair, while Mr A. Dutta went and voted and then re-occupied the Chair.

Before the result of the division was announced, Sir Ziauddin, on a point of order, asked whether the arrangement by which Mr. Datta recorded his vote could arise at this stage. Sir Ziauddin, before Mr. Datta had completed his remarks, stood up once or twice and somewhat excitedly asked that a definite ruling on his point of order should be given.

"OLD WRANGLER."

Angry cries of "Order" assailed him from the Congress benches, but Sir Ziauddin persisted in demanding a ruling. Shouts of "Order, order" rose righer until Mr. Sri Prakasa interjected: "He is an old wrangler" and the House burst into hearty and boisterous laughter.

When the House became quiet again, Mr. Datta said although a ruling on the point of order was not necessary at this stage and although he would not like to give a ruling in a matter in which he was personally concerned, still he would say: "While I voted, I was not in the Chair and while Mr. Satyamurti voted he was not in the Chair." (Loud Laughter and cheers.)

Then Mr. Datta announced the result of the division as 51 for and 52 against and therefore the amendment was lost.

DEMAND FOR RULING.

Sir Mohamed Zafrullah, at this stage, again took up the point of order and asked whether a Chairman could take the Chair when the Deputy President was in the House.

Sir Zafrullah said he was only asking for a ruling for future occasions when there might be equality of voting. He recognised that for the present the Deputy President had given his ruling.

Mr. Aney pointed out that when there was equality of voting, it was for the Chair to decide at that time. No ruling could be binding on the President. The usual practice was for the President to vote for the "status quo," but even that was not binding. Moreover no ruling could be demanded on a hypothetical question as to what would happen if and when there was a tie.

Sir Mohamed Zafrullah quoted the Government of India Act, which laid down that all questions, in either Chamber, shall be determined by a majority of the votes of the members present other than the Presiding member, who shall have a casting vote in the case of a tie.

If, said Sir Mohamed, it was contended that Mr. Satyamurti was in the Chair at the time, he could not vote. If Mr. Datta was in the Chair at the time, then he could not vote. (Cheers). Mr. Datta said: "My ruling is there for the present occasion." My ruling may be right or wrong, but it is there."

Mr. Aney: You can never be wr[illegible] (Loud cheers).

[illegible]ULLAH'S CONTENTION

[illegible] Sir Abdur Rahim, the President, later came in and occupied the chair, Sir Mohamed Zafrullah raised the question once again.

It was debated at length in a tense House for about an hour and Sir Abdur Rahim reserved his ruling.

In the course of the debate the facts were first explained by Sir Mohd Zafrullah Khan to the President. Sir Mohd Zafrullah referred to the rule of the House, which laid down that any member of the Panel of chairman may preside over the proceedings of the House in the absence of the President or the Deputy President. In the first place, submitted Sir Mohamed, the Deputy President was not absent but he was taking part in the actual activities of the House. The question, therefore, was whether under the circumstances it was not open to the Deputy President to nominate one member of the Panel of Chairman to take the chair.

STATUTORY PROVISION.

Proceeding Sir Mahomed referred to the statutory provision, according to which all questions before the House should be decided by a majority of votes of the members of the House other than the Presiding member, who, however, would have the right to a casting vote in the event of a tie. The second question would therefore, be who was presiding on the occasion and whether whoever was occupying the Chair at that time was not disqualified from voting.

Mr. A. S. Datta pointed out that the position of the President and Deputy President in the Chair was one and the same and that nobody had the right to challenge a ruling that was once given by either.

Sir Mahomed Zafrullah interrupting disclaimed any intention of challenging the ruling. He was only asking for a ruling for future guidance.

DANGEROUS QUESTION

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai pointed out that the President could not be called upon to give any decision on any ruling that had already been given. The question was not, he continued, whether that particular ruling was right or wrong. The vote of the House, he declared could not be challenged. Further the question could not be raised without any occasion having arisen; otherwise every ruling that has been given during the past twenty years could be re-opened in this fashion and the ruling given by one president could be revised. It was most dangerous, he declared, to ask the Chair for a re-interpretation without any actual occasion necessitating such a re-interpretation having arisen.

Mr. Aney declared that the Lobby was not part of the House.

The President announced that as the matter was one of importance he would give his ruling later.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai thereupon submitted that in that case he would like to address a few observations on the facts with which he hitherto had not dealt. He pointed out that under the rule, the Deputy President had the right to call upon a member of the Panel of Chairmen to occupy the Chair. The only question on which a ruling was not required was whether, when he was not in the Chair, the Deputy President could or could not exercise the right of a member to vote.

MOOT POINT.

Sir Ziauddin Ahmed asked for a ruling on the point as to whose name would be recorded in the proceedings as the Presiding Officer at the time the division took place.

Mr. Satyamurthi as the person equally concerned in the incident with the Deputy President explained that he had voted in the division and the Deputy President called on him to occupy the Chair. The Deputy President then went out of the House to a place called the Lobby (Laughter) and afterwards re-entered the House and re-occupied the Chair. He also pointed out that similarly the President vacated the Chair when the President returned and went to the Division Lobby.

The House then proceeded with the discussion of the clauses.

NO PARALLEL

The unique character of the incidents in the House to-day is stressed in comments in the Lobby where the interest is of the liveliest description. No member can recall a precedent or parallel to the situation that has arisen. Attention is called to the fact that the ruling that was demanded from the Deputy President had no immediate practical application because in spite of Mr. Datta's vote, the Opposition lost the amendment by one vote. Sir Ziauddin who first raised the point of order on the incident is also a member of the Panel of Chairmen Sir Abdur Rahim's final ruling is looked forward to with an expectancy such as few rulings from the Chair could have excited.—A. P.

NO PEACE TILL EVERYONE IS ACCOUNTED FOR

CAWNPORE, Sept. 1.

In view of the persistent demand from the relatives and friends of political prisoners to secure their immediate release, Mahatma Gandhi in the course of his reply to Mr. Rajkumar Sinha says: "For my health I am working under enormous strain. Therefore, the delay in writing to you and other friends must not be interpreted as negligence on my part of the main work, which has brought you and other friends in touch with me. Let this suffice for you. There can be no peace for me till every political prisoner is accounted for."—A. P.

WHIPPING OF BIJAPUR PRISONER JUSTIFIED

'Chavan's Conduct Seriously Affected Jail Discipline'

MADGAVKAR COMMITTEE REPORT

BOMBAY: September 1.

THAT WHIPPING, AS A JAIL PUNISHMENT, CANNOT BE ENTIRELY ABOLISHED AND SHOULD BE RETAINED, BUT SHOULD BE RESTRICTED TO: (1) MUTINY AND INCITEMENT TO MUTINY, AND (2) SERIOUS ASSAULTS ON ANY PUBLIC SERVANT OR VISITOR, is the recommendation of the Madgavkar Committee, appointed by the Government of Bombay to enquire into the flogging of Gangaram Chavan, a prisoner in Bijapur Jail, on May 5 last.

Mr. G. D. Madgavkar is the Chairman of the Committee and Messrs. M. G. Bhandari and N. S. Lokur are the members. The Committee was asked to report whether the order of flogging was proper and justifiable and whether flogging as a jail punishment should be retained and if so, under what circumstances and subject to what safeguards.

CHAVAN'S CONDUCT

The Committee says that the conduct of Chavan seriously affected the discipline of the jail and that he was inciting the Criminal Tribe prisoners to follow him in his own indiscipline by raking up grievances such as their black caps. In view of Chavan's conduct which seriously affected the discipline of the jail and of his incitement of the nine prisoners of the Criminal Tribes and the possible spread of his defiant spirit and his conduct to others in the jail, the order of nine stripes was justifiable and under the circumstances not improper. Chavan or his companions had no real grievance against the jail authorities or their treatment in the jail. What they sought was a matter for Government alone and was quite outside the power of the jail authorities. The proper course for the prisoners who felt these grievances was to petition to Government and wait for Government orders on the point, and not to refuse food, to defy jail discipline or to shout slogans and incite other prisoners as Gangaram did. To permit Gangaram and his companions to persist not only in the hunger-strike but also in their slogans and shouting would have been subsersive of all jail discipline and the disorder might have spread to the other prisoners in the jail.

"NOT IMPROPER"

The order of whipping, continues the report of the Committee, was within the law and not improper, being limited to nine stripes and inflicted only on the leader who had been caught in the act and was defiant to the last and one medically classed as "good hard".

The disturbance in jail had lasted for three hours, the jailor had been unable to quell it; the Superintendent had equally failed; one of the three ring leaders was about to spit on him. These fifteen persons were adjuring other prisoners not to touch their food by the filthy suggestions which appeal to that class of mind.

The District Magistrate's attempts at pacification had succeeded, if at all, only in part. The general attitude of each prisoner was in the case of some insolent, in the case of all defiant, and the slogans had not stopped.

WHO CAN ORDER WHIPPING

The Committee also recommended that (a) that except in a case of emergency, when there is not time to assemble a Board, whipping shall not be ordered by the Superintendent alone but by a Board of three members. One of them shall be the District Magistrate or the Sessions Judge, if either officer is in the station and in their absence a Magistrate of the First Class. Another shall be one of the visitors of Prisons. The Superintendent of the Prison may himself be a third member of the Board except when the offence is committed in his presence or he is required to give evidence before the Board. In such a case one of the other visitors will be the third member of the Board, (b) before carrying out the sentence, the sanction of Government must be obtained except where the sentencing authority is, for reasons to be stated in writing, clearly of opinion that the sentence should be carried out immediately.—United Press.

PANCHAYATS BILL GOES TO SELECT COMMITTEE

(Continued from page 7)

consultation with Independent Labour Party in the House.

Patil's Reply

Hon. Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Lcoal Self-Government replying to the debate stated that Government had made their policy clear that wherever separate electorates existed they would continue but they would never create separate electorates wherever they did not exist. Under the Panchayat Act, separate electorates did not exist and Government were not now going to introduce separate electorates. Government, however, felt that it was necessary to protect the interests of minorities. That was the reason why they had provided for reservation of seats on population basis. He felt that this was just and equitable.

Charges had been made that the Bill centralised powers, etc. Mr. B. M. Gupte had already tabled amendments which sought to take away powers that were sought to be conferred on collectors. There were certain clauses which vested concurrent powers on collectors and district local boards. These could be considered in Select Committee.

Continuing Mr. Patil stated that criticism had been levelled against the appointment of Secretary by Government as it was felt that this Secretary would boss the show. Under the Act, the Secretary was not endowed with the power. He had duties to perform. He was the servant of the Panchayat though he was appointed by Government. If it was found that he disobeyed Panchayats, Government would take disciplinary action against him.

NEW EXPERIMENT.

The measure before the House was a new experiment on a wider scale. This had not been in force in any province in the country.

Referring to the criticisms by the leader of the Opposition that village benches would sow seeds of discord, Mr. Patil said it was not supported by conditions prevailing in the country. Desires and aspirations of Hindus and Muslims alike were the same namely general, economic, social and political emancipation.

Mr. Patil then answered objections raised by representatives of Scheduled castes. He enumerated the steps taken by the present Congress Government to do away with untouchability as early as possible. The trend of these reforms that had been undertaken should have shown anyone that Government were determined to remove all disabilities of Harijans as early as possible. They would not keep quite till that was wiped out altogether.

FIRST READING PASSED.

The House passed the motion for the first Reading without a single dissenting voice.

The minister then moved that the Bill be referred to the select Committee to report before November 30. Members of the select Committee were to be Morarji Desai, K. M. Munshi, L. M. Patil (ministers,) Mrs. Faiz Tyabji H. V. Tulpule R. K. Karwade R. P. Desai, G. H. Deshpande, L. M. Shrikant D. N. Wandrekar K. S. Patil, B. M. Gupte G R Naivadi B. D. Lala, K. S. Firodia V N. Naik M G Gopi, Khan Bahadur Abdul Latif Khan M. M Patel, G. K. Phadke, Jamnadas Mehta D. W. Raut Rao Bahadur G K Chitale,, B K Gaikwad, Dr. B R Ambedkar, S H Jabhvala, G D Vartak I K Vyas K G Kerson and Sardar Vinchurkar.

The motion was carried and the House adjourned till Friday.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

(Continued from Page 6).

Aryan pupils at his school. Schuschnigg's great grandfather was a Slovene

* * * *

Sir Joseph Thomson, the 81-year-old scientist, began experimenting in physics about 60 years ago. He is still experimenting.

Recently, he read a paper to the physics section of the British Association on some recent research

The Association are meeting in his territory. He has lived at Cambridge for the past 60 years, as undergraduate, as professor and since 1918, as Master of Trinity.

It has been a quiet life, but no one has contributed more to the development of modern physics.

And no one in Cambridge is better loved than this small, easy-going, untidy and absent-minded professor with the penetrating gaze He has a catholicity of mind rare among scientists and many interests outside the laboratories.

* * * *

Members of the jury in the New York Tammany trial are insisting on their right to read the newspapers. As they may not read reports of the trial, all references to it have to be cut out of their newspapers every morning.

To such an extent is the American Press spreading itself on the trial that the jurors are now complaining that after the daily censorship there is nothing left to read.

How much the trial is costing the defence is unknown, but Hines is understood to be paying it all out of his own pocket. Fees charged by such eminent counsel as Mr. Stryker are certain to be very heavy possibly as high as £10,000.

It has been calculated that the trial—if the salaries of the judge and of Mr. Dewey and his assistants are included—is costing the State £1,400 a week. Among the expenses are £120 jurors' fees, £600 for extra police, £20 for witnesses' food and travel, and £53 for air-conditioning the court.

A SHORT STORY

World With A Fence

By MEREDITH SCHOLL

"I'll give you the world with a fence around it!" Fred cried, half laughing, half serious. "That's how much I love you. That's how much I want you."

Brenda smiled and took his hand in hers. He was such a dear, so good and kind and generous. No one had ever loved her more. No one would ever love her more.

"Give me yourself," she said. "That's all I really want, dear."

Fred had waited five years to hear those words. He had begun loving her before even then. He had hoped to make something of himself, to make himself worthy before proposing. A girl like Brenda needed things, wanted things that only money could buy. It was only natural. All girls were that way. And a girl as beautiful and good as Brenda—she could have her choice of a dozen men, men who were more able to provide those things than he.

He had tried so desperately to make money, to make himself worthy. But the breaks were against him. Three years passed and then another, and his advancement with the oil company was still maddeningly slow. Still, he was making enough for two to get along. Two ordinary people. He hadn't much hope when he asked her. It took him weeks to fully grasp the significance of her acceptance. He was deliriously happy. He was grateful. He had promised her the world with a fence around it. She would have it! He would make something of himself, no matter what!

They were married in June. Fred's father gave them for a wedding present the down payment on a small cottage and plot of ground on the edge of town. They moved into it, and found much joy and happiness in furnishing it and fixing up the grounds

"This is nothing to what you're going to have, darling. We'll have a place ten times as big as this, with ten times as much land."

"But, sweet, this is so cute. I'm happy here. I like it."

She was pretty swell about it, all right. She was doing her part. Well, he'd do his. He attacked his job with a vengeance. He'd make them notice him. He'd make them give him more money.

But at the end of the first year he asked for and was refused a rise in pay. Times were bad. He was lucky to have a job at all.

They had saved a little. This year they planned a larger garden plot. They built a screened-in porch on the front of the cottage. Fred made some window boxes. They managed to buy two new pieces of porch furniture.

"It isn't much," Fred apologized. "But we'll have more. Wait and see. I'll give you the world with a fence around it!"

"I think we have a lot," Brenda told him. "I think you've done fine. We've a lot to be grateful for."

Never a word of complaint. Always cheerful and encouraging. Fred almost hated himself. If she'd only wait. If she'd only stick by for another year or so, he'd prove how grateful he was.

The second year wasn't so very encouraging. Things picked up a little, but not enough to warrant raising salaries. Fred was depressed. Unhappy. It seemed that no matter how hard a man worked, it didn't avail him much. Well, he'd stick at it. There was no alternative.

Then in March of the second year, Fred got a surprise. He came into the office one day and found a note on his desk asking him to see his boss. He was a little fearful, a little doubtful, but he went in with his chin up, his conscience free.

"Fred, times are bad, but even so we couldn't help notice the way you've been working. That spirit deserves a reward, no matter the conditions. We're putting you in charge of our district office here. There'll be a thousand-dollar a year rise in pay."

The news stunned him. He walked home in a daze. When he told Brenda there were tears in her eyes. "Darling, you deserved it. You're worked hard, too hard. I wish I could say I loved you more, but I can't."

That spring they built a garage and bought new furniture for their bedroom and turned in their old car for a better one. Fred also built a picket fence around their front yard and painted it white. He wanted to buy more land and get Brenda a fur coat and add more rooms to the main house, but he couldn't. They'd have to wait. Waiting was hard, but it was worth it. He had proved it was worth it. If Brenda only could see it that way, too, and stick.

"Next year we'll build on," he promised her. "You can get a fur coat in the fall, and when spring comes we'll fix this place up so it will be presentable."

"It's presentable now," she cried. "What's wrong with it? What's wrong with you? Why do you want to have more and more and more? Why not relax and enjoy what we have?"

He detected a note of irritation in her tone, and he understood it, but he grinned. "I told you I'd give you the world with a fence around it. I'm going to."

She looked at him for a long time. Then she came close and took both his hands in hers.

"Darling, I think I'm beginning to understand at last. At first, the way you were sort of puzzled me. Now I see it plainly." She pointed toward the house, enclosed in its white picket fence. "Look" she said, "there it is, the world with a fence around it. My world, our world, all the world we want or need to be happy, so long as we're both in it. Don't you understand, my dear?"

Fred looked at his wife, then at the white picket fence, then back at his wife. He understood. For the first time he understood—understood that it was him she wanted, because she loved him, and that was all and for no other reason.

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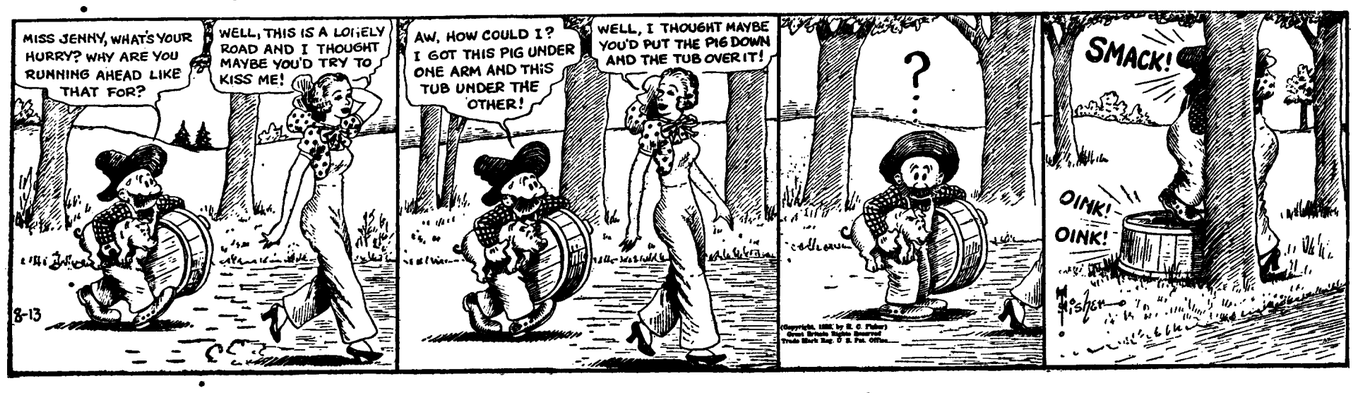
MUTT AND JEFF—A Hinter Is One who Hints and Jeff Is an Expert Hintee By BUD FISHER


MISS JENNY, WHAT'S YOUR HURRY? WHY ARE YOU RUNNING AHEAD LIKE THAT FOR?
WELL, THIS IS A LONELY ROAD AND I THOUGHT MAYBE YOU'D TRY TO KISS ME!
AW, HOW COULD I? I GOT THIS PIG UNDER ONE ARM AND THIS TUB UNDER THE OTHER!
WELL, I THOUGHT MAYBE YOU'D PUT THE PIG DOWN AND THE TUB OVER IT!
?
SMACK!
OINK!
OINK!
8-13

He Taught Business Ethics To Many Firms

GLOWING TRIBUTES TO MEMORY OF SIR NAOROJI SAKLATWALA

Tributes were paid to Late Sir Nowroji Saklatwala at a public meeting held on Wednesday evening in the Town Hall under the auspices of the Young Men's Parsi Association, when Mr. Sultan Chinoy, the Mayor of Bombay presided. Sir Jehangir Boman Behram, Mr. B. N. Karanjia, Mr. G. G. Morarji, Sir Jehangir Coyajee, Mr. Chunilal B. Mehta and Mr. Adi K. Munshi spoke on the occasion.

Mr. K. D. Umrigar proposed the Mayor to the Chair.

The Mayor in the course of his speech said,

MAYOR'S TRIBUTE

"The late Sir Nowroji as you all know was a great business man and conducted with singular success the affairs of the House of Tatas, the business organization known throughout the country and even abroad. Sir Nowroji had his training under that great Captain of Industry the late Mr. Jamshedji Tata and I have no doubt that the lessons which he learnt from that great master served him in good stead.

AT HEAD OF HOUSE OF TATAS.

Sir Nowroji never sought the lime light and the glamour of politics. He worked towards the achievement of objects which have no doubt brought bread and employment to many men in this City and the Country. To be at the head of the largest industrial concern in the country and to shoulder the responsibilities attached thereto is no easy task. But when we remember that at the time Sir Nowroji was called upon to shoulder such a responsibility all the industries of the Country and even those abroad were passing through a period of unprecedented depression, we realize how hard a task was set for him. And yet with his great powers of organization, Sir Nowroji pulled the concern through and has placed it on the high road to prosperity.

HIS MAGNETIC INFLUENCE

If Sir Nowroji kept away from politics it was not because he grudged giving his time to activities of public usefulness. In fact he devoted part of his time whole-heartedly to activities of a beneficient nature. He served on a large number of institutions of public welfare and gave an impetus to their activities both by his purse and by his personal magnetic influence. He was also greatly devoted to sports and the Cricket Club of India owe to him their regeneration from what at one time appeared to be almost financial disaster.

GREAT PHILANTHROPIST

Our sympathies go to the aged father of Sir Nowroji and to Lady Saklatvala and the other members of the family. But let me assure them that if theirs is a great loss, so is it ours. The public of Bombay have lost in Sir Nowroji a great philanthropist industrialist and sportsman whom it would be difficult to replace."

A message was received from Sir Shapurji Billimoria associating himself with the organisers of the meeting.

MAN OF UNRUFFLED TEMPER

Sir Jehangir Boman-Behram recounted the various industrial, aud sporting activities of Late Sir Nowroji. It was he who came to the rescue of the C.C.I. in the Stadium affair. He was on various public bodies like the Board of the Port Trust and was connected with charitable enterprises like the Anti-Tuberculosis Fund. In spite of all his enterprises and power his temper was never ruffled.

Mr. Karanjia said that he was a liberal employer.

Sir Coyajee said that the country should be proud of a son like him. He had taught business ethics to many firms which were under his control.

Mr. Chunilal B. Mehta said that the Tatas were perhaps one of the largest Houses in the world with several crores of rupees as their capital. With such a power behind him, Sir Naoroji was polite to visitors and tried to help them. His real greatness was his simplicity. The following resolutions were adopted unanimously.

"This public meeting held under the auspices of the Young Men's Parsi Association, puts on record its deep sense of sorrow at the sad and untimely death of Sir Nowroji Saklatvala, K.B.E., C.I.E., J.P. a leading industrialist of India and a reputed leader of Bombay's commercial life, who by his sound business acumen and masterly grasp of financial problems, rendered great services to the commercial and industrial development of the city and the country, and by whose death the country has lost a great industrial magnate of dynamic personality and unswerving integrity, the city a prominent and self-made citizen, and the Parsi community a distinguished and benevolent member."

"This public meeting offers its deep sympathy to Lady Saklatvala, Mr. Bapuji Saklatvala and family, and to the Chairman of Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd., in their great loss and grief, and authorises the President to forward copies of this and the above resolution to them."

Messrs. K. D. Anklesaria and H. D. Chinoy thanked the Mayor.

Mathematical Instruments' Manufacture

Unique Establishment In Calcutta: Skill Of Generations

Nearly Rupees three lakhs and a half is the estimated value of instruments issued and repairs carried out for the various Government Departments during 1936-37 alone, which is the latest year for which figures are available, by the Mathematical Instrument Office maintained by the Survey of India in Calcutta.

A little known establishment, but unique of its kind in India, this Office, which has already completed the centenary of its existence, owes its origin to the initiative of Sir George Everest, Surveyor-General, whose name is associated with the Himalavan peak of that name.

When Government first undertook survey operations in India, the officers engaged in the work felt greatly the need for accurate and reliable instruments.

GENERATIONS OLD

During the long period of its existence the Mathematical Instrument Office has accumulated a large amount of knowledge and experience with regard to the most suitable scientific apparatus for use in India and of the most reliable manufacturers and their products.

For many in this Office their association with the establishment is generations old. As in the crafts and guilds of the old, fatheds preceded sons, and handed down to the latter the skill inherited from a previous generation. There are some in this office, particularly amongst those employed in work on optical glasses, whose skill is fully up to the best standards of the West and is difficult to find anywhere else in the East. This Office has, therefore, succeeded in preserving within itself highly valued hereditary skill, which, once lost, will be difficult to acquire again.

This skill, knowledge and experience it now placed at the disposal of all Indenting Officers and Departments of Government.

With a well-equipped factory, it has a staff of about 400 employees, and is in a position to undertake extensive repairs or manufacture of all forms of scientific apparatus and lighter engineering products.

During the year nearly 2,800 instruments have been deposited with it by various Government Departments as no longer required. These it reconditions for reissue to indenting officers.

STORES ISSUED

Latest figures available show that the total value of stores issued from it during the year amounted to about Rs. 2½ lakhs, while the total value of outturn in works done is about Rs. 2 3/4 lakhs, the value of new instruments and components manufactured alone coming to over Rs. 130,000. The total value of repairs to orders goes beyond Rs. 80,000, while the value of instrument reconditioned for issue is only slightly less than Rs. 60,000.

The range of instruments dealt with covers Surveying, Meteorological, Medical, Excise, Optical, Navigational, and Military apparatus principally, but various other instruments are attended to from time to time. The services of the office are also frequently made use of in regard to experimental work.—A.P.

OUR LONDON LETTER

(Continued from Page 6.)

considered as being complementary to each other if necessary. The Blomberg Report expressed the uneasiness of the German High Command at the state of the forces of Germany's potential ally, an uneasiness that could only be overcome if drastic changes were introduced forthwith. Subsequently, an agreement was arrived at between the two Axis Powers. according to which Germany waived her claim to certain raw materials from Franco's Spain which Mussolini was sending on to Germany in repayment of debts In return. Mussolini had to agree to German supervision in the task of reorganising his mechanised forces.

Mussolini Yields

As a result, there arrived in Italy not only military experts but the people who have to accompany experts and always do —the police, for counter-espionage, for control of experts of either nationality who might be spying for a third nation and so on. The police means in this case the Gestapo, many members of which accordingly moved into Itlay. Soon after the Germans declared, partly with a view to keeping a check on Italian dealings with Great Britain, that the Gestapo should be given considerably more latitude. They said that they could not carry out their military work in connection with the mechanisation of the Italian army unless they had a lot tighter and closer control over these matters. Mussolini had, of course to yield. It was at this juncture that the increasing distress of the peasantry and the working-classes made it necessary for Mussolini to find an object on which the discontended elements of the Italian population could vent their indignation. Mussolini knew, of course, how helpful anti-Semitism has been to Hitler in canalising discontent away from the foundations of the Nazi State. So taking a leaf out of Hitler's book he has initiated a policy in the execution of which he is being extensively aided by the numerous Gestapo agents now in Italy.

Britain's Defence Against Air Raids

There has been, for many month now, much public discussion of the methods pursued by the British Government for ensuring protection to the civic population against air raids in Britain. The Government has decided upon a policy of equipping everybody with gas-masks. That, at any rate, is the policy in so far as there is a policy. Actually, it seems improbable that the majority of people here would ever be adequately safeguarded in this way. The cheapest available gas-masks are too dear for the bulk of the working classes. What is more, even Home Office experts admit that the ordinary type of gas-mask that is being sold to ordinary members of the public will not afford protection for more than three or four minutes. It is no wonder, therefore, that there has been severe condemnation of official policy in this matter not only by some of the more progressive newspapers but by many eminent scientific authorities.

Commission's Recommendations

Sometime ago the International Peace Campaign appointed a special Science Commission to go into this question. The Commission includes some of the most famous scientists of this country, such as Prof. J. B. Bernal, Prof. J. B. S. Haldane, and Prof. J. R. Marrack. It has been at work on the subject for more than a year and has now published an interim report.

The two principal recommendations of the Commission are (1) evacuation of the civilian population on a large scale and (2) efficient bomb-proof shelters for all who are not evacuated. For the latter purpose the Commission has put forward schemes for a huge system of illuminated, air-filtered underground tunnels in the clay beneath London ready for occupation during air raids

The Commission points out that the civilian population has now become a definite military objective. They propose the evacuation of children under 14, mothers of infants, people over 70 and the sick and infirm. Bomb-proof shelters should be provided for the rest of the population. The shelters would be tunnels in the London lay, fifty feet below the surface and lined with steel-sheeting. Their size would be six feet six inches wide and seven feet six inches high, with a row of seats along each side and a gangway in the middle. Electric lights, air filtration, gas locks, hot and cold water, decontamination and dressing rooms and facilities for dealing with minor casualties would be provided for. The greatest distance any one would have to walk to a shelter would be not more than 200 yards. The report also deals with the evacuation of the population, protection of building and organisation of medical services.

All India Weather

From Our Correspondent.,
POONA, Sept. 1.

The following are maximum and minimum temperature and rainfall recorded at Poona Observatory:—

	Max. Temp.	Min Temp.	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Since June 1	Departure from normal
Agra	98	78	0.1	17.1	—2.1
Amraoti	80	74	...	34.7	+12.6
Akola	83	75	...	33.1	+11.8
Ahmedabad	90	77	0.1	18.9	—4.8
Ajmer	91	77	...	8.4	—7.4
Ahmednagar	83	69	...	22.5	+11.2
Ambala	100	82	...	18.1	—1.0
Allahabad	88	77	0.4	32.9	+4.3
Benares	89	76	0.3	27.7	—0.7
Bareilly	92	80	T	33.0	+1.8
Bombay	86	77	0.2	64.3	+7.5
Bangalore	80	67	...	20.2	—7.6
Bhopal	86	73	.	43.8	—
Baroda	89	78	...	32.2	—
Belgaum	77	65	0.1	26.3	—7.9
Bahawalpur	99	82	...	4.7	+1.0
Bijapur	86	69	T	16.6	+5.6
Bellary	88	74	...	13.2	+7.1
Bhavnagar	90	77	...	18.3	+2.1
Chittagong	86	76	1.3	67.9	+5.0
Calcutta	90	80	0.2	25.1	—12.4
Cuttack	87	78	0.2	29.6	—6.2
Cawnpore	92	78	0.2	43.1	+17.4
Calicut	88	76	...	96.9	+16.7
Colombo	85	79	T	11.0	—5.5
Cheerapunji	71	65	6.0	368.9	+92.8
Cocanada	87	77	0.3	22.0	+5.6
Cochin	83	78	...	56.5	—8.0
Dehra Dun	89	76	0.4	72.8	+9.1
Delhi	97	78	0.5	8.2	—9.9
Dehra I. Khan	103	79	...	2.0	—2.8
Darjeeling	65	57	0.1	91.7	+3.4
Desa	85	77	0.1	19.3	—0.7
Dalhousie	...	...	...	44.5	—7.1
Fort Sandeman	94	71	...	3.8	—1.1
Gorakhpur	88	76	7.0	46.4	+11.3
Hyderabad (Du.)	84	72	0.3	17.5	—0.1
Hyderabad (Sind)	94	80	...	3.6	—1.9
Indore	82	72	...	41.3	+17.5
Jhansi	92	77	0.1	34.2	+6.7
Jubbulpore	83	74	1.4	48.5	+6.3
Jacobabad	103	83	...	1.0	—1.1
Jaipur	95	77	...	11.2	—7.3
Karwar	85	75	T	78.9	—18.1
Karachi	87	79	T	4.3	—1.1
Kodaikanal	63	51	..	16.7	+0.3
Khandwa	85	74	...	30.0	+9.3
Lucknow	90	79	0.8	50.4	+23.2
Ludhiana	103	83	...	7.9	—10.0
Lahore	101	80	...	7.0	—5.6
Lyallpur	101	81	...	5.7	—3.4
Multan	98	81	...	3.0	—1.6
Mysore	84	66	...	8.9	—0.1
Madras	95	80	...	8.1	—2.6
Maymyo	...	...	...	...	.....
Marmagoa	.	...	...	...	.....
Malegaon	85	73	...	12.6	+0.1
Mussoorie	70	62	...	52.6	—10.5
Mahableshwar	65	60	1.1	228.5	+1.5
Murree	73	59	...	39.6	+8.7
Mount Abu	70	65	0.5	35.4	—13.7
Masulipatam	87	78	0.9	19.2	+1.1
Mandalay	91	78	...	10.2	—3.1
Mangalore	84	75	0.4	106.5	+9.5
Meerut	...	...	...	16.1	—5.1
Mercara	71	63	0.2	103.1	+9.8
Nagpur	79	74	0.4	45.9	+11.0
Ootacamund	65	50	...	17.0	—4.1
Patna	91	76	2.4	42.3	+8.3
Peshawar	98	74	...	3.4	—0.5
Poona	82	70	T	16.4	+0.9
Pachmarhi	74	68	0.2	68.7	+11.6
Port Blair	85	77	0.3	59.7	+9.9
Quetta	...	...	...	...	.....
Ranchi	87	75	...	30.9	—7.1
Rawalpindi	97	73	...	33.0	+13.7
Rangoon	83	74	0.6	60.6	+0.8
Ratnagiri	82	74	0.4	99.4	+17.3
Rajkot	87	75	0.1	18.6	—2.5
Sialkot	99	77	...	27.6	+8.2
Srinagar	87	62	...	6.4	+0.2
Sholapur	85	71	...	27.4	+13.8
Shillong	76	66	0.1	50.5	+6.9
Simla	72	61	T	30.2	—2.5
Surat	87	80	T	35.2	+2.5
Salem	90	76	...	20.1	+6.3
Trichinopoly	93	78	...	10.7	+3.7
Trivandrum	86	77	...	23.3	—1.7
Vizagapatam	89	77	0.1	16.7	+1.5

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 cents.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT

Monsoon Active On West Coast

POONA, Sept. 1

A shallow depression lies this morning over West Bengal. The monsoon has been strong in Assam, East Bengal. Bihar. East United Provinces and is generally active in Orissa, East Central India, West Central Provinces, South Hyderabad, west coast, north Madras coast. Scattered showers are reported in Chota Nagpur, west United Provinces, the extreme north Punjab, East Rajputana, Sind, Gujarat.

Chief amounts of rainfall:—Gorakhpur seven inches, Cherrapunji six. Barisal, Jalpaiguri five Dibrugarh, Patna Sambalpur, Nowgong two, Chittagong, Bahraich, Jubbulpore one and half, Mymensingh, Narayanganj, Saugor. Mahableshwar. Masulipatam one.

Forecast until evening second:—Monsoon will continue fairly strong in Assam, Bengal Bihar, and generally active in west of northeast India United Provinces. East Central India. East Central Provinces. Berar. North Deccan, and West Coast Scattered thundershowers are also expected in East and North Punjab on extreme North.—A. P.

Ahmedabad Letter

Capital Of Gujerat Boasts Of Multi-Millionaire Shettias

WILL THEY UNTIE STRINGS OF THEIR PURSES?—SOME REFLECTIONS AFTER VICE-CHANCELLOR'S VISIT

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, (By Mail).

The hotel-keepers of Ahmedabad are still chafing under the order about Harijans. They believe that they have lost their business on account of this order, and as their efforts in other directions have failed some hot-headed hotel-keepers use violence against their Harijan customers. Three complaints of such violence are being inquired into. Those Harijan youths who do not believe in Congress discipline are partly to blame in this connection. Instructions have been issued by the Harijan Sevak Sangh about the way in which Harijans should take advantage of the order, but those Harijan youths try to create trouble by declaring that they would meet together in large numbers and rush into hotels without caring for the disturbance or confusion that they might create. When caste Hindus have no scruples of taking their food with Kolis and Vaghris or even in Irani restaurants one fails to understand why such a row should be kicked up over the question of Harijan entries. But things are smoothing down and untouchability will be a thing of the past in a very short time now.

WANTED FAVOURS OF PHILANTHROPISTS

Mr. Chandavarkar's visit to Ahmedabad has set people thinking about the educational needs of the city. He pointed out that there were several merchant princes in Ahmedabad, any one of whom can run a University. He also said that Gujarat had money enough even in the past, but it had no workers, and so money flowed to other parts of India. but now that shortcoming no longer existed and even Ahmedabad could boast of several selfless workers. It was high time, therefore, he thought, that big donations should be placed at the disposal of the workers to satisfy the needs of the provinces.

These remarks of the Vice-Chancellor, so opportunely made, deserve to be pondered over by Shettias like Mafatlal Gagalbhai and Ambalal Sarabhai as well as by other well-to-do millowners of this great city. Till now Ahmedabad has seen only one man, the late R. B. Ranchhodlal Chhotalal who earned money and spent his wealth towards starting or upkeep of charitable institutions. The charities of his grandson, Sir Chinubhai are also well-known; but Sheth Mafatlal who began his life in this city and who owns millions, I beg to point out with all due respect to him, has not so far spared any sum worth mentioning in charity.

What a happy era would be ushered in, in this great commercial city of Gujarat, if personages like Seth Mafatlal, Sheth Ambalal, Sheth Kasturbhai, Sheth Chimanlal Girdharlal and others thought of sparing something for the city from which they have earned so much.

LATE MR. K. N. DESAI

Sjt. Krishnalal N. Desai, an M.A., LL.B., and a well-known figure in various public activities of the city, upto 1920, passed away after a stroke of parlaysis, at the age of 58. He belonged to a rich Kshatriya family but lost his wealth before he was forty. and his debts went on accumulating with the result that he had practically to retire from public life. In spite of this adversity, his intelligence and his genial temper made him a desirable companion wherever he went. The Labour Union, the Bar and Bench passed resolutions of condolence. The Labour Union and the local Vanita Vishram in particular have lost a competent adviser and well-wisher in the deceased.

FREAKY WEATHER IN CITY WILL CONTINUE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The City of Bombay is at present experiencing freaky weather, with lightning showers followed by bright sunshine.

From enquiries made, it is gathered that this weather will continue for the next few days. It is expected that the week-end will be enjoyable.

The recent disturbance in Bay of Bengal, which caused a heavy down-pour of rain in this region during the past one week, causing much inconvenience to the citizens has passed off.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 1-9-1938.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +012 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.6 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.2 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 85.9 degrees 0.8 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.4 degrees 1.8 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 85 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 8 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 116 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 23 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 7

Rain in 24 hours 0.24 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 0.24 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 65.60 inches.

Weather Remarks—Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 19-1938.

At 8-7 a.m. local time 8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.4 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.93 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.73 inches.

For correction of ships instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Earthquake report.—An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 900 miles away with its epicentral region apparently in the Simla Kuman Hills was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 21hrs 05 mts (I.S.T.) on Wednesday the 31st August 1938.

The second memorandum on the production of sugar refined from "gur" in India during the calendar year 1938, issued by the Director of the Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology., Cawnpore, estimates the production at 16.500 tons as against the actual production of 19,500 tons during 1937.

HARIJANS THREATEN SATYAGRAHA

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 1.

A threat to resort to peaceful and non-violent 'satyagraha' if the hotel keepers persist in their agitation against Harijans, was contained in a resolution passed by a meeting of the Harijans held here under the auspices of the Mata Gujarat Dalit Samaj last evening.

The meeting condemned the attitude of the hotel owners towards Harijans which, they characterised as violent.

Other resolutions adopted by the meeting condemned the attitude of the Ambedkar Group in publishing pamphlets for "giving wrong lead to Harijans" and asserted full confidence in the Indian National Congress.—United Press.

"Relief Processions" In Aid Of Flood Stricken People Of U. P.

The Secretary of Shree Hindu Anath Ashram, writes:—

Responding to the joint appeal issued by His Excellency the Governor of the United Provinces and Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, the Premier, to the people of India to place at their disposal funds which may be used for the relief of the poor flood stricken people of the province. Shree Hindu Anath Ashram of 28th Bapu Khote Street, Bombay, propose organising relief by taking out "Relief Procession" for the same purpose on Sunday September 4th.

In this connection, Mr. Devidas Ghosh the Secretary of the Ashram, has exchanged the following communication with Mr. C. Y. Chintamani at Allahabad on August 27th.

"Shree Hindu Anath Ashram propose organising relief for Flood victims in Bombay. Wire approval and emergency."

To this Mr. C. Y. Chintamani replied the same day from Allahabad, as follows:—

"I have just received your telegram. There is every need and most urgent need for all the relief that can be arranged for. The distress is widespread and acute. I wish you every success in the proposed philanthropic effort.

Accordingly, the ever generous and kind hearted citizens of Bombay are hereby requested to do their duty towards the cause of the flood victims rendered homeless and looking for urgent help.

The 'Relief Procession' will pass through the principal streets of Bombay, thus enabling every citizen to do his mite.

Three Beauty Problems Solved

Not all women are born beautiful—but no woman need be plain. The first essentials of beauty are a lovely clear skin with a natural "bloom" and rich lustrous hair. Given these two assets any and every woman can command the admiration she naturally desires. The simplest and most effective ways to acquire both a lovely skin and beautiful hair are described below, together with a solution to that most distressing problem—the disfigurement caused by superfluous hair.

NEW BEAUTY FOR YOUR HAIR.—Here is a simple beauty secret which will add new life and beauty to your hair, giving it the rich, lustrous gleam that everyone admires. Instead of washing it with ordinary shampoos get an ounce of Stallax granules and make up your own. Simply dissolve a teaspoonful of Stallax granules in a cup of warm water and wash your hair with it in the usual way. You will be amazed and delighted with the way your hair responds to this simple beauty treatment.

AND FOR A LOVELY SKIN.—A naturally lovely complexion is much more easily acquired than most women realise. Actually it is already there, but hidden by the dry, withered outer skin which Nature meant to be continually discarded. To get rid of this "mask" of dried skin all you need is a nightly application of a little pure Mercolized Wax (containing no animal fat). Overnight the Mercolized Wax absorbs the "old" complexion id leaves the "new"—the lovely new skin beneath, soft, smooth and several shades lighter

NO MORE SUPERFLUOUS HAIR.—Nothing looks more unsightly on a woman than a growth of hair where the skin should be clear and smooth. Women so afflicted need not endure this embarrassment any longer, however. They can banish their superfluous hair easily, quickly and safely if they will follow these simple directions. Get a few ounces of pure powdered Pheminol and mix it into a paste by the addition of cold water. Apply this paste to the unwanted hair and as it dries you will find the hair has shrivelled away.

NOTE.—All the above mentioned preparations can be obtained from any chemist, store or bazaar.

STOMACH SUFFERER "One Mass of Bones"

There is nothing like continued stomach trouble for "getting you down." Mrs. L. H., for instance, lost weight most alarmingly and suffered excruciating pain:

"Working in a hot atmosphere," she writes, "I got indigestion and gastric trouble, and had several medicines. I tried everything and to no good. It got so bad that even a little boiled water caused me to vomit. I was one mass of bones, I got so thin. The pain was terrible. As a last resort, I thought I would try Maclean Brand Stomach Powder. From the first dose, I found relief and the sickness stopped. I was soon able to take food again until now I can eat almost anything without pain or ill-effects."

Do not treat your stomach pain lightly, however slight it may seem. Take MACLEAN BRAND Stomach Powder. Enjoy the quick soothing ease, the assurance of freedom from more serious trouble, that this famous specific will give you as it has given thousands of other people the country over. But make certain you get the original Maclean Brand—the one that really does the trick. Look always for the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" on the bottle and carton and the red seal on the carton. Genuine Maclean Brand Stomach Powder is sold only in bottles in cartons. Powder or Tablets. Never sold loose. Cheap imitations are useless and may only make your trouble worse. From all chemists and stores.

Distributors: Herbertsons, Ltd., Bombay and Calcutta.

SHOLAPUR PRISONERS ON HUNGER-STRIKE

POONA, Sept. 1.

Mr. S. G. Sardesi and three others who were arrested at Sholapur on the Political Prisoners' Day and lodged in the Yerawada Jail, it is understood, went on hunger-strike this morning, in sympathy with Channo Singh, who has been fasting in Sholapur prison for the last three days, demanding his classification as a political prisoner. The hunger-strikers in the Yerawada Jail sent a telegram to Government yesterday, intimating their decision to go on hunger-strike.

The Speaker of the Bombay Legislative Assembly has admitted a short-notice question in this connection tabled by Mr. R. A. Khedgikar.—A. P.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Unwanted Bar

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—We hear now-a-days so much about the prohibition policy of our Congress Government. What a shock of surprise then was in store for me when I read the public notification dated 17-8-1938 by the Collector of Bombay about the opening of a new Refreshment Bar on the Queen's Road in the close proximity of Dr. Bacha's Nursing Home and under the very nose of the Government of India Central Offices. Verily, camels can pass through the eye of the needle in these days. I hope and pray that this abomination will not be allowed to pollute this fine locality under any circumstances and that you will raise your strident voice in full blast againstthis this proposal.—Yours etc..

"PRO BONO PUBLICO."

Bombay, Aug. 31.

II

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Between Marine Lines and Churchgate Stations, on the Queen's Road, there is a Parsi Fire Temple which is regularly attended by Parsi worshippers. In line with this building, about a furlong ahead, in a new building being constructed, I happened to see on the first floor a Notice by the Collector of Excise, Bombay, informing the public that a liquor bar was proposed to be opened there and inviting objections if any within 15 days. The notice being put in an obscure position, the public is serenely unaware of what is going on. It is surprising that in these days of professed prohibition the application to open a new liquor bar in this fine respectable locality so close to a place of worship was not summarily dismissed. I give due publicity to this atrocious proposal through the columns of your esteemed paper with the hope that such a scheme will be nipped in the bud. I trust you will wield your pen and let the authorities know what you think about the matter.—Yours etc..

A PARSI PRAYER.

Bombay August 31.

Matheran!

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—A good deal of unnecessary noise has, of late, been made in the papers regarding the present administration of Matheran, mostly by people who do not know the real difficulties and who do not care to understand them. All the irrelevant and confused statements, when boiled down come to this that the administration is not so effective as before, that the sanitation is not so good, and that the medical attendance available is not of a high standard as in the old days of the Superintendent.

As for the complaint against the administration, it has often been pointed out that the different duties of the Superintendent have been distributed to different officers, and it is yet to be proved that this is not the best method under the circumstances. In case of any complaint against any particular branch of the administration it would be advisable to refer to the official concerned, instead of rushing to the Press with wild statements. For instance, one complaint is that there are many children in the parks preventing public from free movement. The parks were originally meant for children, sick people and invalids and the more of these frequent them the better. The rest of the public have many shady roads and scores of pretty points to go to. In any case even a whole-time Superintendent cannot under any regulation prevent all the children wishing to visit the parks to go there.

As for sanitation nothing unusual has been noticed nor any serious complaint received by the authorities, nor do the statistics, which do not tell lies, show anything uncommon. There has been a complete absence of any water-borne diseases on the hill; dysentery, diarrhoea, enteric and cholera are conspicuous by their entire absence on the hill on account of the provision of sufficient quantity of pure filtered and chlorinated water. Some one has complained that shoe-bite was on the increase on the hill: for this authorities can hardly be held responsible. But if the sufferers apply for help the municipality will be very glad to suggest some very good household remedies for this very distressing complaint.

Lastly regarding the medical help on the hill: efficient medical attendance has been provided for by the appointment of a B.M.S Class II officer and so for no serious complaint has been heard about this arrangement. Of course the millionaire class that is used to call in a specialist for every little complaint, will not find the medical attendance upto the high standard they are accustomed to. But the present economic conditions do not allow to cater for such expensive tastes. One cannot please everyone and in trying to do so one is bound to displease everyone.

However, this question has been engaging the attention of the authorities and a medical man with high qulification will be provided for as soon as circumstances permit.

The Municipality has not been idle but has been considering all the difficulties created by the abolition of the post of the Superintendent and any sober and helpful criticism or suggestion from the public will be welcome. No administration in the world is perfect but our aim has been to strive towards perfection as much as we humanly can.—Yours etc.,

S. L. PANDAY.
President,
Matheran Municipality.

Poona, Aug. 29.

Bombay Presidency Students' Conference

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I was very much pained at the state of affairs that led to the dissolution of the Bombay Students' Conference. The whole Conference was nothing but a big farce. The behaviour of a certain group of students who assembled with a definite purpose of creating disturbance was really deplorable. If they had any grievance against the present organisers, was it not their duty to get them redressed at the time of the meeting of the Union? What good they derived by creating such a disturbance, unbecoming of college students, I don't understand. Some students were bold enough even to insult and jeer at the ladies who requested them not to shout and throw paper aeroplanes. Is this the kind of discipline we are going to observe in our great fight for freedom? Is it not time for us when we are students, to think and discuss over the problems that will confront us when we enter life? If that be so, don't we think that such a conference is a vital necessity?

How is it then that many of the students had not even the courtesy to give a fair hearing to any one of the speakers during the session? Had it not been for the patience of the President the Conference would have been dissolved during the very first session.

I sincerely hope that the students will forget their trivial differences and obliterate this sad incident from their minds. It is time for us to unite together in great numbers and with all solidarity make the student Movement in India a great success. Yours, etc.

MANOHAR M NADKARNI.

Bombay, August 29.

Evil Of Touting

To The Editor of "The Chronicle")

Sir,—I have read Mr. Rustom Dadachanji's letter and the correspondence that followed on the above subject. In my opinion the Administrative Department should be very strict with regard to so-called Advocates' Clerk who are allowed to remain upon the Court's premises for business purposes only. It is, however, incongruous as to why and what for are non-English-knowing clerks so recognized? Obviously the idea, if any, of their seriously tackling ministerial or other Court work is scattered to the winds, as the language of the Court is English.

The reasons why such ill-equipped clerks are engaged is not far to seek. ——It is because of their commercial and other social influential connections which are deemed to be better and fitter qualifications to any other academic achievements.—Yours etc..

G. G. TALYARKHAN
Advocate High Court.
Bank of India Building,
Picket Rd. Bombay 2.

Pajusan Festivities In Kaira

(From Our Correspondent).

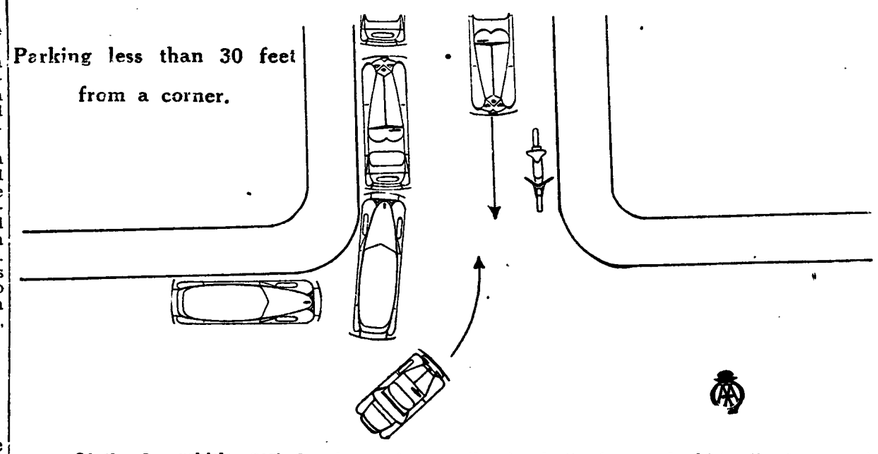
KAIRA, Aug. 30.

To-day marks the termination of the Pajusan festivities of the Jains. Celebrations in the form of fasts, feasts and religious discourses and ceremonies at Upasarayas lasted for eight days.

There was complete accord amongst the Jains. Devout Jains experienced no difficulties as religious lectures were delivered everyday at four Upasarayas. Temples and Upasarayas were scenes of great activities. Multi-coloured lights and gorgeous apparel of Tirthankars (gods) in temples attracted even the attention of non-Jain visitors. A huge procession unique in many ways and dinner saw the denouncement of the Pajusan festivities of the Jains.

Information has been received in Muslim League circles that a dead swine was found thrown in a village mosque, Damodarpur, near Salempur in Lar Thana. An enquiry has been instituted.—A.P.

Common Traffic Offences



Of the five vehicles parked, only one is correctly placed—the tourer of which the rear part can be see.. All the others (the second tourer, the two saloons, and the motor bicycle) are less than 30 feet from the intersectio.'s corners. Result: the two-seater entering the side-street and the tourer coming out into the main road will collide unless both are travelling very slowly. Moreover, the two-seater is compelled to swing far out of its proper track, endangering traffic coming towards it. Such parking faults may be seen every day along the Churchgate Reclamation area of Queen's Road.

MOTORISTS, show and explain this diagram to your drivers!

Motoring & Aviation

ANOTHER R. A. F. ACHIEVEMENT

Longest Non-Stop Formation Flight

Leaving Cranwell at 4-15 a.m on Thursday, the 7th of July, four Vickers Wellesley aircraft, fitted with "Bristol" Pegasus engines and Rotol constant-speed airscrews, flew non-stop for 32 hours. They arrived at Ismailia, Egypt, next day at 12-10 p.m., having covered a distance of 4,300 miles at an average ground speed of 135 m.p.h. This achievement, which was part of the development work of the Long-Range Unit of the Royal Air Force, is the longest non-stop formation flight ever accomplished.

On a flight of this nature the absolute reliability of the engine is of vital importance; and once again "Bristol" engines have proved their supremacy. The Pegasus engines employed on this flight are of the medium-supercharged type, specially developed to achieve extreme economy of fuel consumption without impairing the "Bristol" standard of reliability over exceptionally long periods of running.

It should be appreciated that the engines had to be capable of running continuously on very weak mixtures, which greatly increases the flame temperatures in the cylinders, so that the pistons, valves, plugs, etc., are subjected to abnormally high thermal stresses.

The average height at which the formation flew was 10,000 feet; and the combination of high air temperatures and low air density on the one hand, and operation at very low power in a cold atmosphere on the other, served to intensify the cooling problems, which could only be satisfactorily solved by the use of the radial air-cooled Pegasus.

Pegasus engines have the highest power|Weight ratio of any production aero-engine in the world, developing over a thousand horsepower for little over a thousand pounds weight.

W. I. A. A. Opens Nagpur Branch

The W.I.A.A.'s new area office at Nagpur officially opened yesterday and all motorists in that city and surrounding districts are advised to put their problems before the Area Secretary Mr. K. J. Bartels, who is to be found there every day from 10 a.m. to 5-30 p.m. The telephone number of the new branch is 572—not 527 as previously stated by mistake.

Joyriding On Fox Moths

Mr. R. N. Dastur renewed his "A' Licence, had it endorsed for the Taylor Cub and took instruction in Blind Flying. Mr. D. N. Bunsha has joined the Club and is undergoing training for his Instructor's Licence from the Chief Pilot Instructor. Mr. Karanjia, the Aerodrome Officer, and Mr. Fuller renewed their "A" Licences during the month.

On the 11th, Capt. B. S. Leete Technical Officer to the Director of Civil Aviation, paid a visit to the Club and with Mr. Dubash made a thorough test of the Taylor Cub with which he appeared very satisfied. Afterwards some of the Club Committee had an interesting informal discussion of the Club's affairs with Capt. Leete.

Joyriding was carried out on the Fox Moth and the Taylor Cub, the latter proving very popular.

Cross-country flights were carried out between Lucknow and Cawnpore and between Lucknow and Fatehpur, when Mr. De Souza took the Aerodrome Officer for an inspection of the route.

The Club suffered loss in the crash of their Taylor Cub at Lucknow caught by a gust of wind near the ground. The pilot fortunately escaped uninjured.

At a Cawnpore Branch Committee meeting on the 14th it was decided to press for the purchase of two new Taylor Cubs as soon as possible, thus providing one for each flying centre.

On the 31st the Cawnpore Branch Committee had the pleasure of entertaining Major Tymms the Director of Civil Aviation, to lunch at the Club, after which an informal discussion was held, Major Tymms taking considerable interest in the financial results for the year and offering helpful comments on outstanding problems.

The total flying for the month was 49 hours 44 minutes, the low figure being due, chiefly, to the loss of the Taylor Cub.

FORD DEVELOPS HUGE 'WEATHER MAKER'

Tunnel For Automobile Design Research

A huge new "weather tunnel", said to be the first of its kind ever built solely for research in automobile design, has been put in operation at the Ford Motor Company's Engineering Laboratory at Dearborn, Mich.

It will be used, in conjunction with three new test tracks, to extend and broaden the intensive research carried on by the company's engineers, and thus simplify the problem of perfecting motor cars of new design to meet all conditions before they are put on the road.

The three tracks include a ribbon of concrete, two and five-eighths miles long, with banked turns for high speed test, and two other tracks, one of gravel, the other of various "rough road" surfaces. These provide a wide range of highways for "road" tests complementing the laboratory tests in the tunnel. One million miles of such tests were driven between September 17, 1937, and April 22, 1938.

ANY AIR THAT YOU WANT

The tunnel is equipped to produce at any time inside a laboratory virtually every conceivable weather condition, enabling tests to be conducted regardless of actual road or weather conditions and without waiting for nature to create the particular conditions desired.

The purpose of the tunnel is two-fold. First, it makes it possible to reproduce in a laboratory any kind of weather to be found anywhere on earth at any time of year. In the second place, it dispenses with the time factor. Already it has demonstrated most effectively how valuable it is in giving immediate answers—regardless of outdoor weather—to questions of design.

The vehicle under test is mounted with its rear wheels resting on a treadmill connected with a dynamometer at the left side of the control station. The car or truck is actually in operation during the test. The engine is controlled from the console outside and may be speeded up or slowed to a crawl as the operator desires. The turning wheels spin the treadmill and record on the dynamometer scale the engine power output.

The engineers can even stimulate a hard pull uphill with load or a coast downhill. This involves the "loading" of the dynamometer either against the car engine, or with it, as the case may be.

The tunnel is also equipped for aero-dynamic studies, which are capable of providing extremely valuable data bearing on the design of bodies and body accessories, such as, head lamps, fenders and other parts which exert a definite "drag" at high speeds. The equipment which can be used for such tests permits a car to be mounted in test chamber in actual aerodynamic balance. In this situation the actual "drag" of forcing the car through the air at various speeds can be measured directly and the gain in engine power resulting from various body and accessory designs determined with great accuracy.

City's Well-Known Contractor And Plumber Dead

Mr. Pallonji E. Plumber, Dies At Age Of 80

We regret to announce the death that took place, early on Thursday morning, of Mr. Pallonji Edulji Plumber, founder of the well-known Parsi firm of Messrs. Pallonji Edulji & Sons, Plumbers and Contractors.

Mr. Plumber came of a very poor family living in Adajan (Surat District) and was able to get education upto the third standard only in the Gujarati classes. He was faced with the ordeal of earning his bread at the very early age of ten having lost his father. At the outset he had to go through a course of hard manual work in Bombay which he cheerfully did. He underwent great trials and tribulations but by dint of hard, honest work soon made a mark for himself.

He passed a number of years in the manual work in cask-making factory at Gulalwadi, and as fitter in the Kurla Mills. He then got a job of supervising work of plumbing in the Public Works Department of the City which proved a turning point in his career. The knowledge, that he got under the guidance of able engineers stood him in good stead, and he used it to the fullest advantage.

SHOP AT KHETWADI

In 1882 he opened a plumbers' shop at Khetwadi in collaboration with Mr. Merwanji one of his relatives. Mr. Merwanji was an able plumber, and their collaboration soon put the firm on a sound footing. They got the greatest opportunity in their lives, of proving their ability when they got all the plumbing work of the Taj Mahal Hotel to do. The late Mr. J. N. Tata sent Mr. Pallonji to England to acquire sound training in plumbing. Their firm executed all plumbing work of the great hotel to the entire satisfaction, and this led them to secure big contracts very soon.

LATE MR. PALLONJI.

Among the innumerable big contracts that he got and executed satisfactorily were, the construction of the Tansa dam, the work of duplication of Tansa mains, the Simplex and Tata and Wadia Woollen Mills, the buildings of the Bengal Bank, the receiving station of Tata Hydraulic Co., and the Khoshroe Baug at Colaba. The firm had branches at Poona, Hyderabad, Gwalior and Delhi.

The total value of buildings constructed by this well-known firm was over a crore and a half.

Mr. Pallonji lost his only son in 1917.

A little over 250,000 Congress members have so far been enrolled in the United Provinces, Saharanpur leading with 20,116. Work among Muslims women has also been started. Begam Shafiq Bano has been put in charge of it.—A.P.

EVERY DAY brings DANGER!
When a great aeroplane crashes to the ground its crew knows there is little chance of escaping alive.
GERMS IN DIRT
CAN BRING DISASTER TO YOU!
Guard your family from disease danger!
MANY dangerous diseases, which may bring death, are caused by germs. Germs can be carried to your home by dust in the air or dirt on your shoe. How can you save yourself from the disaster which disease germs may bring? Protect yourself with Lifebuoy Soap! Its lather has the special power to clean away germs as well as dirt. For it contains a wonderful health element. Use Lifebuoy Soap regularly. It protects health!
LIFEBUOY
SOAP protects health
MADE IN INDIA FROM PURE VEGETABLE OILS ONLY
Now in the NEW carton containing two handy size tablets.
LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED
X-L 457/1-388

Compulsory Retirement At Age Of 55

Corporation Refuses Extension Of Service To Deputy Commissioner

The Municipal Corporation on Thursday refused to accept the recommendation of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee to allow extension in service to Mr. S. A. Shete, Deputy Municipal Commissioner, who had applied for leave on average pay from 21st September prior to retirement.

The Law and Revenue Committee recommended the refusal of leave to Mr. Shete in view of the forthcoming general elections. The Municipal Corporation, however stood on principle that every employee must retire as soon as he attained his 55th year and allowed Mr. Shete the leave he asked for prior to retirement.

The Corporation also sent back the matter regarding the raising the height of the buildings on Marine Lines Estate to 70 feet to the Improvements Committee for further consideration.

COMMISSIONER'S LETTER

The House considered a letter from the Municipal Commissioner stating that under Municipal Corporation resolution dated the 25th February 1938 granting 4-1/2 months' leave on average pay to Mr. S. A. Shete Deputy Municipal Commissioner, from the 22nd March 1938 and that Mr. Shete availed himself of the leave granted and joined duty on the forenoon of the 5th instant.

He now applies for such leave as may be due to him from the 21st September 1938 prior to retirement. Mr. Shete is due to retire from 21st March 1939. The Chief Accountant certifies that six months' leave on average pay is due to Mr. Shete from 21st September 1938 prior to retirement.

The Law and Revenue Committee has recommended to the Municipal Corporation that the leave applied for by Mr. S. A. Shete be refused and he be allowed to avail himself of the leave from 21st March 1939.

The Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee recommended that in view of the impending General Elections due to take place early in the year 1939 and the absence of any other senior and experienced officer in Municipal service conversant with the conduct of elections, it is advisable that the services of Mr. S. A. Shete, Deputy Municipal Commissioner, who had the necessary experience in that behalf, should be available to the Corporation and with the recommendation of the Committee that for the reasons herein recorded the leave applied for by Mr. Shete be refused at present and Mr. Shete be allowed to avail himself of the leave with effect from 31st March 1939.

Mr. M. N. Talpade moved to accept the recommendation of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee which was seconded by Sir J. B. Boman Behram.

COMPULSORY RETIREMENT.

Mr. Mathradas Tricumji opposed the proposition and said every officer, highest or lowest, must retire at the age of 55 years. It was the standing rule of the Municipal Corporation which must be adhered to. He therefore moved an amendment that the leave asked for by Mr. Shete be granted.

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji seconding the amendment suggested that they should advertise in the newspapers for a qualified man if no other official was available in the municipality but no one should be allowed extension after he had attained the 55th year.

Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin also supported the amendment and urged the House to stick to the principle already laid down. He wanted to know also the opinion of the Municipal Commissioner.

The Municipal Commissioner said he had already made it clear that if the leave was not granted they should appoint another official as Deputy Municipal Commissioner.

Mr. K. F. Nariman said if Mr. Shete applied for leave, it was better that they should grant it.

The amendment of Mr. Mathradas Tricumji was put to vote and carried as a substantive proposition.

MARINE LINE PLOTS.

The House then considered the question of the leases of plots on Marine Lines Estate in which the lessees had requested the Municipal Corporation to modify the terms regarding the height of the buildings. The Municipal Commissioner in his report stated:

"I am not in favour of allowing a height of more than 58 feet in respect of the buildings on the above Estate, as the side open spaces in those plots are only 15 feet. The height of the building should not exceed twice the open space and as this is only 30 feet between buildings, we should not permit a height of more than 60 feet, but if two more floors are allowed the height will come to 70 feet.'

Mr. B. G. Parelkar moved for the approval of the recommendation of the Municipal Commissioner.

On behalf of the lessees on Marine Lines Estate, Mr. N. H. Sethna addressed a letter to the Municipal Corporation stating that all the lessees were willing to comply with the requirements of the Municipality if they were allowed to raise their buildings to the full height of 70 feet. The B. B. and C. I. Railway had not joined in this petition as it was semi government body.

"REFER IT BACK TO COMMITTEE."

Mr. M. E. Joshi moved an amendment to refer the matter back to the Improvements Committee to find whether permission could not be granted to raise the height of the buildings to 70 feet.

Sir J. B. Boman Behram moved another amendment to allow the lessees to raise their buildings to 70 feet on the payment of certain premium.

Prof. S. R. Davar and Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin pleaded that justice should be done to the lessees who had invested large sums of money on the buildings.

Mr. M. A. Dabholker opposed the amendments and said when the plots on Marine Lines Estate were leased it was on the basis of 4 per cent whereas now they were charging 5 per cent. Besides many facilities were given to these lessees which were not given to others.

Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji supported the amendment of Sir J. B. Boman Behram.

At this stage the amendment of Sir J. B. Boman Behram was put to vote and declared carried. Against it the amendment of Mr. M. E. Joshi was put to vote but Mr. Joshi wanted to withdraw it. The House did not give permission to withdraw, and it was put to vote and carried as a substantive proposition.

The House then adjourned till Monday the 12th instant.

New Municipal Commissioner

Mr. I. H. Taunton, I.C.S. who is Municipal Commmissioner since May 1934 will, it is understood, become Chief Secretary, Government of Sind, in place of Mr. C. B. B. Clee, I.C.S. Mr. Clee will revert to his old position as Finance Secretary in Sind.

Mr M. D. Bhat, who it is understood, will succeed Mr. Taunton, joined I.C.S. in 1921. He was the Collector of Bombay in 1922 and in 1525 Political Agent of Jawahar State. He also served as District Magistrate in the Bombay Presidency and was transferred to Sind as Under-Secretary to the Government, Finance Department.

PUNJAB CONGRESS DISPUTE

Subhas Urges Carrying Out Of Jairamdas' Award

LAHORE Sept. 1.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, Congress President, has sent the following telegram to Master Raja Ram, General Secretary Punjab Provincial Congress, Lahore:—

"Pending the examination of the award given by Mr. Jairamdas, I am inclined to hold that the Secretary of the Provincial Congress Committee cannot be displaced so long as he continued to command confidence of that body. Composition of the Working Council must conform to the terms of this award. Please post Award immediately. Wire latest developments."—A. P.

PILGRIM TRAFFIC

Karachi Haj Committee Welcomes Scindia Enterprize

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Aug. 29

The following resolution was passed by the Port Haj Committee, Karachi, at their meeting held on Friday:—

"This Committee welcomes the entry of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company, Ltd. in the Haj Line traffic and appreciates the way in which it has raised the comforts and facilities of the pilgrims visiting the holy places in the Hejaz and is, therefore, anxious to see that it is not squeezed out of the trade by a drastic rate war. With a view to solve the issues raised by the rate war and to fix such economic rates not exceeding Rs. 120 as the Committee feels that the present maximum rates are high—as would give a fair and reasonable return to the shipping companies running the line and would ensure that the shipping companies would comply with all the reasonable needs and requirements of the pilgrims, the Government of India should be requested to call immediately a Conference of the representatives of the shipping companies serving the trade and those of the Haj Committees at different ports under their auspices where all these questions can be fully gone into and settled."

"That the Chairman is authorised to make a representation to the Government of India on these lines and to forward a copy of this resolution to the shipping companies concerned in the pilgrim trade for their information and co-operation."

CITY'S "MARINE DRIVE"

Improvements In Contemplation

BOMBAY, Sept. 1

Bombay's famous Marine Drive, running along the edge of Back Bay for a distance of nearly two miles from Chawpatty Beach to Churchgate, is to be improved still further, according to the scheme drawn up by the P. W. D. The Drive will consist of a double road flanked by footpaths and a central "refugepath". So far, only the road and footpath nearest to the sea have been constructed but the authorities expect the entire scheme to be completed by March 1940. On completion, each of the double roadways will be "one way" only, which is expected to ease the traffic problem considerably. At present, the single roadway carries two lines of traffic which results in a certain amount of congestion during rush hours.

The central "refuge path" between the two roads, will be lined with green hedges about three feet high, which will cut off the glare from the lights of cars proceeding in the opposite direction. The question of growing big trees along the drive for purposes of shade, has not been decided but it is believed that the authorities will consider the question since it would enhance the beauty of the Drive.

There is to be a change in the material to be used in the construction of the second road. The sheet asphalt with which the first road was constructed will be substituted by concrete, which will also be employed when the Drive is subsequently extended south of Churchgate.

Almost all the plots of ground fronting the Marine Drive have been sold and modern buildings are being rapidly erected. With the attraction of a fine roadway and a magnificent view, it is anticipated that this section of Bombay will soon be one of the most sought after for residential purposes.

BELGAUM MOTOR-OWNERS' GRIEVANCES

Union Secretary Sees Ministers Regarding Numerous Taxes

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, Sept. 1.

Apprehending that Belgaum Motor-Owners are still in danger of being taxed by the State Authorities, the Secretary of the Union, Mr. B. M. Gogate, placed the grievances of the Motor-Owners before the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher yesterday. He also saw Hon. Mr. A. B. Latthe (an ex-President of the Union) and Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi and acquainted them with recent happenings. The Ministers gave a patient hearing and promised to look into the matter. Mr. K. G. Gokhale, M.L.A. (the ex-Secretary of the Motor Union) was also present at the time of the interview.

The complaint of the Motor-Owners is that they are required to pay Motor Vehicles Tax to the various States when passing through their jurisdictions. A bus that runs from Athni to Nipani, (both places in Belgaum District) a distance of 60 miles, has to pass through five State limits. Each State is recovering its Road Tax as Toll and the Bus-Owner has to pay about Rs. 1,500 as M. V. Tax plus Rs. 425 as Bombay M. V. Tax. To add to these hardships various municipalities are levying and recovering their wheel Taxes.

All these complaints were placed before the ministers. The only solution to this complicated problem appears to be that there ought to be reciprocal agreements between the Bombay Government and the States and there should be only one Tax throughout the Bombay Presidency.

HUBLI CITIZENS WAIT ON MINISTER PATIL

Urge Govt. Not To Supersede Hubli Municipality

POONA, Aug. 31.

Eleven citizens of Hubli led by Mr. S. J. Billimoria, an Advocate, waited on Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Local Self-Government, this evening, in a deputation and represented to the Minister that the present agitation for the supersession of the Hubli Municipality was unjustified and got up by interested parties.

The deputationists declared that no case had been made for supersession and stated that the present Hubli Municipality carried on the administration as efficiently as in other municipalities. They added that if the present Board was not popular and inefficient, as was alleged, it was within the power of the voters to drive out the present members at the next elections, which were to be held very shortly. The deputation prayed the Government that in view of the ensuing elections, supersession of the Municipality should not be ordered.

The Minister assured the deputation that no action would be taken until full enquiries had been made and a report was received from the Collector and the Commissioner, and an opportunity given to the present Municipal Board to submit an explanation.—A. P.

SAMPURNANAND AT TATA SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Sjt. Sampurnanand, Education Minister of the U. P., yesterday visited the Sir Dorabji Tata School of Social Work and had a talk with the students on the need of trained social workers.

He emphasized the importance of such an institution even though not affiliated to a university and hoped that it would serve as a nucleus for co-ordinating and organizing the training in this field. As the students were interested in adult education and rural reconstruction, Syt. Sampurnanand gave some details of the schemes to be adopted by the U. P. Government and mentioned the unlimited scope for social welfare work in his province."

INQUIRY INTO XB ENGINES

Committee Arrives In Bombay

The Chairman and members of the Pacific Locomotive Committee, composed of railway experts appointed by the Government of India to inquire into the design of purchase and continued purchase of XB engines, arrived in the city from London by the s.s. "Rajputana" yesterday afternoon.

The personnel of the Committee is this: Lt.-Col. A. H. N. Mount, Chairman. Mr. Raymond Cartmael, Mr. W. A. Stanier, Mons. M. Leguille, and Mr. E. S. Cox.

VILE PARLE CHHAVANI DISPUTE

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Aug. 31.

A dispute has arisen over the action of the Trustees of the Vile Parle Congress Chavani in renting out the Chavani building to the Golden Tobacco Company for their Cigarette Factory.

It will be recalled that Mr. Jivanlal Motichand had leased this building to the Congress Comittee on a nominal rent for carrying on Congress activities during the Civil Disobedience days.

After the close of the Movement, the building was used for Congress purposes. In the opinion of Mr. Jeevanlal, the action of the present Trustees in renting it out to a Cigarette Factory is not in accordance with the wishes of the donor and he therefore, desires that the said lease with the Factory should be cancelled.

B. T. College For Belgaum

I understand that the Government of Bombay have finally decided to locate their new Secondary Teachers' Training College at Belgaum in the near future. An application for affiliation has already been made to the University of Bombay by the Director of Public Instruction.

Mr. P. S. Katti, the well-known mathematician will be the first principal of the College while Mr. S. V. Kahat will be the Vice-Principal.

The Lingayat Education Society which conducts the Lingaj College at Belgaum has also applied to the University for the recognition of their College which it proposes to start also at Belgaum.

The establishment of a Teachers' Training College in Karnatak has given great satisfaction to the teachers in the six districts of Karnatak.

WEAK TENDENCY IN YARN

Market Unsettled With Narrow Business

Bombay, Aug. 31.

The important events during the week are the publication of the Loan Terms by the American Government on Saturday night and the aggravation of the political situation in Central Europe. The immediate effect of both these important events has been a further decline in price of cotton to some extent although cables from America go to show that the ultimate effect of the Loan terms is likely to be bullish. The yarn market has remained rather unsettled during the week on account of the weakness in cotton prices, adverse political situation in Europe, the continued absence of satisfactory demand from all important consuming districts and also due to a number of holidays intervening. Turnover during the week is naturally very restricted and dealers have been constantly complaining about the lack of satisfactory sales and accumulation of stocks of Indian yarns in their godowns. Export demand has also been very discouraging probably due to recent unfavourable developments in far Eastern markets. Cloth markets all over India are reported to be very quiet. Stocks of cloth have been gradually increasing not only in Bombay but also in upcountry districts and this has naturally had its repurcussions on the yarn market. On the whole the future outlook is not yet hopeful and whilst much more will depend upon the course of the cotton market in the next few weeks, tendency at the moment is weak.

ENGLISH YARNS.

There is nothing fresh to report in this class of yarns where forward business is practically impossible on account of much higher replacing costs from Manchester.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

The market continues to remain irregular and unsettled during the week. Fluctuations have been very narrow in almost all kinds of Japanese and Shanghai yarns but the tendency at the close is slightly better. As regards mercerised yarns speculative turnover has tended to increase on account of somewhat higher prices reported to have been quoted by Japanese spinners, during the latter part of the week. No forward business of importance has yet been possible as the dealers are afraid of further decline in prices from Japan probably due to the recent decline in cotton and also due to the recent adoption of the so-called "Linking System" by the Japanese Government. Some gradual improvement in spot prices was noticeable in Shanghai yarns on account of their present low and attractive prices and also due to improved offtake. Sampin have fluctuated rather heavily whereas Exchange has further improved to some extent

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS

There is no change in the official prices of the Italian Syndicate during the week. Satisfactory demand for popular deniers in Italian yarns has continued further but owing to absence of sufficient stocks sales continue to remain very limited. Reports from consuming districts are somewhat more hopeful at the moment. As regards Japanese yarns prices are gradually hardening on account of limited stocks and few arrivals. Fresh forward business with Japan is rather difficult on account of higher prices quoted by Japanese spinners. The future tendency is rather hopeful.

INDIAN YARNS

Turnover on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., has continued to remain satisfactory inspite of the holidays intervening. Recent decline and uncertainty in cotton prices has affected yarn prices rather unfavourably particularly owing to absence of satisfactory demand from consuming centres. The undertone continues to remain rather weak.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Sept 1

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES	
3 1/2 per cent pa.e.	99
4 per cent 1950/70	112,15
5 per cent 1945/55	117/14
BANKS	
Bank of Baroda	112
Bank of Hindusthan	81
Bank of India	144
Central Bank	30,4
Imperial Bank P P	1560
Imperial Bank P P	337/8
Indian Overseas Bank	44
Reserve Bank	117/4
Union Bank	4n9
TEXTILES	
Ahmd New Textiles	545
Ambica	238/4
Arun	242/8
Arvind	10/0
Bharatkhand	27n0
Bombay Dyeing	910
Buckingham and Carnatics	193
Calico	810
Central India	261/4
Century	298/2
Cotaba	163/12
Delhi Cloth and Gen Mills	352/8
Elgin	212/8
Gokak	168/2
Hukumchand	195
Indore	65/12
Jubilee	208-2
Khatau Makanji	43u
Kohinoor	285
Laxmi Cotton	485
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	110
Morarji	148/4
Mysore	98/12
Nandlal Bhandari	91
New Great	237/8
Raipur	630
Rajnagar	277/8
Saijan	97/8
Sholapur	2775
Simplex	90
Swadeshi	227/8
Vishnu	1227/8
HYDRO ELECTRICS	
Andhra Valley Ord	1467/8
Tata Hydro Ord	195
Tata Power Ord	1377/8
ELECTRICS	
Ahmedabad Electrics	183/12
Ajmer Electrics	12/12
Bombay Suburban	141/4
Bombay Tram	115/15
Surat Electrics	172/8
MISCELLANEOUS	
Air Services of India	8N
Alcock Ashdown	318/12
Associated Cements	107/4
Belapur	183/12
Bombay Burma New	176-4
Bombay Burma Old	535
Bombay Steam	225
Bombay Telephone	81/12
Br B Petrol	3/7
Burma Corporation	6/2
Dalmia Cement	9/12
Indian Bleaching	131/4
Industrial Investment Tr	42/4
Indian Radio Ord	390
Indian Radio Defd	490/10
Indian Copper	2/5
Indian Iron	33/6
Mysore Sugar	25/3
Port Canning	67
Premier Construction	69/4
Rohtas Industries	24/4
Scindia Steam	20/12
Shivrajpur	45/8
Tata Oil	31/4
Tata Steel Ordy	294/8
Tata Steel Defd	1432/8
JUTES	
Birla Jute	13
Howrah	45/13
Hukumchand	6/2
Kamarhatty	428
Kanknarrah	325
Lawrence	325
Reliance	57/8

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Liverpool, Sept. 1.

Excessive heat in Western Belt light rains in Central Belt Forecast. Entire Belt partly cloudy.

YARN EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Sept. 1.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s—			
October	101	0	0
December	102	0	0
February	103	0	0
Yarn No 10 1/2s.—			
October	112	0	0
December	113	0	0
February	114	0	0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s.—			
October	152	0	0
December	153	0	0
February	154	0	0

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay Sept. 1.

Wheat	11,820 cwts.
Linseed	4,195 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	74 cwts.
Gingellyseed	305 cwts.
Poppyseed	196 cwts.
Groundnuts	3,972 cwts.
Castorseed	193 cwts.
Rice	10,442 cwts.
Myrabollams	1,586 cwts.
Cottonseed	1,240 cwts.
Mowraseed	7 cwts.
Gram	3,195 cwts.
Joowar	1,979 cwts.
Barley	1,090 cwts.
Bajree	2,145 cwts.
Bajree	2,145 cwts.
Indian Sugar	5,855 cwts.

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 28th August	4,706
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	2,549,823
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	3,128,747
Decrease	579,594

SPA SLIMMING CURE AT HOME!

However well cut your clothes are they cannot conceal ugly bulges, thick ankles or a double chin. If a spoilt appearance was the only evil of excess fat it would be bad enough, but the health suffers too. Breathlessness, poor digestion, an overworked heart are just a few of the commoner troubles; they all indicate that the liver is sluggish and the system clogged up with waste matter and fatty acids.

Once, the oil, massage and safe remedy could be found at a Spa where the Mineral Waters contain counteracting salts. "To take the cure" was expensive. But to-day you can gain the same benefits in your own home.

In Fynnon Salt, Sodium, Potassium and Lithium, the curative elements of famous Spa waters, are combined. At infinitesimal cost you can "slim" at home. Just take a dose in water each morning before breakfast; the taste is pleasant, and thousands testify that the results are wonderful. Sold only in green and red labelled bottles in green and red cartons. From all chemists, stores and bazaars. In case of difficulty, write to: J. L. Morison, Son & Jones (India) Ltd., P.O. Box 258, Bombay. 17 6 16

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Warrior Of Life

Struggle of life is becoming more trying day by day. Conditions of modern life are sapping us of our health and vitality and robbing us of our power and means to enjoy life.

Kiran Jawani

YOUTH RAY

The product of the famous Amritdhara Pharmacy of Lahore is just the medicine required for the modern man to keep fit for the duties of modern life. It keeps the entire system in order and vitalizes all the important organs of the body.

Price Rs. 4 for Pills and Re. 1 for 24 Pills.

AMRITDHARA 6, LAHORE

Sole Agent for Bombay Presidency: CHIMAN LALL P. SHAH, Princess Street,

LATEST

Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON UNCHANGED

Consistent Speculative Buying In Linseed

DEPRESSED SENTIMENT IN WHEAT

BOMBAY, Sept. 1

NEW YORK COTTON.

As there was nothing in to-day's news to stimulate enquiry, the cotton market was quiet but steady. Reports of slightly disturbed weather and improved European tension created bet ter atmosphere.

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Linseed continued to give better showing on consistent speculative purchases with selling pressure practica lly absent. The sentiment was bullish throughout.

Local wheat market was quiet in absence of any encouraging foreign cables.

Liverpool wheat was devoid of interest with depressed sentiment.

Chicago wheat was slightly better on improved export enquiry.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1938

New York, Sept. 1.

Previous closing	8.23
To-day's opening	8.22
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	8.23
Difference	Nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1938

Liverpool, Sept. 1.

Previous closing	4.67
To-day's opening	4.64
Difference	—.03
To-day's closing	4.64
Difference	—.03

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1939 ..... Rs. 159-8

N Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Sept. 1.

The New York cotton was quiet but steady with nothing in day's news to stimulate enquiry, but easiness of the European tension created better atmosphere. Reports of slightly disturbed weather imparted some steadiness.

The trading in October commenced at 8.22 i.e. one point lower than the last close. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and scattered foreign selling but thereafter the market rallied on local and trade buying support with the rate rising to 8.25.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, Sept. 1.

The trading in Broach April/May began at Rs. 159-10 and then the price dropped a little to Rs. 159-8. Broach, after touching to Rs. 160-8, closed finally at Rs. 159-12.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 1.

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (8.32/8.31) 8.22/8.22
December (8.38/8.37) 8.27/8.27
January (8.37/8.37) unquoted.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept. 1.

American October (4.69) 4.63
American January (4.76) 4.71
Egyptian November (6.67) 6.62
Egyptian January (6.94) 6.89

COMMODITIES

LONDON MARKETS

London, Sept. 1.

TEAS

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (3-1) 3-1
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 1/4) 1-0 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-8) 1-10 1/2

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop Sept./Oct. (£19 sellers) £19 sellers.
Dunlop September (£22 1/4) £22 1/4
Lightning September (£20 3/4) £20 1/4

RUBBER

Spot (7 15/16 buyers) 8 value
Forward October December (8 paid and buyers) 8 1/16 paid and sellers.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay September October (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta September (£12 1/8 sellers) £12 1/16 sellers.
Linseed La Plata September (£11 sellers) £10 15/16 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal October (£10 3/8 sellers) £10 3/8 sellers

METALS

Tin (£192 3/4 buyers £193 sellers. Steady) £192 3/4 buyers £193 sellers. Steady.
Lead (£14 1/4 buyers £14 3/8 sellers. Steady) £14 1/16 buyers £14 1/8 sellers. barely steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£45 1/2 to £45 1/2) £45 3/4 to £46 3/4
Iron (112) 112

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 1.

Liverpool wheat market closed today at October 61 1/8

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. New York On London

New York, Sept. 1.

Previous closing	4.86
To-day's opening	4.85 11/16
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.85 3/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept. 1.

Previous closing	4.85.78
To-day's opening	4.85.81
To-day's closing	4.85.46

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Sept. 1.

Previous closing	178.31
To-day's opening	178.31
To-day's closing	178.31

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept. 1.

London Exchanges opened with sterling dollar at 4.85.81 and then improved to 4.86.12 on scattered support, but subsequently again fell to 4.85.56 on some pressure.

Franc opened at 178.31 and continued to rule very steady.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 27/32) 1-5 27/32
Paris on Bombay (13.260) 13.262
New York on Bombay (36.16) 36.13
Berlin on Bombay (0.90) 0.89 3/4
London on Milan (92.25) 92.32
London on Shanghai (0-8 1/2 nominal) 0-8 1/2 nominal.
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-8-3 102) £7-3-0 1/2
Silver (19 1/4d) 19 1/4d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (17/32) to 9/16 per cent) 17/32 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (17/32 to 9/16 per cent) 17/32 to 9/16 per cent
6 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Sept. 1.

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay tonight:—

"Speculators bought and sold. American trade bought. Market quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 1.

Spot	(19 1/4d) 19 1/4d nil
Forward	(19d) 18 15/16d—1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 1.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-3-3 1/2) £7-3-0 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 1.

SILVER

Silver ready	50	14	0
Silver Bhadarva	50	12	6
Silver Asho	50	11	6

GOLD

Gold ready	36	2	9
Gold Bhadarva	36	2	6
Gold Asho	36	2	3
Sovereign	23	9	3

WHEAT

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Sept. 1.

Liverpool wheat opened dull with October 61 3/4 and Dec. 59 5/8. The market was quiet and devoid of interest with the sentiment depressed by overseas cables and the local selling caused some fall.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Sept. 1.

Chicago wheat opened steady with Sept. at 0.62 3/8. Prices advanced on scattered buying and improved export enquiry with the rate rising further to 0.62 7/8.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotation

Bombay, Sept. 1.

Wheat September	3	14	9
Wheat January	4	1	3
Wheat May	3	2	3
Linseed September	8	15	3
Linseed May	4	12	0

3½% GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 1.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper closed finally at Rs. 99 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

Bombay, Sept. 1.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £93 1/4 Ex Div.

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Tuesday August 23	£94 1/4
Wednesday August 24	£94 1/4
Thursday August 25	£94 1/4
Friday August 26	£94 3/8
Monday August 29	£94 1/8
Tuesday August 30	£94 1/8
Wednesday August 31	£93 3/4

INDIAN LOANS

London, Sept. 1.

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£99 1/2) £99 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£94 1/8) £93 Ex Div.
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£113) £113
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1958-68 (£117) £117
4 per cent Indian 1949-69 (£107 1/2) £107 3/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£110 1/4) £110
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945-59 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£105 3/4) £105 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 5/8) £74 1/8 Ex Div.
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£104 7/8) £104 7/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£113 3/8) £113 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102 1/4) £102 1/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£110) £110 1/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept. 1.

The London Stock Exchange was dull and somewhat lower on absence of buying.

Giltedged securities came under pressure. Three and half per cent quoted at £93 i.e. fifteen shillings lower.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (13-0) 12-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (55-0) 55-7 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 4 1/2) dol 4 1/2
Elec Music Industry (12) 12-
Princhin Johnson (28-0) 28-10 1/2
Imperial Chemical (30-4 1/2) 30-4 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (62-9) 62-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£27 1/2) £27
Dunlop Rubber (26-9) 26-9
Unilever Ordinary (37-4 1/2) 37-4 1/2
Ford Motors (16-7 1/2) 17-0
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£44 3/4) £44 3/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary (101-3) 101-3
Carreas A (£7 3/8). £7 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (137-6) 137-6
P. and O. S N. Company Deferred (19-9) 19-9
Distillers (95-3) 95-10 1/2
Bredford Dye (4-0) 4-0
British Celanese (3-6) 3-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (37-6) 37-1 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (31-3) 31-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-9) 3-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (19-10 1/2) 19-10 1/2
Inter Nickels (dol 50) dol 49 1/2 Ex Div.
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (48-9) 48-9

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (36-6) 36-6
Empire of India (26-3) 26-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-6) 28-6
Gule Kelampong (23-9) 23-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-7 1/2) 29-7 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (38-1 1/2) 38-9
Burma Corporation (9-3) 9-0
Rio Tintos (£13 3/8) £13 3/8
East Rand Proprietors (51-10 1/2) 51-10 1/2
Rand Mines (£9 3/8) £9 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£17 1/8) £17 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (77-6) 78-1 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (98-9) 97-6
Sub Nigel (£11 5/8) £11 5/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (28-9) 28-9
Union Corporation (£9 1/4) £9 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (23-1 1/2) 23-9
Anglo Iranian (103-9) 102-6
Burma Oil (91-3) 90-0
Mexican Eagle (4-1 1/2) 4-4 1/2
Shell Transport (90-7 1/2) 88-9
Royal Dutch (£37 7/8) £37 7/8

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£33) £33 1/2
London Midland and Scott Ordinary (£12 3/4) £12 3/4
London North Eastern Def (£2 3/4) £2 3/4
Southern Def (£11 3/4) £11 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (128 3/4) 128 3/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£74) £74 1/4

QUIET TRADING ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Profit-taking In Gold Bullion

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Sept. 1.

On the Stock Exchange there was very quiet trading, with prices in most sections tending to be easier, though Iron and Steels and Motors displayed good resistance. Dullness in gold mines was relieved by a small volume of Continental inquiry.

A feature of the gold bullion market was that a substantial amount of profit-taking was encountered at fixing. The turnover amounted to 481 bars and the authorities had to find only about one-third thereof. Most of the gold dealt in was taken by arbitrageurs for shipment to America.

Wall Street opened steady.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Jutes Easier: Teas Dull

CALCUTTA, Sept. 1.

Jutes generally ruled easier and business was very limited. Coals revealed no special feature. Teas were dull Indian Iron and other speculative issues opened quiet, cum business was on the very limited scale. Other industrials received no special attention. Later, some improvement was noticed in Indian Iron on better advices from Bombay. Government securities were unchanged.

The following were the closing quotations.

Securities three centum Government paper 88/8 small lot three ct. loan 1951/54 102/15 small lots three and half ct. G. P. 99 four ce. loan 1943 108/11/6 five and half ct loan 1938/40 100/8 small lot five ct U.P. Bonds 1944 112/12 small lot.

Ahmadpur Katwa Rly. 93 ct. Basanti cotton 7/8.

Coals Aldih 4/10 Bokaro and Ramgur 17/12 c div. Burrakur 14/2 Deoli 8 Dhemo Main 13/4 Singaran B 1/8 West Jamuria 32/4.

Jutes Agarpara pref 121 Alliance pref 99 Anglo-India 286 Graig annas 10 Howran 45/10 India 242 small lot Kelvin 447/8 & div National 19 small lot.

Miscellaneous Burma Corpn 6/1 ex div Consolidated tin 5/7 Indian copper 2/5 Rhodesia copper 1/8 Dalmia cement ord 9/14 do defd 2/14 small odd lot do pref 88 small odd lot Reliance Firebricks 11/5 Smith Stanistret pref 70 Bengal telephone ord 19/4 Jorhat elec 10 Hukumchand steel ord 8/3 do defd 2 Indian Irons ord 33/7 Marshalls 1/13 ct Saran Eng. 5/1 steel corpn ord 8/2 Birds Birds investment pref 99 B I corpn ord 3/5 Calcutta trams ord 17/4 Rohtas industries pref 131/8 British Burma petrol 3/7 Orient paper 6/13 Titaghur paper eight ct pref 169/8 small lot Humayun proper pref 8/8 small lot do defd 1/5 Midnapore Zemindary 77 small lot Bharat 8/4 Carew and Co. New 11/4 New Savan 88 Raza 12/8 Samastipore 4/13.

Teas Hattihira 18/8 Namburnadi 6 Debentures six per cent 1916/21/56 Associated Hotel 103/8 small lots five and half ct 1938/53 Crew and Co. 1104 seven ct 1923/43 Elgin mv 111 fiive and quarter ct 1938/90 Rohtas industries 100/12.—A.P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Sept. 1.

To-day's closing quotations.			
Sind cotton Jan.	14	9	6
Punjab Jan.	12	13	6
Desi American Jan.	17	11	9
Tone steady.			
Wheat Sept.	19	15	6
Wheat Oct.	20	4	3
Wheat Nov.	20	9	3
Wheat July	22	5	3
Tone quiet.			
Gram Sept.	25	1	0
Gram October	25	5	0
Gram July	21	7	0
Toria Sept.	33	5	3
Toria Nov.	33	13	0
Toria Feb.	31	12	0
Cottonseed Sept.	15	13	0
Cottonseed Jan.	15	8	6

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug 31

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent ... £72 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948 ... £80 1/2
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later ... £93 3/4
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 ... 113
Consols 2 1/2 per cent ... £74 7/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961 ... £101 1/2
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 ... £102 1/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90 ... £113 3/8
Victory Bonds ... £110 1/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China ... £12 5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg ... £87
National Bank of India ... £9 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation ... £8

LONDON SEEDS

London, Aug 31

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton Aug sellers ... 11-0-0
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton Aug sellers ... 12-2-6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton Unquoted.
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton Aug Sept sellers ... 11-5-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Aug Sept sellers ... 10-17-6

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Aug 31

T T London on:—	
New York	4.85.78
Paris	178.31
Berlin	12.12 1/2
Madrid	100.00
Montreal	4.86 1/4
Amsterdam	8.92 1/16
Brussels	28.78 1/2
Milan	92.27
Berne	21.29 5/8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept. 1.

U S Common New Stock (dol 58 1/4) dol 58
General Motors (dol 47 3/8) dol 46 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 33 1/2) dol 34 1/4
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on 26th August, 1938.

1. Demand Liabilities—		
(a) In India	123,93,88,000	
(b) In Burma	6,43,95,000	
2. Time Liabilities—		
(a) In India	102,42,90,000	
(b) In Burma	4,55,16,000	
3. Cash—		
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes—		
(a) In India	5,52,51,000	
(b) In Burma	2,48,000	
(ii) Burma Notes—		
(a) In India	29,000	
(b) In Burma	19,21,000	
(iii) Rupee Coin—		
(a) In India	77,67,000	
(b) In Burma	1,05,000	
(iv) Subsidiary Coin—		
(a) In India	39,74,000	
(b) In Burma	1,51,000	
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	24,35,18,000	
5. Advances—		
(a) In India	105,95,21,000	
(b) In Burma	4,71,14,000	
6. Bills discounted—		
(a) In India	2,32,28,000	
(b) In Burma	19,83,000	

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 26th Aug. 1938.

LIABILITIES.

CAPITAL:—	Rs.	Rs.
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and Subscribed — 2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders— Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,52,50,000
Fixed Deposits, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		81,18,98,000
Loans against Securities per contra		—
Acceptances for Constituents		2,99,000
Sundries		45,99,000
	Rupees	92,82,96,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—		
Government Securities	40,35,72,000	
Other Authorised Investments	97,19,000	41,32,91,000
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	7,18,84,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	20,62,08,000	
Bills Discounted & Purchased	1,62,68,000	29,43,58,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		2,99,000
Dead Stock		1,94,31,000
Sundries		44,66,000
Bullion		—
CASH:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	15,15,52,000	
Balances with other Banks	4,48,99,000	19,64,51,000
	Rupees	92,82,96,000

LONDON RUBBER

London, Aug 31

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb Sellers ... 8 1/16

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Aug 31

Fair rio coffee No. 7 quality Sellers ... 5 1/2

LINSEED OIL

London, Aug 31

Linseed oil London per cwt naked Sept paid sellers ... 21/10 1/2
Linseed oil London per cwt naked Oct Dec sellers ... 21/7 1/2

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Aug 31

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels August sellers ... 27
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels August sellers ... 27/3
Wheat South Australian parcels August sellers ... 26/6

B. E. S. T. Bus Drivers Union

Mr. M. R. Masani writes:—

On Tuesday at mid-night the bus drivers of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. met at Jinnah Hall and formed a Union for the advancement of their interests. About 125 drivers were present, and became members on the spot.

Mr. M. R. Masani was elected as President, Mr. Purshottam Trikamdas and two of the drivers Vice-Presidents, and Mr. N. T. Shroff, advocate, General Secretary and Treasurer. The remaining members of the Executive are all drivers themselves. The Committee was authorised to get the Union registered under the Indian Trade Union Act and to carry on the work of the Union.

A member of the Private Motor Drivers' Union conveyed the greetings of the Chauffeurs of Bombay to the Union.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Sept. 1.

B I S N s.s. Warfield of 3805 reg tons Capt H Taylor arrived from Middlesbrough with general cargo

F F Campbell s.s. Levernbank of 3110 reg tons Capt H A Jones arrived from New York with general cargo.

P and O s.s. Rajputana of 9455 reg tons Capt N L Pope arrived from London with mail passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

O S Kaisha's s.s. Melbourne Maru of 3220 reg tons Capt S Isu sailed for Kobe with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

P and O s.s. Kidderpore of 3263 reg tons Capt Sparkes sailed for Kobe with passengers local and same bottom cargo

Lloyd Triestino s.s. Carignano of 3497 reg tons Capt A Condelari sailed for Saigon with same bottom cargo

B I S N s.s. Vasna of 2026 reg tons Capt T J Murphy sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo

P and O s.s. Bangalore of 2875 reg tons Capt M G Symons sailed for London via Aden with local and same bottom cargo.

P and O s.s. Rajputana of 9455 reg tons Capt W L Pope sailed for Kobe via Colombo and China Japan Ports with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 1-9-38.

S S Varsova (MM) for Persian Gulf Ports via Karachi.

S S Naldera (MM) for Europe and American Port via Aden and London

S S Tairea (MM) for African Coast Ports via Porebunder Marmagoa.

S S Nederland (Caltex) for Bahrein

S S British Lady (A I O) for Abadan.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Sept. 1.

2 Tango Maru 4238 Karachi 2-9 N Y Kaisha
5 Bangalore 2875 U. Kingdom 2-9 M M
7 Britannia 5276 Liverpool 9-9 Anchor Line
8 Singapore Maru 4260 Karachi 2-9 M B Kaisha
9 Steel Engineer 3450 Calcutta 1-9 M M
14 XXIV Maggio 3418 Port Said 2-9 Ralli Bros.
15 Strymon 3218 Port Said 2-9 L Dreyfus

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Carignano 3497 Saigon 1-9 L Triestino
4 Vasna 2026 Busra 1-9 M M
12/13 Chyebassa 4022 Calcutta 4-9 M M

PRINCE'S DOCK

A Hashemi 298 M Coast NF S Hassum
B Jaladuta 3089 Rangoon 4-9 Scindia S N
C/R Jalayamuna 3080 Karachi 2-9 Scindia S N
F Alavi 2161 Jeddah 2-9 T Morrison
K Rahamani 3291 NF NF T Morrison
N Homefield 3228 Calcutta 3-9 M M
O Bhadravati 695 N F N F B S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Warfield 31-8-38 M M
Strathallan 6-10-38 P and O S N
Maloja 8-9-38 P and O S N
Burdwan 10-9-38 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 12-9-38 P and O S N
Ranchi 15-9-38 P and O S N
Stratheden 22-9-38 P and O S N
Strathnaver 25-9-38 P and O S N
Ranpura 29-9-38 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

Circassia 8-9-38 Anchor Line
City of Batavia 9-9-38 K Nixon
Haliyones 4-9-38 J Finlay

FROM HAMBURG

Werdenfels 9-9-38 L Edwards
Kandelfels 12-9-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Canton 7-9-38 L Edwards

FROM TRIESTE

Pavlina 9-9-38 L Triestino
Conte Verde 12-9-38 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

India 3-9-38 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Hakusan Maru 10-9-38 N Y Kaisha
Conte Rosso 13-9-38 L Triestino
Naldera 3-9-38 P and O S N
London Maru 23-9-38 O S Kaisha
Awata Maru 27-9-38 N Y Kaisya
Conte Biancamano 1-9-38 L Triestino
Tokushima Maru 30-9-38 N Y Kaisya

FROM BASRA

Bamora 8-9-38 M M
Varsova 3-9-38 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Mooltan 10-9-38 P and O S N
Strathaird 24-9-38 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Kenya 17-9-38 M M
Tairea 3-9-38 M M

FROM RANGOON

Jalaganga 2-9-38 Scindia S N
Gamaria 3-9-38 M M
Nirvana 6-9-38 M M

FROM KARACHI

Tango Maru 8-9-38 N Y Kaisha

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Bangalore 2-9-38 P and O S N
Naldera 3-9-38 P and O S N
Mooltan 10-9-38 P and O S N
Hakusan Maru 11-9-38 N Y Kaisya
Viceroy of India 17-9-38 P and O S N
Warfield 28-9-38 M M
Strathaird 24-9-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 9-9-38 Anchor Line
City of Benares 2-9-38 K Nixon

FOR HAMBURG

Wartenfels 12-9-38 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Levernbank NF F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 13-9-38 L Triestino

FOR SAIGON

Carignano 4-9-48 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Conte Biancamano 1-9-38 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Tango Maru 14-9-38 N Y Kaisha
Conte Verde 12-9-38 L Triestino
Ranchi 15-9-38 P and O S N
Awata Maru 29-9-38 N Y Kaisya
Melbourne Maru 31-8-38 O S Kaisha
Ranpura 29-9-38 P and O S N
Burdwan 13-9-38 P and O S N

FOR SYDNEY

Maloja 8-9-38 P and O S N
Stratheden 22-9-38 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Bankura 8-9-38 M M
Varsova 9-9-38 M M

FOR DURBAN

Kenya 28-9-38 M M
Tairea 14-9-38 M M

FOR PORT SAID

Straymon 2-9-38 L Dreyfus

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 2-9-38 T Morrison

FOR RANGOON

Jaladuta 3-9-38 Scindia S N

FOR CALCUTTA

Chyebassa 3-9-38 M M
India 4-9-38 L Triestino
Homefield 3-9-38 M M

FOR KARACHI

Tango Maru 2-9-38 N Y Kaisha
Werdenfels 12-9-38 L Edwards
Vita 17-9-38 M M
Jalayamuna 2-9-38 Scindia S N

B.P.T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Britannia 29-8-38
S S President Adams 29-8-38
S S Jalayamuna 30-8-38
S S Victoria (boats) 30-8-38
S S Parvati 30-8-38
S S Melbourne Maru 30-8-38
S S Homefield 31-8-38
S S Irrawadi 31-8-38
S S Kalavati 31-8-38
S S Hashemi 31-8-38
S S Carignano 31-8-38

EXPORTS

Bombay, Sept. 1.

S S Naldera for London: 15 bales cow hides tanned Ralli Bros; 10 cases chrome box sides tanned D Abraham; 7 bales lamb skins withfur Cox and King (Agents).

For Malta: 6 bales cotton grey piece goods A Virji.

S S Bangalore for London: 1000 bags lentils S M Rajgor; 500 bags tenna grees seed S M Rajgor.

For Alexandretta: 31 bales cotton grey yarn A El Ejel

For Tripoli: 21 bales cotton grey yarn A El Ejel.

For Beyrouth: 40 bales cotton grey yarn A El Ejel

S S Britannia for Liverpool: 640 bags gr nut cake K Devchand; 1000 bags gr nut cake R Ratilal; 1210 bags gr nut cake The Swastik Oil Mills.

For Manchester: 142 bales cotton waste clean M Chandulal; 15 bales cotton waste clean P D Vora; 75 bales raw cottor V Ladha; 75 dms caster oil The Swastik Oil Mills.

For Glasgow: 700 bags gr nut oil cake M Bhuta; 104 dms gr nut oil The Swastik Oil Mills.

IMPORTS

S S Comorin Agent M Mackenzie from London: 39 cases cigarettes; 233 cases whisky; 58 bales bacon; 32 bdls emulsion; 150 rolls roofing felt; 40 cases gin; 28 bdls cable.

From Marseilles: 39 cases radio apparatus with ace; 25 cases olive oil; 229 bags almonds in shell; 100 cases mineral water; 121 tin chemical products.

From Basle: 98 brls aniline colour.

From Zunch: 24 cases art silk embd cloth.

S S Garmula Agent M Mackenzie from Colombo: 2500 bags copra.

From Calcutta: 790 bags betel nuts; 573 bales h cloth; 69 bales cotton; 1140 bags rice; 358 bales gunny bags; 75 bales b twills; 3966 pcs c i fittings; 584 coil yellow rope; 689 coils manila rope; 400 dms red lead dry; 72 pcs white metal ingots; 50 bdls steel tubes; 7510 chests tea; 380 kgs lubg grease 920 cul pcs pipes; 100 bags cloves sticks; 2625 pcs c i pipes; 50 stl brls bitter bloomless oil; 78 pcs axles; 55 case aniline dye; 44 cases printed tinned sheets; 90 cases toilet soap; 118 drums empty; 87 dms paint; 132 cases hardware; 61 cases medicines.

AJMER FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

AJMER, Sept. 1.

The Cawnpore Edward Club beat the Khazana Union by 2 goals, in the Ajmer Football Tournament, on Thursday.

The losers were handicapped by the absence of Sandy, their full back, and many other eleventh hour changes.

HUNGER-STRIKER IN JAIL "SINKING"

Sholapur Telegram To Khedgikar

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Sept. 1.

A telegram from Sholapur received by Mr. Khedgikar, M.L.A., to-day states that Channusingh, Kalyansingh, political prisoner, who is hunger-striking in Sholapur sub-jail for the last six days is "sinking".

The telegram further states that Channusingh is having bad stomach-ache, blood discharge and had several motions. Channusingh has been removed to hospital.

"Chitral Safe"

The P. and O. Company, London, announce that "Chitral" has not been damaged and will not be delayed in any way.—Reuter.

LONDON, July 31.—It was at one time expected that Lord Halifax would return to Yorkshire to-day, but the Foreign Secretary is remaining in London overnight.

Moderate Hedge Selling On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

TRADERS AWAIT EUROPEAN POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS

Bearish Private U. S. Cotton Crop Estimate

BOMBAY, Sept. 1.

The Journal of Commerce estimate American Cotton Crop 12,189,000 Bales and condition 65.8 per cent. of normal. Last month their estimate was 118.000,000 Bales.

The New York Cotton Market was distinctly lacking an incentive with traders holding off under the foreign political situation and prior to the issuance of private crop estimates.

The New York cotton market opened steady but was quiet apart from early buying and trade fixing on Wednesday. Prices declined on crop estimate, moderate hedging and local selling with the offtake poor.

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT

"With temperatures abnormally high, precipitation was mostly light except in Alabama. Cotton is opening fast generally and picking and ginning are progressing favourably. Apart from deterioration in parts of Texas, Oklahoma and Arkansas where conditions were too dry and some premature opening is reported. Condition in north Georgia and South Carolina is largely satisfactory."

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened at about the highest level of the day at a decline of 3 points with October 8.31 and in the absence of any important buying prices gradually declined to 8-23 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 11 to 9 points. Spot cotton prices declined 11 points at 8.35c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also easy on increased selling and closed at a decline of 10 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 10 points at 8-27c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 3 points with October 4.68. There was local buying on firmness of New York and strength of dollar which offset effect of bearish crop estimate. There was October liquidation and hedge selling. Hedging met local covering and trade calling but the market was hesitant pending European developments. The market closed at a rise of 2 to 4 points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 6 points at 4.97d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

There was scattered buying in Egyptian cotton which improved Giza futures 2 to 3 points and Uppers advanced 4 points. The Alexandria cotton market was irregular and sakels closed 1 to 5 points down while Ashmouni futures advanced 12 to 5 points.

A. A. ACT

Messrs. E. S. Schwabach and Co. state:—

"The second chapter of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 has been presented to the trade to-day. The 1939 farm programme has been announced with respect to what the Government calls "the general soil-depleting crop goal." The announcement says that in view of the current supply of cotton, the acreage allotment for the year 1939 will approximate the 27,500,000 acres allotted for 1938.

This is a very important announcement for it forecasts almost a year ahead what the next acreage will be. Considering that we are in the midst of a new era in yields per acre, this forecast must be regarded in the light of the last Government estimate which by no means indicated a small crop, but pointed to a total of 12,000,000 bales. For one thing, it must be admitted at the very outset that this indication dispells any idea of an economy of scarcity, but shows that the Government is striving to regulate agriculture and particularly cotton within the bounds of the ever-normal granary provisions of the Act.

LOAN EFFECTS

Where do we go from here? That is the question. It is quite possible that as a result of the circumstances which we have already treated at length in former letters connected with the loan on the present crop that the Government will be obliged to absorb two or three million bales, even though conceivably, a proportion thereof might have to be repossessed later on. This would mean that the Government might have 10,000,000 bales under its control before the next Congress convenes in January. Therefore the announcement of the 1939 farm programme must be examined in the light of these circumstances and even though the 1939 acreage of 27,500,000 acres might not appear excessive as such—the other circumstances, namely, the huge carryover which on the basis of present consumption would remain unchanged or altered but little, and the huge Government holdings, the total of which has been forecast at 10,000,000 bales,—are factors which counterbalance the effect of the 1939 acreage.

NORMAL YIELD

The announcement also states that the probable rates of payments on the 1939 allotments to farms participating in the A.A.A. programmes will approximately be 1.8 to 2c per pound plus the price-adjustment payment of 1.8 to 2c per pound, making a total of 3.6 to 4c per pound "on the farm's normal yield per acre of cotton for each acre in the cotton allotment". Last year the loan was tied in with the 3c adjustment payment and in order to collect the farmer was required to sell 65 per cent of his base production. From the foregoing announcement it will be seen that this is not the case this year, but that the 3.6 to 4c per pound will be paid on each acre in the cotton allotment.

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Eastern: Fair, little change in temperatures.

Central: Partly cloudy to unsettled.

Western: Generally fair, continued warm.

FORECAST.

Eastern: Scattered thundershowers.

Central: Local thunder showers. Tennesse fair, little change in temperatures.

Western: Generally fair, continued warm, possible thunder showers Texas mostly cloudy.

This is an important alteration and will have a decided effect upon the "basis". Last year the farmer naturally sold a goodly portion of his crop, whereas this year he will not be obliged to do so in order to be eligible for the price adjustment payment. The market has been holding fairly steady since our last report and the general attitude has been to "wait and see". The details of the new loan should be made available within the next few days and it is hoped that when this uncertainty is out of the way a clearer picture will unfold itself, enabling the trade to make plans for the Fall months."

PRIVATE CABLES

New York October highest 8.32—02 (10 a.m.)

New York October lowest 8.23—11 (2.57 p.m.)

Liverpool October highest 4.69+04.

Liverpool lowest 4.66+01.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following Cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

LIVERPOOL:

Cotton:—Immediate future depends great measure political developments if this improves would not follow present advance but recommend purchases around loan levels.

Wheat:—Too cheap warrant sales but for long view consider reasonable purchases.

Metals:—Would confine purchases recessions.

Rubber:—Development American buying encouraging.

Weakness Sterling and European uncertainty caused short covering and American straddle buying crop prospects generally favourable but floods Nile causing anxiety upper Egypt.

Wheat:—Large world crops appear bearish prices.

NEW YORK:

Market entering period of uncertainty and restricted business pending next Government report which expected to be unchanged if market should decline think it will be a purchase general business is improving.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd., have received to-day the following Cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Market declined on favourable weather and better crop news. Operators awaiting developments European political situation.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from their Foreign Friends

New York:—"Local selling influenced by New York journal of commerce estimate and weekly weather report favourable. To-day's buying mostly for trade."

"U. S Government weekly weather favourable central belt but deterioration Oklahoma texas. Market affected unfavourably by private estimate yield 12,189,000 bales."

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug 31

October	8.23—11
December	8.30—11
January	8.29—11
March	8.29—10
May	8.28—09
July	8.25—10
Middling Spot	8.35

NEW ORLEAN SCOTTON

New York, Aug 31

October	8.32—10
December	8.39—10
January	8.39—10
Middling Spot	8.27—10

NEW YORK

New York, Aug 31

11-00 A. M. RANGES—

October	8.28 to 8.28
December	8.35 to 8.35
January	8.35 to 8.35

NOON CALL—

October	8.27
December	8.35

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Aug 31

Day's receipts to U S Ports	23,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	1,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	6,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept 1

Following a decline of 11 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 159/8 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 159/4 on scattered selling. Later on it was rumoured that Suez Canal is closed and freights were raised which induced buying and prices advanced to Rs. 160/6 when realising appeared and prices eased off to Rs. 160. The market was unsettled.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of 3 points against expected decrease of 2 points. The local market was quiet with Broach A/M quoted at Rs. 159/12. Later on the market ruled steady and closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	160 0 0
Oomra D/J	142 6 0
Bengal D/J	119 10 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Sept. 1.

M. G.—	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
Broach No. 2	151	149	147	145
Punjab-Ame.	173	170	167	164
Surat	202	199	196	193
Rajpipla	196	193	190	187
Navsari	208	205	202	199

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bengal Superfine	124/23
Bengal Fine	121/22
Bengal F.G.	117/19
C. P. 1	146/47
C. P. 2	142/43
Arvi	143/44
Amraoti	140/41
Ellichpur	142/44
Berar	141/43
Khandesh	134/38
Jalna/Saila	136/40
Burwah/Sanavad	141/43
Khandwa	141/44
Harda/Khirkiya	141/43
Mathia	125/30
Malkapur	138/40
Broach	147/49
Punjab 4F.	171/74
Punjab 289F.	191/94
Sindh N.T.	179/81
Kampala	269
Jinja	259
Navsari	207/09

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Sept. 1.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year	Last year.
Khandesh		53,986	206,505
Central India	152	53,231	338,845
Barsi and Nagar		150,436	174,497
Hyderabad-Gaorani		40,380	101,682
Berar	290	335,987	579,602
Central Provinces		87,123	114,551
Total Oomras	442	721,143	1,515,682
Dholera	711	160,279	183,099
N.-W. Provinces		3,112	10,399
Rajputana		16,929	97,443
Sind-Punjab	734	528,924	354,809
Broach	82	267,780	343,200
Coompta and Dharwar		86,276	74,887
Westerns-Northerns	105	30,522	40,743
Cocoanada		23	155
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	125	9,639	22,333
American	227	178,188	20,546
Egyptian, African and Sudan	229	549,123	465,773
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		1,240	260
Total	3,355	2,553,178	3,129,329

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 25th Aug.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year	Last year.
Europe	230	347,790	493,042
Japan and China	550	763,740	1,586,663
Coast Ports	100	63,346	42,767
Up-country by Rail		390,590	324,893
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		21,131	1,180
Total	880	1,586,597	2,448,545

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Aug 31

GIZA—	
Spot	7.42+2
October	6.67+2
November	6.67+2
January	6.94+3
March	7.02+3
May	7.01+3
UPPERS—	
Spot	6.14+5
October	5.94+4
November	5.94+4
January	5.94+4
March	597.+4
May	5.99+4
July	6.01+4

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales.	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 31-8-38	335000	461000
Receipts Yesterday 31-8-38	23000	30000
Exports to date 31-8-38	231000	184000
Stock at Ports 26-8-38	2415000	1238000
Stock at Interior Towns 26-8-38	1919000	787000
Stock at Liverpool 26-8-38	1157000	752000
Visible Supply 26-8-38	5559000	2889000
Quantity in sight 26-8-38	488000	444000
Quantity out of sight 26-8-38	508000	426000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Aug 31

September	4.65+02
October	4.67+02
November	4.70+03
December	4.72+03
January	4.75+04
February	4.76+04
March	4.78+04
April	4.79+04
May	4.81+04
June	4.81+04
July	4.82+04
August	4.81+04
September	4.80
Middling Spot	4.87+06
October	10-12 a.m. quotations 4.67
January	4.74

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Sept. 1.

Yesterday gold prices advanced 4¼d. to £7-3-3¼. London-Paris Exchange rate was unchanged at 178.3⅜ Dollar-Sterling cross rate was 4.86. London Silver prices declined 1/8d. to 19-1/4d. Speculators re-sold. Poor support. Small American trade buying appeared at the decline. New York Silver was unchanged at 42-3/4 cents and Montreal Silver futures advanced 5 points. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 0.8 3/8. The local market was quiet with a restricted turnover in Silver while Gold was quiet.

GOLD

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	36	3	0
Bhadarwa delivery	36	3	0
Bhadarwa Teji Mandi	0	3	0
Ashwin delivery	36	2	9
Ashwin Teji Mandi	0	5	6

SILVER

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	50	15	0
Bhadarwa delivery	50	14	0
Bhadarwa Teji Mandi	0	9	0
Ashwin delivery	50	12	0
Ashwin Teji Mandi	1	0	0

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug 31

Spot	19 1/4
Forward	19

LONDON GOLD

London, Aug 31

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-3-3 1/2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Aug 31

September	42.30+05
December	41.75—10

New York Silver

New York, Aug 31

Spot	42 3/4 cents

LONDON METALS

London, Aug 31

Copper	£40 11 3
Lead	£14 7 6
Spelter	£13 10 0
Tin	£193 15 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Sept. 1.

London Market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	40/7/6
Standard copper 3 months ...	£40/12/6
Electrolytic copper	£46/10/0
Bombay Market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 37/8
Copper sheets	Rs. 45/0
Tone:—Steady.	

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Aug. 31.

September	£10-7-6.
October	£10-7-6.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Sept. 1.

Groundnuts Feb.—			
Opening	27	12	0
Highest	27	14	0
Lowest	27	4	0
Closing	27	4	9
Cottonseeds Sept.—			
Opening	18	2	6
Highest	18	11	0
Lowest	18	2	6
Closing	18	10	6
Cottonseeds Jan—			
Opening	18	12	0
Highest	18	14	6
Lowest	18	11	6
Closing	18	13	6
Castorseeds Sept.—			
Opening	28	8	0
Highest	28	13	0
Lowest	28	5	0
Closing	28	11	0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	27	15	0
Highest	28	2	6
Lowest	27	15	0
Closing	28	2	0

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Aug. 31.

October	59 7/8d.
December	59 5/8d.
March	57 3/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Aug. 31.

September	dol 0,63
December	dol 0.64 7/8
May	dol 0.67

London Sugar

London, Aug 31

December	sh. 5 5 1/2d

New York Sugar

New York, Aug. 31.

September	1.98.
March	2.05.
May	2.09.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Sept. 1.

Ready. Javas Rs. 15-4.
Shipment Sept. Rs. 5-6-0.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 5-7.
Shipment Jan.-March Rs. 5-9-6.
Kesar Rs. 13-9.
Saraya Rs. 13-3.
Java Spot F5.95.

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: October 118 December 121 January 128 March 134 May 141 July 146 at cross rate 4.86

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1939 159 Liverpool May 1939 4.79 Rs. 49 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1939 159 New York May 8.28 Rs. 30 1/2 at cross rate 4.86.

LONDON SPELTER

London, Aug 31

Spelter Hard (Indian Brand) f o b	13 to 14 1/2

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept 1

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Cash)	99/1
2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan	100/8
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	102/12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	103/4
3 per cent 1963/65	98/5
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/8
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	108/10
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	112/13
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	119/8
3 per cent U.P. Bonds	97/8
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	103/4
5 per cent 1940/42 Loan	106/11
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	100/8

TAX FREES.

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	117/14
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	112/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	101/2

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent 1974 B P T	111
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	110
5 per cent 1959 M Deb	119
6 per cent 1954 M Deb	131/8
Tone: Steady.	

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Sept 1

B C RATES—

T T D D 1/5 3/4

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 13/16
Bank's buying T T 1/5 27/32
Bank's buying D D 1/5 7/8 Near
Bank's buying 3 months 1/5 15/16 to Nov. 1/5 31/32 Dec/March

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 278 1/4
Bank's buying T T 275 3/4

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 1,312
Bank's buying T T 1,337

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 79
Bank's buying T T 78
Bank's buying 60 days 76 7/8

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 65 7/8

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 65 3/4

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 85 5/8

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 49 1/4

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 157 1/2

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D 89

CROSS RATE—

New York London 4.85.31 31st ultimo
Japan London 1/2 1/64 1st instant
Hongkong London 1/3 1st instant
Shanghai London 0/8 3/8 1st instant
Java London 8.91 1/6 1st instant
London Paris 178.31 31st ultimo
London Belgium 28.78 1/2 31st ultimo
London Switzerland 21.29 5/8 31st ultimo
London Berlin 12.12 1/2 31st ultimo
London Stockholm 19.39 5/8 31st ultimo
London New York 4.85.78 31st ultimo
London Amsterdam 8.92 1/16 31st ultimo
London Italy 92.27 31st ultimo
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.
Gold £7-2-11 30th ultimo
Gold £7-3-3 1/2 31st ultimo
Silver London ready 19 3/8 30th ultimo
Silver London ready 19 1/4 31st ultimo
Silver London Forward 19 1/8 30th ultimo
Silver London Forward 19 31st ultimo
Silver New York Ready 43 30th ultimo
Silver New York Ready 43 31st ultimo
London discounts 3 months 17/32 per cent 30th ultimo
London discounts 3 months 17/32 per cent 31st ultimo
London discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 30th ultimo
London discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 31st ultimo
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—

Call 1/4 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Aug 31

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	80 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	93 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	103 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	107 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	113
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	117
5 per cent 1942/47	110
3 per cent 1949/52	99 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	74 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War loan	102 1/4
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	40/3 steady

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Aug 31

Broach A/M 1939 opening 161 1/4 highest 161 1/2 lowest 160 1/4 closing 160 1/4

Oomra D/J opening 143 1/4 highest 143 1/4 lowest 142 1/2 closing 142 1/2

Bengal D/J opening 121 highest 121 lowest 120 5/8 closing 120 5/8

Tejimandi for Broach April May 1939 (21-9-38) Rs. 6

Tejimandi for Broach April May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 17

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Sept 1

September	199.00
November	197.70—100
December	196.70—100
January	197.10
March	197.90

Alexandria Cottton

Anlexandria, Aug 31

SAKELS—	
November	13.44—1
January	13.50—5
March	13.66—1
ASHMOUNI—	
October	10.31+12
December	10.31+8
GIZA—	
November	12.85+4
January	12.80+3
March	12.88+4

Pay In—Sept. 12 Pay Out—Sept. 14

Smart Rise In Steel Shares

PROFESSIONAL BUYING AND ACTIVE COVERING

Unfounded Political Rumours

BOMBAY, Sept. 1.

The local Stock Exchange ruled firm with active buying in Steel shares on unfounded war rumours.

Yesterday the Wall Street Market was narrow awaiting European political developments and U. S. Steel shares closed unchanged.

The general feeling in the local market continues and there was active buying in Steel Shares. At the start there was impressive bidding for ordinary shares and later on Tata Steel Dfds. joined the upward move and both these popular shares reached new high levels.

Cotton mill shares were reluctant to follow the rise and fears of cutting down of cement prices influenced offerings of Associated Cements.

The market was influenced by unfounded rumours of new developments in Suez Canal and although these rumours were not believed there was some short covering which helped the rise.

At present most of the activity is centered in Tata Steel and Bombay Dyeing shares. Other shares on the forward list are moving in sympathy with a restricted turnover.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 900 and after declining to Rs. 895 advanced to Rs. 909. Century shares opened at Rs. 291 and rose to Rs. 299. Central India shares opened at Rs. 253 and closed at Rs. 262. Kohinoors advanced to Rs. 286 and Simplex shares closed at Rs. 90|8.

Associated Cement shares opened at Rs. 108'8 and declined to Rs. 107|8 while Hydro-Electric shares fluctuated within a narrow range. Andhras changed hands at Rs. 1470 and Hydros were done at Rs. 155. Tata Powers opened at Rs. 1,380 and after advancing to Rs. 1,385 and declining to Rs. 1,375 closed at Rs. 1,380.

Tata Dfds. opened at Rs. 1,372 and declined to Rs. 1,367 which was the lowest level. Later on there was active buying and prices steadily advanced to Rs. 1,435 and closed at Rs. 1,430. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 285 and advanced to Rs. 295.

Bellapur shares opened at Rs. 181 and improved to Rs. 185, while Bombay Burma shares opened at Rs. 530 and closed at Rs. 536. Government Securities were steady with a restricted turnover and there was no change in quotations.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, Sept. 1.

100	Ahmd. Advance	385 0
250	BOM. DYEING	909 0
100	CENTURY	299 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	262 8
100	COLABA	168 8
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	75 0
250	Dawn	330 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0-6-0
100	Finlay	125 0
100	GOKAK	168 8
1,000	Hindustan	1,700 0
100	Indore	64 0
100	Khatau	130 0
100	KOHINOOR	286 0
250	Laxmi	485 0
250	Madras United	35 0
1,000	Morarji	146 8
250	Model	45 8
50	MYSORE	100 0
200	NEW GREAT	240 0
100	Oosmanshahi	38 0
100	PHOENIX	220 0
25	Sassoon Silk	76 4
1,000	Sholapur	2,850 0
50	SIMPLEX	90 8
100	SWADESHI	228 0
100	Swan	107 8
500	Vishnu	1.227 8
1,000	Western	905 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	112 0
25-50	Central	30 4
500	Imperial	1.552 8
125-500	Im. Contry.	386 4
50-100	India	144 0
100	Reserve Bak	117 0
5	Union	5 9 0

CEMENTS.

100	Associated	107 8

INSURANCE.

100-500	Empire	711 4
15-100	Jupiter	13 8
20	Mercantile	54 0
15--70	New India	40 8
200	Oriental	4.510 0
10-50	Vulcan	7 2 0

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahm. Old	133 12
1,000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1,470 0
10	Ajmer	12 12
10	Amalgmd.	13 0
50	BOM TRAM.	118 0
100	Bombay Suburban	141 4
10	Broach	10 8
100	Karachi	185 0
100	Poona	166 4
100	Surat	172 8
100	TATA HYDRO	155 0
1,000	TATA POWER	1,380 0

RAILWAYS.

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	967 8
100	C. Province	100 0
100	Dh. Baramati	104 4
100	Gujarat	97 4
100	Mandra Bhon	99 8
100	Pachora Jamner	96 4
100	Sara Serajgunj	100 12
500	Tapti Valley	743 12

MINING.

9	Burma Corp.	6 2
2sh	Indian Copper	2 6
10	Indian Iron and Steel	33 6
10	SHIVRAJPUR	45 8
30	TATA STEEL DEFD.	1,430 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	295 0

MISCELLANEOUS.

100	ALCOCK	320 0
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	185 0
200-250	Bombay Safe Dep	850 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	226 0
125	B. BURMA	536 0
50	Burma conty.	177 8
8sh	Br. B. Petrol	3 7
50	TELEPHONE	82 0
100	I. BLEACHING	132 0
50	I. Invest Trust	42 0
100	I. Radio Defd.	430 0
100	I. Radio Ord.	390 0
100	Port Canning	69 0
30	Premier Con.	69 8
15	Scindia	20 12

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Sept 1

Bombay Dyeing (900) 900 895 901 905 912 910 909

Century (291) 291 292 291 298 299

Central India (252) 253 252 256 258 260 264 262

Kohinoor (284) 282 283 286

New Great (234) 234 238 240

Simplex (89) 89 90 90|8

Swadeshi (223) 223 224 228 227 230 235

Associated Cement (108|8) 108|8 107|8 108 107|8

Andhra (1470) 1470

Tata Hydro (155) 155

Tata Power (1375) 1380 1385 1375 1380

Tram Ord (118) 117|8 116

T Steel Defd (1375) 1372 1367 1380 1375 1400 1397 1412 1410 1425 1417 1435 1430

T Steel Ord (286) 285 288 287 290 289 293 292 295 293 295

Tata Steel 2nd pref (162/8) 162|8

Bellapur (181) 181 182 184 185

B Steam (224) 225 226

B Burma (528) 530 533 536

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Aug 31.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Electric Power and Light 7 p.c. Pfd	47
Electric Bond Common	7
United Gas Corporation	4
Int Tel and Tel	8
American Tel and Tel	142 1/4
Sun Life of Canada	490
Western Union Telg	28 3/4
Chesapeake and Ohio	30
New York Central	18
Southern Pacific	18
Union Pacific	89
Texas Corporation	43
Union Carbide	81
United Power and Light	3
United States Steel	58
Bethlehem Steel	57
Crucible Steel	39
Crucible Steel 7 per cent Pfd	83
Ludlum Steel	18
Republic Steel	18
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	7
United S Smelting	54
Anaconda Copper Mining	33 1/2
Int Nickel of Canada	48
Chrysler Motors	72
General Motors	47
General Electric	41 1/2
Radio Corporation	7
Barnsdall Oil	17
Consolidated Oil	9 1/8
Socony Oil	13 3/4
St Oil of N J Oil	52
Chase Bank	30
National City Bank	24 1/4
National Distillers	24

Turnover 460,000 shares. Market steady.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Sept 1

November	51.15
December	52.00

25	Tata Oil Mill (nil)	31 4

PREFERENCE.

5½	p.c. Amalgmd (T. F.)	106 0
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1,525 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	297 8
7	p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	70 4
5	p.c. Central India (T.F)	557 8
6 1/4	p.c. Prem Const. 1st.	105 8
6-1/4	p.c. Prem Const. 2nd	97 0
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	155 10
7-1|2	p.c. Tata Power	1595 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st.	206 4
7½	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	162 8
7	p.c. Vishnu	715 0

DEBENTURES.

3-3/4	p.c. Andhra Valley	102 0
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	108 12
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	54 0
7	u.c. Sholapur	18 4
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	108 12

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List).

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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SMALL SILVER BARS
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Available from
DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING CO., LTD.
AND LEADING BANKS AND JEWELLERS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1938

Are Owner-Drivers Road-Hogs

Aney Relates Story Of "Three Badmashes" In Discussion On Motor Vehicles Bill

SIMLA, September 1.

Are owner-drivers road-hogs and are they more dangerous than professional drivers?

This question arose in the course of discussion of the clauses of the motor vehicles bill, which was resumed to-day in the Assembly.

HEATED DEBATE

The question was answered with an emphatic negative and an equally emphatic affirmative, when an amendment was moved by Mr. B. N. Chaudhury for the deletion of a proviso to Sub-Clause 6 of Clause VI, laying down that, where the application for licence is by an owner-driver the licencing authority may exempt him from certain tests if he possesses a driving certificate issued by an Automobile Association recognised in this behalf by the Provincial Government.

DANGEROUS CLASS.

Mr. B. N. Chaudhury was supported by Mr. Satyamurti, who said that the proviso would tend to obstruct the movement for the abolition of "castes" among the drivers, who would be exempt from the tests, to which the ordinary run of drivers would be subject. Owner-drivers, said he, always behaved, as if they also owned the roads; they were a dangerous class.

Mr. F. E. James, Mr. K. G. Mitchell and Sir Ziauddin opposed the amendment and vigorously denied that there was any intention of perpetuating the "caste" system among motor-drivers. The object was only to simplify the work of licencing authorities. Automobile Associations had hitherto satisfactorily exercised this power of issuing certificates, Sir Ziauddin strongly refuted the suggestion that owner-drivers were dangerous.

"I hold a licence myself" said he "and whenever I see a car ahead of me, I always slow down to five miles an hour. (Laughter). The amendment was lost.

Before the House rose for lunch Clauses VII to XIV were rapidly disposed off with a few formal amendments and Clause XV was reached.

BAR ON CONGRESSMEN?

Mr. Avinashilingham Chettiar unsuccessfully attempted to modify a provision which, he said, might prevent Congressmen from obtaining a driving licence.

The provision is to the effect that if a licencing authority is satisfied that any person "is a habitual criminal or of a dangerous character" he could be disqualified from obtaining a licence for a period.

Mr. Chettiar wanted to alter it so that the provision could apply to a person who "has been convicted of an offence involving violence or moral turpitude." Mr. Chettiar said: "'We, on this side of the House, have been declared habitual offenders and dangerous characters by Magistrates, even a man like Dr. Bhagwandas, who nobody would suspect of violence, has been declared dangerous. Under this provision, any Congressmen cold be debarred from getting a licence."

Mr. N. M. Joshi (jocularly: "Why not?" (Laughter).

Mr. Aney: "Your amendment makes the provision still more dangerous."

No other member spoke on the amendment, which was put to vote and lost.

CAUSE OF STORM.

The debate on Prof. Ranga's amendment, which was the cause of the storm referred to already was brief and centred mainly on the legal interpretation of violence and moral turpitude.

Mr. A. N. Chattopadhyyaya's amendment for the addition of the words "or a habitual drunkard" after the word "habitual criminal" was agreed to.

Mr. Satyamurti's amendment for the deletion of the words "or of a dangerous character" was also accepted after some discussion and the Sub-Clause finally emerged as follows: "Is a habitual criminal or a habitual drunkard."

"THREE BADMASHES."

In the course of the debate on Mr. Satyamurti's amendment Mr. M. S. Aney said that term dangerous character" was not defined in the Bill and queer interpretations were likely to be made by the police. In this connection he related an incident, in which he and the late Mr. G. S. Khaparde with another friend were involved. They were proceeding to a conference with the usual escort of policemen shadowing them and they had the opportunity to listen to a conversation, when one set of shadowers handed over charge to another.

During this conversation it was said "there were three Badmashes" in the train (Laughter). He said the House, therefore, cannot leave it to the licensing authority or to the police to apply any interpretation that suited them as the occasion demanded.

After some other amendments had been disposed off, the whole Clause XV as amended was put to vote. The Opposition challenged a division, although several of their amendments to the Clause had been accepted. The division resulted in 55 for and 53 against the Clause.

The House adjourned till tomorrow when non-official resolutions will be taken up.—A.P.

Following are further contributions to the U.P. Flood Relief Fund:—Seth B. M. Birla, Rs. 2,500. Laxmi Insurance Company Lahore Rs. 500; Raja Sahib of Mankapur Rs. 1,000; Mr. Bhagwan Dayal of Barabanki Rs. 500.—A.P.

The Chincse Vice-Consul in Bombay reading his address at the send-off party given by him and the Chinese residents in the City to the Congress Chinese Ambulance Unit on Wednesday at the Taj Mahal Hotel.

Man's Body In Buffalo's Stomach

JAGADHRI, (By Mail)

What appears to be a novel method of concealing crime was discovered here when the body of a young man was recovered from inside the body of a buffalo, found floating in the Jumna at Tajewala.

A canal officer, seeing the dead animal, got it removed from water and on examination noticed that there were stitches on the stomach of the animal. Growing suspicious, he had it opened when a human body was found inside. The young man had cuts on the throat.

JOINT MEETING REMEDY

To Make Up Differences Between U. P. Legislatures

LUCKNOW, Aug. 31.

With the U. P. Council sticking to amendments it made to the U. P. Stamp Act Amendment Bill passed by the Assembly and throwing out the motions of the Minister of Justice to reject its amendments, which have been rejected by the Assembly, the holding of a joint session of the two Houses of the U. P. Legislature has become a certainty.

The Associated Press reliably understands that a joint session will be called in October. This session will also have to consider the Court Fee Amendment Bill, in which case too, Lobby talks indicate, the Upper House will stick to its amendments. It will be the first joint session in India since the introduction of the Provincial Autonomy.

PLEA FOR CONVENTION.

It is recalled that in the course of reconsideration, The Assembly rejected in toto the amendments made to the bills by the Council. In the Council, Dr. Katju explained that if the Bill again went back to the Assembly with further amendments, the Lower House would have the final choice of accepting or not accepting the amendments of the Council. He added that the rules did not contemplate the coming back of the Bill to the Council for the third time.

Some members expressed the opinion that a Convention should be established in the matter. The general sense of the House was against laying its own convention. Opposition members regretted that the amendments made by them were treated with scant courtesy by the Assembly and strongly objected to the air of superiority adopted by them.—A.P.

Leaders Get Threatening Letters

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, Sept. 1.

It is understood that Dr. N. B. Khare, ex-Premier, has received a threatening letter, posted at Delhi on the 20th August and signed for the S. S. Secret Society by a "Powerful Detector," to the effect that the recent activities of the Doctor are detrimental to the peace and tranquillity of the country and he should desist from his activities otherwise under the laws of his Society Dr. Khare will be punished.

It is also understood that Mahatma Gandhi and the Hon'ble Mr. Brijlal Biyani have received similar threatening letters of personal violence.

New Press Legislation For Bengal

Unauthorised Publication Of State Documents To Be Restric[illegible]

CALCUTTA, Sept. 1.

With a view to providing [illegible] unauthorised publication in the Press of State records and documents, Mr. A. K. Faziul Huq, Chief Minister, Bengal, will shortly introduce a new Press Legislation.

A Gazette Extraordinary issued this morning publishes the text of the measure which is entitled "The Bengal Official Records Bill, 1938".

The statement of objects and reasons of the Bill states that a growing tendency has been noticed, both in the Press and on the platform, to give unauthorised currency to the contents of unpublished State documents. This tendency has rendered imperative the necessity of taking Legislative measures to suppress the dissemination in the Press and on the platform of the contents of unpublished records of the Government unless after due authorisation.

Penalty for the infringement of the provisions of the Bill is proposed to be one year's rigorous imprisonment, or fine, or both. The offending newspaper may also be liable to forfeiture of security of deposit or forfeiture of the Press, if no security has been deposited with the Government.—A.P.

On the advice of Mr. Shankar Rao Deo, the peasants who came from Atpadi to Miraja to put forth their grievances before the Raja Saheb of Aundh returned to their villages yesterday morning.

Military Training In Schools And Colleges

BOMBAY GOVT. VIEWS ON RATIO REDUCTION

Question Of Introduction Under Government Consideration

(From Our Special Correspondent).

POONA, Sept. 1.

The question of putting a stop to crossword puzzles in newspapers was under consideration of the Government of Bombay said Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home Minister, in the Legislative Assembly in reply to questions by Mr. S.H. Jhabvala.

The Government were aware that a number of crossword puzzles appeared practically everyday in newspapers in Bombay. The Government had, however, not yet examined whether that crossword puzzles was a kind of illegal gambling but the Government's attention had been drawn to articles written by Mr. S. T. Iyengar Advocate of Madura on the subject of conduct of crossword puzzles in All-India Law Reporter. Question of undertaking legislation on lines suggested by him were under consideration of the Government.

"The question of introduction of military training in schools and colleges is under consideration of the Government". was the reply given by Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, to Mr. R. N. Mandalik.

The Prime Minister further stated that the Shri Shivaji Preparatory Military School in Poona was started in June in 1932 and was founded by the Shivaji Memorial Committee. The Bhonsale Military school was started in June 1937 and founded by the Central Military Education Society of Nasik. The former was recognised as an ordinary secondary school by the Education Department in 1933-34 and it was affiliated to the Bombay University in the same year. Rupees 800 were received annually as fees which included boarding charges also. No Government grant was given.

As regards the latter institution the question of its recognition was under consideration of the Education Department. Rs. 24 per month from students upto third standard Rs. 30 per month from students between third and seventh standard were charged. Fees included boarding, lodging, tuition and training.

ENGLISH COURT DECISION

Replying to Mr. S. H. Jabhvala Hon. K. M. Munshi stated that the English decision was one from King's Bench First Court in 1936. That the Court decided that crossword puzzles were lotteries. To a further question the Minister stated that Government had not come to anv conclusion as to whether crosswords were lotteries or not.

Replying to Mirza Anthar Hasan he stated that there seemed to be difference of opinion as to whether these crosswords were game of skill or of chance. Some were of the view that it was a game of skill, while others held that it was a game of chance. Government's information was that some of the papers made lakhs of rupees out of these crossword puzzles annually.

RATIO PROBLEM

That the Government of Bombay had represented to the Government of India the view that the present ratio was unjust and must be changed was the information given to the Bombay Legislative Assembly by Hon. A. B. Latthe, Finance Minister, in reply to a short notice question from Mr. Jamnadas Mehta.

The Finance Minister was not prepared to disclose the contents of the correspondence between the Government of Bombay and the Government of India as they were confidential.

Mr. Mehta asked why the Bombay Government should not make their views public, when the Madras Government had done so.

The Finance Minister stated that the communication of the Madras Government was also confidential. But the views of the Madras Government and those of the Bombay Government were the same as that of the Congress Party. The views of the Congress Party on the question were well-known and they were in consonance with the views expressed at the Conference of Prime Ministers held in Bombay in May last.

VARIOUS VIEWS

To further supplementary questions from Messrs. Jamnadas Mehta and Ali Bahadur Khan, and Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi, the Finance Minister stated that the Government held definite views that ratio should be reduced. There seemed to be several views as to what extent it should be reduced. Some wanted it to be reduced to one shilling four pence and others wanted that it should not be linked to a sovereign at all. There was also the view that the exchange ratio should depend on the prevailing market rates.

BENARES, Aug. 31. A fervent appeal to the general public to substantially contribute to the flood relief fund has been made by Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya in the course of an address to the students and staff of the Benares Hindu University at the College Hall.—United Press.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *THE CALENDAR*

WADE DISCOVERS THE CLUE OF THE CALENDAR!
IT'S A SMART TRICK---ANSON PUT THE TWO CALENDARS TOGETHER AND SCRATCHED HIS DIRECTIONS ON THE SIDE— WHEN THE CALENDARS WERE SEPARATED, THEY WERE JUST MEANINGLESS LITTLE NICKS!
IT'S JUST LIKE SCRATCHING A MESSAGE ON THE SIDE OF A PACK OF CARDS AND SHUFFLING THEM!
BUT WHAT DOES IT MEAN?---"5W5 FROM TURNPIKE-UPSTREAM GRANITE- PLUMB FROM NICK— UNDER OVERHANG"
"UPSTREAM" MUST MEAN A STREAM AND ---HERE IT IS--- A STREAM, AND IT'S JUST FIVE MILES SOUTHWEST OF THE TURNPIKE!
BUT,--WHAT ABOUT THE REST OF IT?
GET THERE FIRST--WE'LL FIGURE THE REST OUT THEN!
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LYMAN ANDERSON

BANNU RAIDS ECHO

Frontier Govt. Appoints Committees Of Inquiry And Compensation

PESHAWAR, Sept. 1.

The personnel of the committee to enquire into the recent Bannu raids has been announced today.

The committee to report on condition of affairs in Bannu district will consist of Mr. O. L. Caroe, Resident in Waziristan, as official member and Mr. Jiwanlal Kapur, Bar-at-Law, as non-official member.

The Committee to go into compensation cases will consist of the Deputy Commissioner, Bannu, Mr. R. B. Chamanlal, Mr. Mahomed Jan Khan, Bar-at-Law and Mr. Ram Singh—United Press

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